Course Title	FOURIER SERIES, TRANSFORMS, NUMERICAL AND OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES	Semester	III	
Course Code	MVJ20MCH31	CIE	50	
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::20:20:00	SEE	50	
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100	
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours	

Course Objective is to: This course will enable students to

- Comprehend and use of analytical and numerical methods in different engineering fields
- Apprehend and apply Fourier Series
- Realize and use of Fourier transforms and Z-Transforms
- Use of statistical methods in curve fitting applications
- Use of numerical methods to solve algebraic and transcendental equations, vector integration and calculus of variation

Module-1 RBT Levels: L1, L2 & L3 8 Hours

**Laplace Transforms:** Definition and Laplace transforms of Elementary functions. Laplace transforms of  $e^{at}f(t)$ ,  $t^nf(t)$  and f(t)/t, periodic functions and unit step function – problems.

**Inverse Laplace Transforms**: Inverse Laplace Transforms – Problems, Convolution theorem to find the inverse Laplace transforms and problems, solution of linear differential equations using Laplace Transforms.

**Applications**: The Laplace transform is particularly useful in solving linear ordinary differential equations.

# Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HSGgORdJAQg

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Pq-tUQzeSRw

Module-2 RBT Levels: L1, L2 & L3 8 Hours

**Fourier Series**: Periodic functions, Dirichlet's condition, Fourier Series of periodic functions with period  $2\pi$  and with arbitrary period 2c. Fourier series of even and odd functions. Half range Fourier Series, Practical harmonic Analysis.

**Applications:** The Fourier series has many such applications in harmonic analysis, vibration analysis, acoustics, optics etc.

**Video link** / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4N-IwHUCFa0

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UGuOVeoo3QE

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x04dnqg-iPw

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111106111/

# Experimental learning (Videos):

http://esg.mit.edu/videos/fourier-series-modeling-nature/

https://www.khanacademy.org/science/electrical-engineering/ee-signals/ee-fourier-series/v/ee-fourier-series-intro

Module-3 RBT Levels: L1, L2 & L3 8 Hours

#### Fourier transforms:

Infinite Fourier transform, Infinite Fourier sine and cosine transforms, Inverse Fourier transforms, Inverse Fourier sine and cosine transforms, Convolution theorem and problems.

**Applications:** Fourier Transformation (FT) has huge application in studying to study vibrations in building/structures. Any kind of spectroscopy applied in chemical engineering (CE) is based in Fourier techniques.

# Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=spUNpyF58BY

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6spPyJH6dkQ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WcNPUXfxCXA

Module-4 RBT Levels: L1, L2 & L3 8 Hours

**Numerical Methods**: Numerical solution of ordinary differential equations of first order and first degree, Taylor's series method, modified Euler's method. Runge - Kutta method of fourth order, Milne's and Adams-Bash forth predictor and corrector methods (No derivations of formulae-single step computation only.

**Applications**: Numerical Methods are used to provide 'approximate' results for the differential equation problems being dealt with and their necessity is felt when it becomes impossible or extremely difficult to solve a given problem analytically.

# Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QugqSa3Gl-w

Module-5 RBT Levels: L1, L2 & L3 8 Hours

**Numerical Methods**: Numerical solution of second order ordinary differential equations, Runge-Kutta method and Milne's method. (No derivations of formulae-single step

## computation only). Optimization Techniques:

Linear Programming, Mathematical formulation of linear programming problem (LPP), Types of solutions, Graphical Method, Simplex Method.

#### Applications:

Linear Programming is used in a variety of fields including food and agriculture, engineering, transportation problems, manufacturing and energy.

## Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v63aU0TVFkw

# CO1 Use Laplace transform and inverse transforms techniques in solving differential equations. CO2 Know the use of periodic signals and Fourier series to analyze circuits and system CO3 Demonstrate Fourier Transform as a tool for solving Integral equations. CO4 Identify appropriate numerical methods to solve ODE. CO5 Solve the mathematical formulation of linear programming problem.

Text E	Books:						
1	B.S. Grewal, "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Khanna Publishers, 43 <sup>rd</sup> Edition, 2013.						
2	S. D. Sharma, "Operations Research", Kedar Nath and Ram NathPublishers, Seventh						
	Revised Edition 2014.						
Refere	Reference Books:						
1	Ramana B. V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2006.						
2	Bali N. P. & Manish Goyal, "A text book of Engineering Mathematics", Laxmi						
	Publications, 8 <sup>th</sup> Edition						
3	Jain R. K.& Iyengar S.R.K., Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa Publishing						
3	House, 2002.						
OTT. A							

#### CIE Assessment:

CIE is based on quizzes, tests, assignments/seminars and any other form of evaluation. Generally, there will be: Three Internal Assessment (IA) tests during the semester (30 marks each), the final IA marks to be awarded will be the average of three tests

- Quizzes/mini tests (10 marks)
- Assignments (10 Marks)

#### SEE Assessment:

- i. Question paper for the SEE consists two parts i.e. Part A and Part B. Part A is compulsory and consists of objective type or short answer type questions of 1 or 2 marks each for total of 20 marks covering the whole syllabus.
- ii. Part B also covers the entire syllabus consisting of five questions having choices and may contain sub-divisions, each carrying 16 marks. Students have to answer five full questions.
- iii. One question must be set from each unit. The duration of examination is 3 hours.

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO2	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	2	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO4	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO5	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	CHEMICAL PROCESS CALCULATION	Semester	III	
Course Code	MVJ20CH32	CIE	50	
Total No. of Contact Hours	50 L : T : P :: 40 : 10 : 0	SEE	50	
No. of Contact Hours/week	5	Total	100	
Credits	4	Exam. Duration	3 Hours	

• Learn basic laws about the behavior of gases, liquids and solids.

•

**Applications**: Psychometry knowledge will help to understand refrigeration concept related to mechanical engineering. The material balance of unit operation will help in the design and simulation of those processes.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103165/

https://youtu.be/SUys-sqi0rQ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XtfBYZuA7rI

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 10 Hours

Typical steady state material balances on evaporation, absorption and leaching and problems. Steady State Material Balance with Reaction: Principles of stoichiometry, Concept of limiting and excess reactants and inert, fractional and percentage conversion, fractional yield and percentage yield, Selectivity, related problems.

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:** Demonstrate the concept of adsorption and leaching by conducting simple experiments in mass transfer lab.

Show the working of Single effect evaporator in the Heat transfer lab.

**Applications:** The material balance of unit operation and processes will help in the design and simulation of those processes. It enables them to understand the raw materials required, yield etc of a given process.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103165/

https://youtu.be/p72wC36W83Q

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102106069/

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 | 10 Hours

**Fuels and Combustion**: Ultimate and Proximate analysis of fuels, Material balances on combustion processes: Material balances based on combustion reactions, Solving problems. Material balances with and without reactions involving bypass, recycle and purging.

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning**: Experiment with reactions in simple reactor to understand the concept of limiting reactant, conversion & Excess reactant.

**Applications:** Fuel characteristics and its effectiveness in heating purposes can be applied various mechanical as well as chemical fields

Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103165/

https://youtu.be/N9du6edNgqc

https://youtu.be/WhypzrXOVXQ

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102106069/

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 10 Hours

Energy balance: Thermo physics: Energy, energy balances, heat capacity of gases, liquid and mixture solutions. Kopp's rule, latent heats, heat of fusion and heat of vaporization, Trouton's rule, latent heat of vaporization using Clausius - Clapeyron equation. Thermo chemistry: Calculation and applications of heat of reaction, combustion, formation, Kirchhoff's equation, Effect of temperature on heat of reaction. Adiabatic and non-adiabatic reactions. Theoretical and actual flame temperatures.

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:** Demonstrate working of bomb calorimeter to understand the fuel heat capacity measurement

**Applications:** Energy balance concept can be applied in any energy required processes and is basic step in chemical process design.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103165/

https://youtu.be/0H0OpEsG8ak

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102106069/

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Comprehend the basic theories in stoichiometry and perform unit conversions								
	and calculations.								
CO2	Solve material balance problems of steady state unit operations like drying,								
CO2	mixing, evaporation, distillation, humidification etc.								
CO3	Apply material balance concept to solve multistage operations like bypass,								
003	recycle and purging								
CO4	Apply the concept of material balance for process with reactions.								
CO5	Explain the concepts of thermo physics and thermo chemistry and solve steady								
005	state enthalpy balance problems								

## **Text Books:**

- Himmelblau, D. M., & Riggs, J. B. (2012). *Basic principles and calculations in chemical engineering*. FT press.
- Felder, R. M., Rousseau, R. W., & Bullard, L. G. (2020). *Elementary principles of chemical processes*. John Wiley & Sons.

#### Reference Books:

1	Bhatt, B. I., & Thakore, S. B. (2010). <i>Stoichiometry</i> . Tata McGraw-Hill Education.												
2	Hougen,	O. A.	., Wat	son, }	(. M.,	& Rag	gatz, 1	R. A.	(1962).	Che	emic	cal Pro	ocesses
Principles. Part I: Material and Energy Balances. John Wiley and Sons.													
Details													Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\Sigma$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3									2.,	CI	E _	30	
Quizze	es – 3 Nos										(50	O)	10
Mini Projects/ Case studies/Assignments – 3 Nos.											10		
Semester End Examination										SEE (50)		50	
											Total		100
CO-PC	CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO   PO1   PO2   PO3   PO4   PO5   PO6   PO7   PO8   PO9   PO									PO:	10	PO11	PO12	
CO	1 3	3	3										1
CO2	2 3	3	3								-		
CO	3 3	3	3										

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

CO4

CO5

Course Title	MOMENTUM TRANSFER	Semester	III
Course Code	MVJ20CH33	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P:: 20:20:00	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Understand concepts on nature of fluids, type of fluid flow and boundary layer relations, pressure concepts and its measurement by various experimental methods and enhancement of problem-solving skills.

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# Video link / Additional online information:

http://vlabs.iitb.ac.in/vlab/chemical/exp1/index.html

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Basic equations of fluid flow: Average velocity, Mass velocity, Continuity equation, Euler and Bernoulli equations Modified equations for real fluids with correction factors, Pump work in Bernoulli equation, Angular momentum equation. Flow of incompressible fluids in conduits and thin layers: Laminar flow through circular and non-circular conduits, Hagen Poiseuille equation, Laminar flow of Non-Newtonian liquids, Turbulent flow in pipes and closed channels.

**Experiential Learning**: Experimentation to verify the generalized correlation between Reynolds number and friction factor in Annulus, circular and non-circular pipes.

**Applications:** To analyse the flow patterns of incompressible fluids in various conduits.

### Video Links/Any other special information:

http://uorepc-nitk.vlabs.ac.in/exp1/index.html

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Flow of incompressible fluids in conduits and thin layers (contd...): Friction factor chart, friction from changes in velocity or direction, Form friction losses in Bernoulli equation, Flow of fluids in thin layers. Flow of compressible fluids: Continuity equation, Concept of Mach number, Total energy balance, Velocity of sound, Ideal gas equations, Flow through variable-area conduits, Adiabatic frictional flow, Isothermal frictional flow (elementary treatment only).

**Experiential Learning:** Study of finding co efficient of losses in straight pipes due to sudden enlargement, sudden contraction and bends.

**Applications:** Frictional losses due to change in area and direction of pipes in various pipes and conduits can be studied. Frictional losses due to change in area and direction of pipes in various pipes and conduits can be studied.

## Video Links/Any other special information(Papers):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mflbEZ7kUpU

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Transportation and metering of fluids: Pipes, Fittings and valves, Flow measuring devices, venturi meter, orifice meter, rotameter and pitot tube. Elementary concept of target meter, vortex-shedding meters, turbine meters, positive displacement meters,

magnetic meters, Coriolis meters and thermal meters, Flow through open channel-weirs and notches. Performance and Characteristics of pumps-positive displacement and centrifugal pumps, Fans, compressors, and blowers.

**Experiential Learning:** Determination of co efficient of discharge of Venturi meter, orifice meter and notches experimentally and graphically. Also working of single and multi-stage centrifugal pump.

**Applications**: Students will be able to analyze the variations in discharge in various meters and notches like rectangular and v notch also characteristics of centrifugal pump.

# Video Links/Any other special information:

https://uta.pressbooks.pub/appliedfluidmechanics/chapter/experiment-10/

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Flow of fluid past immersed bodies: Drag, drag coefficient, Pressure drop – Kozeny-Carman equation, Blake-Plummer, Ergun equation, Fluidization, conditions for fluidization, Minimum fluidization velocity, Pneumatic conveying, Industrial application of Fluidization. Dimensional analysis: Dimensional homogeneity, Rayleigh's and Buckingham  $\Pi$ - methods, Significance of different dimensionless numbers.

Experiential Learning: Demonstration of flow past packed and Fluidized bed.

**Applications:** Dimensional analysis helps to find the relationship among various variable in any chemical, mechanical systems. Most chemical engineering system requires flow of fluid pat solid catalyst adsorbent absorbent etc. This learning will help to analyze flow of fluid over such systems.

# Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OdldY3RLw24

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Apply the concepts of fluid statics and dynamics to measure pressure and
	differentiate various flow phenomena.
CO2	Derive the fundamental equations and apply to solve various fluid flow problems
007	Understand the various equations for incompressible and compressible fluids in
CO3	conduits.
004	Demonstrate the knowledge of fluid flow principles in various types of flow
CO4	measurements, transportation and metering of fluids using experimental

	techniques and applications to industry.
CO5	Develop functional relationships using dimensional analysis and similitude to
CO3	solve technical problems also to analyze the flow past immersed bodies.

Text B	ooks:
1	McCabe, W. L., Smith, J. C., &Harriott, P. (1993). Unit operations of chemical
1	engineering (Vol. 5, p. 154). New York: McGraw-hill.
2	Bansal, R. K. (2005). <i>A textbook of fluid mechanics</i> . Firewall Media.
Refere	ence Books:
1	Kumar, K. L. (1988). Engineering fluid mechanics 4 <sup>th</sup> edn (New Delhi: Eurasia).
2	Coulson J.H. and Richardson J.F. (1998). Chemical Engineering Vol-I, 5 <sup>th</sup> edn.
3	Badger W.L. and Banchero J.T. (1997). Introduction to Chemical Engineering.
	(Tata McGraw Hill, New York).
	Web Link and Video Lectures:
4	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103104043/
	https://cosmolearning.org/courses/fluid-mechanics-chemical-
	engineering/video-lectures/

# Scheme of Evaluation:

Details												Marks	
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each												30	
i.e., ∑ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3											,	30	,
Quizzes (2 Nos.)										CIE (50	" [	5)	(2=10
Assignmer	nts (2 )	Vos.)									Ī	5)	(2=10
Semester 1	End Ex	amina	tion							SEE (50	))	50	)
Total												100	
СО-РО М	apping	3									·		
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO:	11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2										
CO2	3	3	3										
CO3	3	3	3										
CO4	3	3	3										1
CO5	3	3	3										

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	MECHANICAL OPERATIONS	Semester	III	
Course Code	MVJ20CH34	CIE	50	
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::20:20:0	SEE	50	
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100	
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours	

• Study different properties of particulate solids, handling and mixing of solid particles.

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# 6AIV0sEWBR3eMAqREAAYASAAEgJgP\_D\_BwE

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Size Reduction: Introduction – types of forces used for comminution, Criteria for comminution, Characteristics of comminute products, Laws of size reduction, Work Index, Energy utilization, Methods of operating crushers – Free crushing, Choke feeding, Open circuit grinding, Closed circuit grinding, Wet and Dry grinding, Equipment for size reduction – Classification of size reduction equipment, Equipment – Blake jaw crusher, Gyratory crusher, Smooth roll crusher, Toothed roll crusher, Impactor, Ball mill, Critical speed of ball mill, Cutters – Knife cutter, Ultrafine grinder-Fluid energy mill, Colloid mill.

**Experiential learning**: To determine the energy required for crushing the given feed and thus obtain the work index for the same. Also determine the reduction ration and critical speed of the mill and to determine the crushing law constants and verify the laws using jaw crusher.

**Applications**: Ball mill and crushers are used in various industries like cement industry, mineral industry and ceramic industry for reducing the size of particles

Video Links/Any other special information(Papers):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TlVxZlGiKyc

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1CpjRMICXNM

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Filtration:** Introduction, Classification of filtration, Cake filtration, Clarification, batch and continuous filtration, Pressure and vacuum filtration, Derivation of Constant rate filtration and Constant Pressure filtration, Characteristics of filter media, Industrial filters: Sand filter, Filter press, Leaf filter, Rotary drum filter, Principles of Centrifugal filtration, Rate of washing – Suspended batch centrifuge, Filter aids, Application of filter aids.

**Experiential learning**: Demonstrate the working of a leaf filter and Plate & Frame filter.

**Applications**: Filtration is used to separate particles and fluid in a suspension, where the fluid can be a liquid, a gas or a supercritical fluid. Filtration is major unit operation in edible oil manufacturing, water treatment etc

# Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lRBPQmectLQ

http://uorepc-nitk.vlabs.ac.in/exp6/index.htmlv

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Motion of particles through fluids: Mechanics of particle motion, Equation for one dimensional motion of particles through a fluid in gravitational and centrifugal field, Terminal velocity, Motion of spherical particles in Stokes's region, Newton's region, and Intermediate region, Criterion for settling regime, Hindered settling, Modification of equation for hindered settling. Sedimentation: Batch settling test, Coe and Clevenger theory, Kynch theory, thickener design, Equipment: Gravity Settling Tank, Disk Bowl Centrifuge.

**Experiential learning**: Batch sedimentation test, To determine the specific cake resistance and filter medium resistance, Rm by Filtration method

# Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=M4wBd1\_CvNw

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gCJ3b8UM4EQ

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Agitation and mixing: Application of agitation, Agitation equipment, Types of impellers – Propellers, Paddles and Turbines, Flow patterns in agitated vessels, Prevention of swirling, Standard turbine design, Power correlation and power calculation, mixing of solids, mixing index, Types of mixers –, Muller mixers, Mixing index, Ribbon blender, Internal screw mixer. Sampling, storage and conveying of solids: Sampling of solids, Storage of solids, Open and closed storage, Bulk and bin storage, Conveyors – Belt conveyers, Chain conveyor, Apron conveyor, Bucket conveyor, Screw conveyor.

**Miscellaneous separation:** Centrifugal separators: Cyclones and Hydro cyclones, Magnetic separation, Electrostatic separation.

**Experiential learning**: To separate the iron filings from the sand particles by performing froth floatation experiment.

**Applications:** There are various industrial application of separation equipment i,e froth floatation, ESP, heavy media separator, magnetic separator which is discussed in this module.

# Video Links/Any other special information(Papers):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eu4T080dsG8

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nlfJt9rXWto

Cours	e outcomes:				
CO1	Study different properties of particulate solids, handling and mixing of solid particles.				
CO2	Study principles of comminution and different types of equipment for size reduction like crushers, grinders etc.				
CO3	Derive the expression to find rate of filtration for various types of filtration and to study the working of various filtration equipment's.				
CO4	Explain the phenomenon of motion of particles through fluids in various flow fields and regimes, Outline the various theories of Sedimentation in designing industrial thickeners.				
CO5	Explain various miscellaneous separation processes and also illustrates the working principle of agitation and mixing and describe the sampling of solid and conveying of it.				

Text B	looks:
1	McCabe, W. L., Smith, J. C., &Harriott, P. (1993). Unit operations of chemical
	engineering (Vol. 5, p. 154). New York: McGraw-hill.
2	Badger, W. L., &Banchero, J. L. (2010). Introduction to chemical engineering. 25th
	reprint.
Refere	ence Books:
	McCoy, B. J. (1993). CHEMICAL ENGINEERING: Vol. 2. Particle Technology and
1	Separation Processes, by JM Coulson, JF Richardson, JR Backhurst, and JH
	Harker. <i>Chemical Engineering Education</i> , 27(3), 183-199.
	Montillon, G. H. (1951). Unit Operations. By GG Brown, AS Foust, DL Katz, R.
2	Schneidewind, RR White, WP Wood, JT Banchero, GM Brown, LE Brownell, JJ
	Martin, GB Williams, and JL York. The Journal of Physical Chemistry, 55(4), 614-
	616.
3	Foust, A. S., Wenzel, L. A., Clump, C. W., Maus, L., & Andersen, L. B. (2008). <i>Principles</i>
	of unit operations. John Wiley & Sons.
	Web Link and Video Lectures:
4	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103107123/
	https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_ch32/preview

Scheme of Evaluation												
Details									Marks			
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., \( \sum \) (Marks Obtained in each test)/3  CIE (50)								30				
Assignme	nts (5 1	Vos.)										5X4=20
Semester	End Ex	amina	tion							SEE (50)	)	50
Total	Total								100			
СО-РО М	apping	3										
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2									
CO2	3	3	2									
CO3	3	3	2									
CO4	3	3	3									
CO5	3	3	1									

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	MATERIAL SCIENCE FOR CHEMICAL ENGINEERS	Semester	III
Course Code	MVJ20CH35	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Understand concepts on properties and selection of metals, ceramics, and polymers for design and Manufacturing.

•

#### Video Links:

http://apniphysics.com/viva/ionization-experiment-physics/ https://vlab.amrita.edu/?sub=2&brch=190&sim=338&cnt=1

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Crystal Imperfection: Point Imperfections, Line imperfections – edge and screw dislocations, the Burgers vector, line energy of dislocations, Surface imperfections. Basic thermodynamic functions: phase diagrams and phase transformation: Single component systems, Binary phase diagrams, Lever rule, typical phase diagrams for Magnesia-Alumina, Copper – Zinc, iron – carbon systems, Nucleation and growth. Solidification, Allotropic transformation

**Experiential Learning**: Heat treatment processes can be adopted to study the phase transformation

**Applications**: Phase transformation can be adopted to predict the various crystal structure of metals

#### Video Links:

http://www.cittumkur.org/mech2019/MTLab.pdf

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Deformation of Materials and Fracture:** Elastic deformation, Plastic deformation, Viscoelastic deformation, Stress and strain curve for ductile & brittle material, creep, Different types of fracture. **Heat Treatment**: Annealing, Normalizing Hardening, Martempering, Austempering, Hardenability, Quenching, Tempering, Furnace types.

# Experiential Learning:

(1) To determine Young's modulus of elasticity of the material of a given wire. (2) To study the heat treatment process (Annealing)

Applications: (1) Young's modulus of elasticity defines the relationship between stress (force per unit area) and strain (proportional deformation) in a material. (2) Annealing reduces internal stress, softens the metal  $\theta$  improve the ductility of metals

#### Video Links:

https://byjus.com/physics/to-determine-youngs-modulus-of-elasticity-of-the-material-of-a-given-wire/

http://www.cittumkur.org/mech2019/MTLab.pdf

Module-4	RBT Level: L1, L2, L3	8 Hours

Corrosion and its Prevention: corrosion and its manifestations, consequences, direct corrosion, Electro-chemical corrosion, Galvanic cells, High temperature corrosion, Passivity, factors influencing corrosion rate, control and prevention of corrosion-modification of corrosive environment, inhibitors, protective coatings, Specific types of corrosion.

**Experiential Learning**: Construction & working of galvanic cell

**Applications**: Galvanic cells and batteries are typically used as a source of electrical power.

#### Video Links:

https://www.uccs.edu/Documents/chemistry/nsf/106%20Expt9V-GalvanicCell.pdf

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Typical engineering materials: Ferrous metals, non-ferrous metals and alloys, Aluminium and its alloys, Copper and its alloy, Lead and its alloy, Tin, Zinc and its alloy, silicon and its alloys, Alloys for high temperature service, Ceramic materials- structure of ceramics, polymorphism, Mechanical, electrical and thermal properties of ceramics phases, Refractories, Glasses, abrasives, plastics, fibres, and elastomers, Organic protective coating.

**Experiential Learning:** To determine the shear stress & hardness of engineering materials **Applications:**To select the material of construction in automotive, structural, failure analysis, quality control, aerospace & other types of industries

#### Video Links:

http://www.cittumkur.org/mech2019/MTLab.pdf

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Classify different types of engineering materials depending on structure property,
COI	crystal geometry and X-Ray diffraction, atomic structures, types of bonding.
CO2	Explain crystal imperfections and. Draw phase diagrams of different metals, TTT
CO2	curves.
CO3	Enumerate deformation of materials and Suggest different type of heat treatment
003	techniques depending on the type of the material.
CO4	Interpret different types of corrosions and suggest preventive methods
CO5	Select materials depending on type of application.
Text B	ooks:

1	Raghavan, V. (2006). <i>Materials Science and Engineering: A First Course</i> , 468 s.
2	HajraChoudhury S.K. (1982). <i>Materials Science and Processes</i> . Indian book
	distributing Co.
Refere	nce Books:
1	Van Vlack H.L. (2002). Elements of Material Science. Addison – Wesly Publish
	Company, New York.
2	Chanda, M. (1981). Science of Engineering Materials, McMillan Company of India Ltd
	Web Link and Video Lectures:
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/113107078/
	https://freevideolectures.com/course/2266/material-science

# Scheme of Evaluation:

Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks		30
each i.e., $\Sigma$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		
Quizzes - 2 Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Assignment -2		3X2=6
Nos. /Presentation - 1 Nos		
Mini Projects/ Case studies - 2 Nos.		2X5=10
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
Total	•	100

CO-PO	Mappii	าg										
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2										
CO2	2	2										
CO3	2	2										
CO4	2	2										
CO5	2	2										

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	TECHNICAL CHEMISTRY	Semester	III
Course Code	MVJ20CH36	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::30:10:00	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3hrs

• To familiarize the students with the principles of some important topics in physical Chemistry, Inorganic Chemistry and Organic Chemistry.

Module-1 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Bonding: Atomic and Molecular orbital theory: Theory of bonding, Types of bonds, Hydrogen bond with discussion on interaction between two atoms such as exchange of electron, screen effect of electrons. Anti-bonding, Bond theory of metals, Theory of resonance, Structural stability, structure of carbonate ion and benzene, Importance of resonance compounds

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Phase rule**: Definition of terms, derivation and application of phase rule consisting of two component system.

**Surface chemistry:** Introduction, adsorption and absorption, types of adsorption, physical and chemical adsorption, adsorption isotherms, Freundlich, Langmuir and BET and applications of adsorption-industrial, general, analytical.

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Isomerism:** Definition, Types, Conformational isomerism in alkanes, free rotation about carbon- carbon single bond, conformation of ethane, propane n, butane, relative stability of different conformations. Optical isomers – Isomer number & tetrahedral carbon atom chirality, optical isomerism with one asymmetric carbon atom, Polarimeter, Specific rotation, Enantiomerism R & S Nomenclature. Geometrical isomerism – Definition, conditions for geometrical isomerism, cis-trans & E-Z nomenclature, physical & chemical properties of geometrical isomerism.

Coordination chemistry: Werner's theory, Nomenclature, properties effective atomic number, stability of complex ions, factors affecting the stability, Bonding in coordination compounds, Crystal field theory, stereochemistry of co-ordination compounds. Isomerism

of co-ordination compounds. Importance of coordination compounds.

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Heterocyclic compounds: Nomenclature, Classification, Structure, Preparation, Properties & Reactions of Heterocyclic, Analogues of Cyclopropane, Cyclo butane Cyclopentadiene, Heterocyclic's one or more hetero atoms, Azetidenes, Furans, Pyratidine, Pyroles, diazines, Fused heterocyclics, Heterocyclics in Dyes, Medicines, Natural products.

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Reactions & mechanisms: Concept of Steady states, reactive intermediates, Carbanions, Carbocations, Inductive and resonance effects. Mechanism of nucleophilic substitution (SN1 and SN2) in alkyl halides. Mechanism of elimination reactions (E1 and E2). Mechanism of electrophilic substitution in benzene, nitration, sulphonation, halogenation. Friedel-crafts alkyl and acylation reactions. Electronic interpretation of orienting influence of substituents in aromatic electrophilic of toluene, chlorobenzene, phenol, Benzonitrile, aniline and nitrobenzene. Solvents effects.

#### **Laboratory Sessions**

#### Activity:

- 1. Model making of Different geometrical isomers.
- 2. Preparation of adsorbents for the treatment of colored waste water.

Break up of CIE marks: CIE: 50

(i) Average of three internal Assessment (IA) Tests :30

(ii)

At least Three **Bibliography** and **Two webliography** are to be included in each assignment by the students.

(a) Innovative Activity: 10 marks:

Allocation of marks for Innovative Activity:

Relevance of the topic	2 marks
Print Preview / Presentation (seminar)	5 marks
References	3 marks
Bibliography / webliography	

This innovative work can be taken by a 4 set of students. Innovative work should be related to their respective syllabus. **SEE: 50** 

#### Course outcomes:

On successful completion of this course students will be able to

CO1	Explain the bond theory Resonance theory H-O-H Bonds
	Understand the techniques of Surface chemistry and phase rule and their
CO2	application in industry.
	Explain the structure and bonding of coordination compounds with proper
CO3	reason of deviation, isomerism prevailing
CO4	Write reaction mechanisms in various types of reactions.

Text Boo	oks:
1	Puri L.R. and Sharma B.R., "Physical Chemistry", 14th edn., Chand S. and
1.	Company, New Delhi, 1998.
Reference	ce Books:
1	James Huheey, "Inorganic Chemistry", 19thedn. Wiley Publishers, New Delhi,
1.	1997.
2.	Dhone D. B., A Text Book of Plant Utilities, Nirali Publications.

	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1	1								
CO2	3	2	1									
CO3	3	2	2									
CO4	3	1	2	1								

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	MOMENTUM TRANSFER LAB	Semester	III
Course Code	MVJ20CHL37	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	20 L:T:P::0:10:10	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	3	Total	100
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• This course aims to familiarize students with the principles of Fluid mechanics.

		10.101 11.1001 10.1	
S. No.	Experiment Name	RBT Level	Hours
1.	Friction in circular pipes.	L1, L2, L3	3
2.	Friction in non-circular pipes.	L1, L2, L3	3
3.	Friction in helical/spiral coils.	L1, L2, L3	3
4.	Flow measurement using venturi (incompressible fluid).	L1, L2, L3	3
5.	Flow measurement using orifice meters (incompressible	L1, L2, L3	3
	fluid).		
6.	Flow over notches- find the coefficient of discharge	L1, L2, L3	3
	through various notches.		
7.	Flow through open orifice-Hydraulic coefficients.	L1, L2, L3	3
8.	Flow through Packed bed-Verify ERGUN'S Equation	L1, L2, L3	3
9.	Flow through Fluidized bed- to calculate the minimum	L1, L2, L3	3
	fluidization velocity		
10	Study of characteristics for centrifugal, Positive	L1, L2, L3	3
	displacement pump		
11.	Study of various pipe fittings and their equivalent lengths.	L1, L2, L3	3
12.	Unsteady flows - Emptying of Tank	L1, L2, L3	3
Course	e outcomes:	•	1
CO1	Identify, name, and characterize flow patterns and regimes.		
CO2	Measure fluid pressure and relate it to flow velocity.		
CO3	Demonstrate practical understanding of friction losses, coeffic	cient of disch	arge in
	various notches and pipes.		
CO4	Explain fluid flow in channels and application of flow meters a	and notches.	

# Scheme of Evaluation:

Details			
Regular lab work		30	
Record writing	CIE (50)	10	
Viva-voce		10	
Semester End Examinations	SEE (50)	20	
	Total	100	

CO-PO	Mappir	ng										
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	2									
CO2	3	2	2									
CO3	3	2	2									
CO4	3	2	2									
CO5	3	2	2									

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	TECHNICAL CHEMISTRY	Semester	III
	LAB		
Course Code	MVJ20CHL38	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L : T : P :: 0 : 10 : 30	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	3	Total	100
Credits	2	Exam.	3hrs
		Duration	

Course objective is to: This course aims to familiarize students with the principles of technical chemistry and basic analytical techniques including volumetric analysis.

# Laboratory Experiments:

1. Critical Solution Temperature-Water-Phenol System.

2.

	and molecular weight of chemical components.
CO4	Predicttheorganicreactionmechanismandtoestimatefunctionalgroupsempl oyingdifferenttechniques.
CO5	Have knowledge of handling instruments for precise analysis.

CIE: 50

# SEE:50

Referer	nce Books:
1.	ESSENTIALS OF EXPERIMENTAL ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY by SHASHICHAWLA, DHANPATRAI PUBLICATIONS.
2.	VOGEL'S QUANTITATIVE CHEMICAL ANALYSIS by J. MENDHAM,R.C. DENNEY,
	J.D.BARNES, M.J.K.THOMAS, PEARSON.

	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO 2	PO 3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3				-						
CO2	3	2	1									
CO3	3	2	2									
CO4	3	2	1									
CO5	3	2										

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	SAMSKRUTHIKA	Semester	III
	KANNADA		
Course Code	MVJ20SK39	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	20 L: T: P 20:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	1	Total	100
Credits	1	Exam. Duration	3Hrs

# Course objective:

• Samskruthika Kannada –Parichaya (Introduction to Adalithakannada )

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ಅಧ್ಯಾಯ –೧೦							
ಪಾರಿಭಾಷಿಕ ಆಡಳತ ಕನ್ನಡ ಪದಗಳು ಮತ್ತುತಾಂತ್ರಿಕ/ಕಂಪ್ಯೂಟರ್ ಪಾರಿಭಾಷಿಕ ಪದಗಳು.							
Scheme of Evaluation:							
Details							
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30	CIE(50)	30					
Marks each i.e. $\Sigma$ (Marks Obtained in each test) / 3							
ASSIGNMENT		20					
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50					
	Total	100					

Course Title	BALIKE KANNADA	Semester	III
Course Code	MVJ20BK39	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	14	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	1 Hour/week	Total	100
Credits	1	Exam. Duration	Hours

Course objective is to: The course will enable,

• The students to understand Kannada and communicate in Kannada language.

•

Samay/KalakkeSambhandhisidapadagalu (Words Relating Time) to ,Dikkugaligesambhasidhisidapadagalu (words Related to Directions), Manushyana Bhavanegalige sambhadhisida Padagalu (Words Related to Humen's Feelings and Emotions), Manushyanashareeradabhagagalu (Parts of the Human Body), Sambhandhisidasambhandhakkepadagalu (Words Related to Relationship), Vasadstalakkesambhandhisidapadagalu (Words Related Place Living), to of SaamanyaSambhasaneyallibhalasuvanthaPadagala Patti (List of Words used in the general communication) & Colors in Kannada

**Experiential Learning:** 1.Based on the above topics Exercises

Video Links: https://youtu.be/PoQ9m16d7QA

		Module-4	L1&L2	8 Hours

Kannada Grammer in Conversations (Sambhasaneyalli Kannada Vyakarna):Introduction , Nouns (Naampadagalu), Pronoun (Sarvanaampadagalu) , Use of Pronouns in Kannada Sentences , Adjectives (Kannada namaVishenegalu) , Kannada Verbs (Kriya Padagalu) , Adverbs in Kannada (Kriya Vishenegalu) , Conjuctions in Kannada (Sanyaga) , Preposition in Kannada (Poorvabhavi).

Experiential Learning: Questions constructing words in Kannada (PrashnarthakaPadagalu), Simple Communicative Sentences in

Kannada, Exercise for Practice, Enquiry Questions

Video Links: https://youtu.be/fd966GC8Yko

Module-5	L1 &L2	1Hour

Activies in Kannada (KannadadalliChatuvatikegalu): Activites -Vocubulry (Shabdakosh),

Conversation (Shambhasane)

Experiential Learning: Try to communicate with each other in Kannada

Video Links: https://youtu.be/fd966GC8Yko

# Course outcomes:

CO1	Understanding the advantage of learning a local language
CO2	Understanding the difference between pronunciation of English and Kannada
CO3	Understanding the word meaning in Kannada and frame the simple sentences if
CO3	any difficulty can use any other language words to complete the conversation
CO4	Understanding the word meaning and frame the sentences and try to translate
CO4	Kannada to English vise versa

CO5 Understanding the Kannada grammar and how to implement in Kannada sentences for communication

Text Books:								
1	Sankispta Kannada Nighantu (Parishkratha), Kannada sahitya Parishatha,Bangalore							
2	Mysore vishwavidyalayada English –Kannada Nighantu (Parishkratha) samputa –(A							
	inda Z va	rage)						
7	Kacheri	Kaipidi	-Dr	.На	.Ma.	Nayak,	Kannada	Adhyanasamsthe .
3	Mysorevi	shwavidy	alayada	,1974				

#### Reference Books:

1. Vyavharika Kannada PatyaPusthaka by L.Thimmesha

#### CIE Assessment:

CIE is based on quizzes, tests, assignments/seminars and any other form of evaluation. Generally, there will be: Three Internal Assessment (IA) tests during the semester (30 marks each), the final IA marks to be awarded will be the average of three tests

- Quizzes/mini tests (4 marks)
- Mini Project / Case Studies (8 Marks)
- Activities/Experimentations related to courses (8 Marks)

## SEE Assessment:

iv. Question paper for the SEE consists two parts i.e. Part A and Part B. Part A is compulsory and consists of objective type or short answer type questions of 1 or 2 marks each for total of 20 marks covering the whole syllabus.

٧.

	CONSTITUTION OF		
Course Title	INDIA, PROFESSIONAL	Semester	III
	ETHICS AND CYBER LAW		
Course Code	MVJ20CPH39	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	20 L : T : P :: 20:0 : 0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	01	Total	100
Credits	01	Exam. Duration	2 hrs

• To know the fundamental political codes, structure, procedures, powers, and duties of Indian constitution, Indian government institutions, fundamental rights, directive principles and the duties of the citizens.

•

Elections, Amendments and Emergency Provisions: Elections, Electoral Process, and Election Commission of India, Election Laws. Amendments - Methods in Constitutional Amendments (How and Why) and Important Constitutional Amendments. Amendments - 7,9,10,12,42,44,61,73,74,75,86, and 91,94,95,100,101,118 and some important Case Studies. Recent Amendments with explanation. Important Judgements with Explanation and its impact on society (from the list of Supreme Court Judgements). Emergency Provisions, types of Emergencies and it's consequences. Constitutional Special Provisions: Special Constitutional Provisions for SC & ST, OBC, Special Provision for Women, Children & Backward Classes.

Module – 4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 4 Hours

Professional / Engineering Ethics: Scope & Aims of Engineering & Professional Ethics - Business Ethics, Corporate Ethics, Personal Ethics. Engineering and Professionalism, Positive and Negative Faces of Engineering Ethics, Code of Ethics as defined in the website of Institution of Engineers (India): Profession, Professionalism, Professional Responsibility. Clash of Ethics, Conflicts of Interest. Responsibilities in Engineering - Responsibilities in Engineering and Engineering Standards, the impediments to Responsibility. Trust and Reliability in Engineering, IPRs (Intellectual Property Rights), Risks, Safety and liability in Engineering.

Module – 5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 4 Hours

Internet Laws, Cyber Crimes and Cyber Laws: Internet and Need for Cyber Laws, Modes of Regulation of Internet, Types of cyber terror capability, Net neutrality, Types of Cyber Crimes, India and cyber law, Cyber Crimes and the information Technology Act 2000, Internet Censorship, Cybercrimes and enforcement agencies.

#### Scheme of valuation: Details Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) tests of 40 40 Marks each i.e., Σ(Marks obtained in each test)/3 CIE (50) 10 Assignment Semester End Examination SEE (50) 50 Total 100 Course Outcomes: On completion of this course, students will be able to CO1 Have constitutional knowledge and legal literacy Understand Engineering and Professional ethics and responsibilities of Engineers. CO2

CO3	Understand the cyber crimes and cyber laws for cyber safety measure.

Text Bo	Text Books:			
1.	Constitution of India and Professional Ethics, T.S. Anupama, Sunstar Publisher			
Refere	nce Books:			
1	Durga Das Basu (DD Basu): "Introduction to the Constitution on India", (Students			
	Edition.)Prentice —Hall EEE, 19 <sup>th</sup> /20 <sup>th</sup> Edn., (Latest Edition) or 2008.			
	Shubham Singles, Charles E. Haries, and Et al: "Constitution of India and			
2.	Professional Ethics" by Cengage Learning India Private Limited, Latest Edition –			
	2018.			
3	M.Govindarajan, S.Natarajan, V.S.Senthilkumar, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice –Hall			
]	of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2004.			
4.	M.V.Pylee, "An Introduction to Constitution of India", Vikas Publishing, 2002.			
5.	Latest Publications of NHRC - Indian Institute of Human Rights, New Delhi.			

Course Title	ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS-I (COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)	Semester	III
Course Code	MVJ20MATDIP31	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P 30:10:00	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	-	Exam. Duration	3hrs

Course objective is to: This course viz., aims to prepare the students:

To familiarize the important and basic concepts of Differential calculus and Differential Equation, ordinary/partial differential equations and Vector calculus and analyse the engineering problems.

Module-1 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

**Differential calculus**: Recapitulations of successive differentiations -n<sup>th</sup> derivative - Leibnitz theorem and Problems, Mean value theorem -Rolle's theorem, Lagrange's Mean value theorem, Cauchy's theorem and Taylor's theorem for function of one variables.

Video Link:

https://users.math.msu.edu/users/gnagy/teaching/ode.pdf

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

**Integral Calculus:** Review of elementary Integral calculus, Reduction formula  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} sin^m x \ dx \quad , \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} cos^m x \ dx, \quad \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} sin^m cos^n x \ dx \quad \text{and problems. Evaluation of double and triple integrals and Simples Problems.}$ 

Video Link:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rCWOdfQ3cwQ

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111/105/111105122/

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

**Vector Calculus:** Derivative of vector valued functions, Velocity, Acceleration and related problems, Scalar and Vector point functions, Gradient, Divergence, Curl, Solenoidal and Irrotational vector fields. Vector identities - div ( $\varphi$ A), curl ( $\varphi$ A), curl (grad  $\varphi$ ), div (curl A).

Video Link:

https://www.whitman.edu/mathematics/calculus\_online/chapter16.html

https://www.math.ust.hk/~machas/vector-calculus-for-engineers.pdf						
Module-4	RBT Level: L1, L2, L3	8 Hours				

### Probability:

Introduction-Conditional Probability, Multiplication theorem, Independent events, Baye's theorem and Problems.

#### Video Link:

https://www.khanacademy.org/math/statistics-probability/probability-library https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111/105/111105041/

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Differential equation:** Homogenous differential equation, Linear differential equation, Bernoulli's differential equation and Exact differential equation.

Video Link:

https://www.mathsisfun.com/calculus/differential-equations.html

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Apply the knowledge of Differential calculus in the modeling of various physical and engineering phenomena
CO2	Apply the concept of change of order of integration and variables to evaluate multiple integrals and their usage in computing the area and volumes.
CO3	Study on Vector calculus to understand the various solution to Application to Engineering problems.
CO4	Understand the basic Concepts of Probability
CO5	Solve first order linear differential equation analytically using standard methods.

Text Boo	oks:
1.	B.S. Grewal, "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Khanna Publishers, 43rd Edition
1.	2013.
2.	Ramana B. V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2006.
Reference	ce Books:
1	Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley-India publishers,

	10thedition,2014.
2	G. B. Gururajachar: Calculus and Linear Algebra, Academic Excellent Series
	Publication, 2018-19

#### CIE Assessment:

CIE is based on quizzes, tests, assignments/seminars and any other form of evaluation. Generally, there will be: Three Internal Assessment (IA) tests during the semester (30 marks each), the final IA marks to be awarded will be the average of three tests

- Quizzes/mini tests (10 marks)
- Assignment (10 marks)

#### SEE Assessment:

- vii. Question paper for the SEE consists two parts i.e. Part A and Part B. Part A is compulsory and consists of objective type or short answer type questions of 1 or 2 marks each for total of 20 marks covering the whole syllabus.
- viii. Part B also covers the entire syllabus consisting of five questions having choices and may contain sub-divisions, each carrying 16 marks. Students have to answer five full questions.
- ix. One question must be set from each unit. The duration of examination is 3 hours.

#### CO-PO Mapping

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CO2	2	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
CO3	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
CO4	3	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
CO5	3	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	UNIVERSAL HUMAN VALUES I	Semester	III
Course Code	MVJ20UHV310	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	15 L: T : P :15 : 0 :0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	1	Total	100
Credits	1	Exam. Duration	3 Hrs.

Course objective is to: This course will enable the students to

• Perceive the need for developing a holistic perspective of life

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=E1STJoXCXUU&list=PLWDeKF97v9SP\_Kt6jqzA3p Z3yA7g\_OAQz
- https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCQxWr5QB\_eZUnwxSwxXEkQw

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2 3 Hours

Introduction to Harmony in the Human Being: Understanding Human being as the Coexistence of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Instrument of the Self, Harmony of the Self with the Body.

#### Video link:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GpuZo495F24

#### Scheme of Evaluation Details Marks Assessment by Faculty mentor (Class Room Evaluation) 10 Self-Assessment + Assessment by peers 20 Activities / Experimentations related to CIE(50) 10 courses/Assignment Mini Projects / Case Studies 10 SEE (50) 50 Semester End Examination 100 Total Text Books: AICTE SIP UHV-I Teaching Material, https://fdp-si.aicte india.org/ AicteSipUHV 1. \_download.php A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G 2. P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1 Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R 3. R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2 Reference Books: Human Values and Professional Ethics by R R Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, Excel Books, 1. New Delhi, 2010 2. Jeevan Vidya: EkParichaya, A Nagaraj, Jeevan Vidya Prakashan, Amarkantak, 1999. 3. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004. 4. The Story of Stuff (Book). 5. The Story of My Experiments with Truth - by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi CO-PO Mapping PO7 CO/PO PO1 PO2 PO5 PO6 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 | PO12 PO3 PO4 CO1 1 2. 2. 3 2 1 2. 1 CO2 1 2 2 3 2 1 2 1 CO3 2 2 2 1 2 1 CO4 2. 2 1 1 CO5 2 2 3 2 1 2 1

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

	COMPLEX ANALYSIS,		
Course Title	PROBABILITY AND	Semester	IV
	SAMPLING THEORY		
Course Code	MVJ20MCH41	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::20:20:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

The purpose of this course is to make students well conversant with numerical methods to solve ordinary differential equations, complex analysis, sampling theory and joint probability distribution and stochastic processes arising in science and engineering.

Module-1 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Complex Variables-I:** Review of a function of a complex variable, limits, continuity, and differentiability. Analytic functions-Cauchy-Riemann equations in Cartesian and polar forms. Properties and construction of analytic functions. Complex line integrals-Cauchy's theorem and Cauchy's integral theorem. Conformal transformations-Discussion of transformations:  $w=z^2$ ,  $w=e^z$ ,  $w=z+(1\ z)(z\neq 0)$ .

**Applications**: It is useful in many branches of mathematics, including algebraic geometry, applied mathematics; including the branches of hydrodynamics, thermodynamics, and particularly quantum mechanics.

#### Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oiK4gTgncww

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WJOf4PfoHow

Module-2 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Statistical Methods**: Introduction, Correlation and coefficient of co relation, Regression, line of regression problems. **Curve Fitting**: Curve fitting by the method of least squaresfitting of the curves of the form, y = ax + b,  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$  and  $y = ae^{bx}$ .

**Applications**: Correlation and Regression is used to see whether two variables are associated, without necessarily inferring a cause-and-effect relationship. Another important application is to estimate the value of one variable corresponding to a particular value of the other variable. Curve Fittings such as parabola and hyperbola are used in architecture to design arches in buildings.

Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xTpHD5WLuoA

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fNLeogEjMmM

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tl5QNhSe0Yk

Module-3 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Probability Distributions:** Random variables (discrete and continuous), probability mass/density functions. Binomial distribution, Poisson distribution. Exponential and normal distributions, problems.

**Applications:** Few of the application areas include in industries, quality control, in errors correction, medicine, agriculture, engineering, for analysis and interpretations of basic data obtained from experiments.

#### Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nrkd0IlVxkY

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6x1pL9Yov1k

Module-4 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Joint probability distribution**: Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random variables, expectation, covariance. **Stochastic Process**: Probability vector, Stochastic matrices, fixed points, regular stochastic matrices, Markov chains, higher transition probability – problems.

**Applications:** Stochastic processes are widely used as mathematical models of systems and phenomena that appear to vary in a random manner.

#### Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wHRUtNmPjyE

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FWe5uk5NA5I

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4RnVwa9TG2g

Module-5 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Sampling Theory and Statistical Inference**: Sampling, Sampling Distributions, Type I and Type II errors, standard error, Z – test, student's t- distribution, test of hypothesis for means, test for hypothesis for proportions, confidence limits for means, Chi-square distribution as a test of goodness of fit.

**Applications:** A large number of analyses for process control, product quality control for consumer safety, and environmental control purposes are using Sampling Theory.

#### Video link / Additional online information (related to module if any):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zmyh7nCjmsg

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fuBvQJP0ecw&list=PLp6ek2hDcoNCp9o8aLQrbY15a-

o0weoTd&index=2								
https://v	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tFRXsngz4UQ							
https://v	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q1yu6TQZ79w							
Course	outcomes:							
CO1	State and prove Cauchy - Riemann equation with its consequences and							
CO1	demonstrate Con-formal Transformation.							
CO2 Illustrate Complex Integration using Cauchy's Integral theorem, Cauchy's								
CO2	Integral formula and Cauchy's Residue theorem.							
	Use Method of Least Square for appropriate Curves. And Fit a suitable curve by							
CO3	the method of least squares and determine the lines of regression for a set of							
	statistical data.							
	Develop probability distribution of discrete, continuous random variables and							
CO4	CO4 joint probability distribution occurring in digital signal processing, information							
	theory and design engineering							
CO5	Demonstrate testing of hypothesis of sampling distributions and illustrate							
	examples related to discrete parameters.							

Text Boo	oks:
1	B.S. Grewal, "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Khanna Publishers, 43 <sup>rd</sup> Edition
	2013.
2	Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley-India publishers,
۲.	10thedition,2014.
Reference	ce Books:
1	Ramana B. V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2006.
2	Bali N. P. & Manish Goyal, "A text book of Engineering Mathematics", Laxmi
2	Publications, 8 <sup>th</sup> Edition
3	Jain R. K.& IyengarS.R.K., Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Narosa
3	Publishing House, 2002.

## CIE Assessment:

CIE is based on quizzes, tests, assignments/seminars and any other form of evaluation. Generally, there will be: Three Internal Assessment (IA) tests during the semester (30 marks each), the final IA marks to be awarded will be the average of three tests

- Quizzes/mini tests (10 marks)

- Assignments (10 Marks)

#### SEE Assessment:

- i. Question paper for the SEE consists two parts i.e. Part A and Part B. Part A is compulsory and consists of objective type or short answer type questions of 1 or 2 marks each for total of 20 marks covering the whole syllabus.
- ii. Part B also covers the entire syllabus consisting of five questions having choices and may contain sub-divisions, each carrying 16 marks. Students have to answer five full questions.
- iii. One question must be set from each unit. The duration of examination is 3 hours.

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3		3								1
CO2	3	3		3								1
CO3	3	2		1								1
CO4	3	3		3								1
CO5	2	3		2								1

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	CHEICAL ENGINEERING THERMO DYNAMICS	Semester	IV
Course Code	MVJ20CH42	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	50 L:T:P::30:20:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	5	Total	100
Credits	4	Exam.	3 Hours
Cicato		Duration	Jijouis

• Learn fundamentals of thermodynamics such as types of properties, processes and laws of thermodynamics for flow and non-flow process.

Video Links/Any other special information: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103101004/

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 | 10 Hours

P-V-T Behaviour: P-V-T behaviour of pure fluids, Equations of state and ideal gas law, Processes involving ideal gas law: Constant volume, constant pressure, constant temperature, adiabatic and polytropic processes. Equation of state for real gases: Vander Waals equation, Redlich – Kwong equation, Peng – Robinson equation, Virial equation, Compressibility charts: Principles of corresponding states, generalized compressibility charts. Second Law of Thermodynamics: General statements of the Second law, Concept of Entropy, The Carnot Principle, calculation of entropy changes, Clausius Inequality, Entropy and Irreversibility, Third law of Thermodynamics.

**Experiential learning:** (Experiments which can be conducted on the concepts of contents) Explain the concept of entropy with simple reaction

**Applications:** Application of first law and second law of thermodynamics for fluid flow problems. Estimation the behaviour of real fluids using various equation of state and degree of randomness.

#### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.cpalms.org/Public/PreviewResourceLesson/Preview/75658

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 | 10 Hours

Thermodynamic Properties of Pure Fluids: Reference Properties, Energy Properties, Derived Properties, Work function, Gibbs free energy, Relationships among thermodynamic properties, Exact differential equations, Fundamental property relations, Maxwell's equations, Clapeyron equations, Entropy heat capacity relations, Modified equations for U & H, Effect of temperature on U, H & S, Relationships between CP & CV, Gibbs- Helmholtz equation, Fugacity, Fugacity coefficient, Effect of temperature and pressure on Fugacity, Determination of Fugacity of pure gases, Fugacity of solids and liquids, Activity, Effect of temperature and pressure on activity.

**Applications:** Evaluation of the thermodynamic properties of pure fluids using measurable quantities like the pressure-Volume temperature relationship.

#### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/103101004/downloads/chapter-5.pdf

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 | 10 Hours

**Properties Of Solutions**: Partial molar properties, Chemical potential, Fugacity in solutions, Henry's law and dilute solutions, activity in solutions, Activity coefficients, Property changes of mixing, excess properties.

**Experiential learning**: Determination of partial molar volume for different compositions of ethanol –water system.

**Applications:** Partial molar properties are useful because chemical mixtures are often maintained at constant temperature and pressure and under these conditions, the value of any extensive property can be obtained from its partial molar property. They are especially useful when considering specific properties of pure substances (that is, properties of one mole of pure substance) and properties of mixing (such as the heat of mixing or entropy of mixing)

#### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=FLRkGbzw0-

Phase Equilibria: Criteria of phase Equilibria, Criterion of stability, Duhem's theorem, Vapor – Liquid Equilibria, VLE in ideal solutions, Non-Ideal solutions, VLE at low pressures, VLE at high pressures, consistency test for VLE data, Calculation of Activity coefficients using Gibbs – Duhem's equation.

**Experiential learning**: To generate VLE data for a binary mixture of Acetone and Benzene.

**Applications:** Thermodynamics of chemical reactions predicts the equilibrium conversion attainable in a chemical reaction and the effect of operating conditions on the degree of completion of the reaction.

#### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.chem.uci.edu/~lawm/263%206.pdf

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Calculate the heat and work requirements for the given flow or non-flow processes.
CO2	Analyse and find properties such as Pressure, Volume and temperature for equations of states and from the fundamentals of first law of thermodynamics.
CO3	Calculate entropy for the processes, and various types of energies such as internal energy, enthalpy, Helmholtz free energy and Gibbs free energy.
CO4	Differentiate between ideal and non-ideal solution and estimate partial molar properties.
CO5	Identify the role of thermodynamics in the design and operation of chemical reaction system.

Text I	Books:
1	Smith, J. M., Van Ness, H. C., & Abbott, M. M. (1987). Introduction to Chemical Engineering Thermodynamics McGraw Hill. <i>Inc.: New York</i> .
2	Rao, Y. V. C. (1997). <i>Chemical engineering thermodynamics</i> . Universities Press.
Refer	ence Books:
1	Narayanan, K. V. (2004). <i>A textbook of chemical engineering thermodynamics</i> . PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd
2	Web Link and Video Lectures: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103101004/

Scheme of Evaluation		
Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e.,		30
$_{ m \Sigma}$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3	CIE (50)	30
Assignments	CIL (30)	10
Seminar		10
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
	Total	100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	3	3									
CO2	2	3	3	2								
CO3	2	3	3	2								
CO4	2	3	3									
CO5	2	3	3									

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	CHEMICAL REACTION ENGINEERING-1	Semester	IV
Course Code	MVJ20CH43	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::20:20:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Understand the scope of Chemical reaction Engineering.

http://encyclopedia.che.engin.umich.edu/Pages/Reactors/PBR/PBR.html

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AzK7K601cAE

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Design of reactors:** Design of Batch, Semi-batch, laminar and mixed flow ideal reactors and their performance equations. Constant volume and variable volume reactors. Design of batch reactor, PFR and MFR. Space time and space velocity, Holding time for flow reactors. Size comparison of ideal reactors. Numerical problems.

**Experiential Learning:** Virtual demonstration of reaction kinetic studies in batch reactor, PFR and MFR.

**Applications:** Design of industrial reactors.

Video Links/Any other special information:

http://uorepc-nitk.vlabs.ac.in/#

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ftnLJ6VDwS8

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Multiple Reactor Systems**: Plug flow and /or Mixed flow reactors in Series, parallel and series-parallel. Reactors of different types and sizes in series. Design of Reactors for Multiple Reactions: Design of Batch reactor, Plug and Mixed flow reactors for Parallel, Series and Series- Parallel reactions (Only irreversible reactions must be considered).

Experiential Learning: PFR and MFR in series operation.

**Applications:** Working and designing of multiple reactor system

Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=puJXBMtB4W4

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SVfs9JzMYoc

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TleC05u13fI

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 Hours: 8

CHEMICAL REACTION EQUILIBRIUM: Reaction Stoichiometry, Criteria of chemical reaction equilibrium, Equilibrium constant and standard free energy change, Effect of temperature, Pressure on equilibrium constants and other factors affecting equilibrium conversion, Liquid phase reactions, heterogeneous reaction equilibrium, phase rule for reacting systems. Non-Isothermal Reactors: Introduction, effect of temperature on equilibrium constant and heat of reaction, Material and Energy balances, conversions in adiabatic and non-adiabatic reactors. Analysis of Non-Isothermal Reactor: Design procedure for single reactions, Optimum temperature Progression, Safety concepts for non-isothermal reactors. Numerical problems.

Experiential Learning: To analyze the conversion in an adiabatic reactor.

**Applications:** Equilibrium studies on reactive processes help to understand the feasibility and maximum possible yield of the desired product at any given conditions. Non-isothermal reactor systems studies will help to design a reactor and predict conversions under non-isothermal conditions.

### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WCbnTMBo4Co

Cours	e outcomes:						
601	Explain various types of reactions, factors affecting rate equation, theories for						
CO1	predicting temperature dependency of rate constant and kinetics.						
CO2	Interpret experimental data using differential, integral, and half-life methods, and						
CO2	types of chemical reactors with real practise.						
CO3	Develop design equations for ideal reactors for constant and variable volume reactions and generating kinetic data in ideal reactors.						
003	reactions and generating kinetic data in ideal reactors.						
CO4	Develop the design of single and multiple reactor systems and reactions.						
CO5	Design non isothermal reactors and discuss optimum temperature progression.						
Text B	Text Books:						
1	Octave Levenspiel. (2004). Chemical Reaction Engineering 3rd edn. ISBN						
1	9780471254.						
2	Smith, J. M. (1981). <i>Chemical engineering kinetics</i> (No. TP149 S58).						
Refere	ence Books:						
1 Fogler, H. S. (2010). Essentials of Chemical Reaction Eng							
	EssentiChemicaReactioEngi. Pearson Education.						
	Web Link and Video Lectures:						
2	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103106116/						
C - 1	http://umich.edu/~elements/5e/lectures/index.html						

#### Scheme of Evaluation:

Details			
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30	
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4	
Assignments (2 Nos.)		5X2=10	
Journals/Progress notes		3X2=6	
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50	

										7	otal	100
СО-РО	Mappir	ng										
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	3	1								
CO2	3	2	3	1								
CO3	3	3	3	1								
CO4	3	3	3	2								
CO5	3	3	3	2								

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY	Semester	IV
Course Code	MVJ20CH44	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:00:00	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

ullet Understand the basic concepts of Industrial Processes practiced in different Inorganic & Organic Chemical Industries.

fermentation technology.

#### Applications:

Production of alcohol, extraction of vegetable oil and chemical processes associated with it can be studied.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lcXnWrDZV6Q

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Chlor-alkali and cement industries: Sodium chloride, Soda ash, Caustic soda, Chlorine. Cement industries: Classification, manufacture, reactions, flow diagrams, major and minor engineering problems, applications.

#### Experiential learning:

To determine the energy required for crushing the sample and working of Ball mills and jaw crushers. Also determine the reduction ration and critical speed of the mill

### Applications:

Ball mill and crushers are used in Cement industries for reducing the size of particles.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dAD03D5cTF8

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Petroleum industries and petrochemicals: Origin and classification. Petroleum refining and processing Coal: Formation and Classification of coal, mining of coal, destructive distillation of coal, coking of coal, coal tar distillation, chemicals from coal. Pulp and Paper Industries: Raw materials, manufacture of pulp, paper and its major engineering problems.

**Experiential learning:** Demonstration of various unit operations and processes in production plants.

**Applications:** Basic concepts of unit operations and processes can be understood which finds applications in treatment and production of paper in industries.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?V=e4c3x26dxbm

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Inorganic fertilizers: Ammonia, urea, ammonium phosphate, ammonium nitrate, ammonium sulphate, DAP, phosphorous pentoxide, super phosphate and triple super phosphate. Polymers & Rubber: Macromolecules. Polymerization. PVC, LDPE. Polypropylene. Natural rubber.

**Experiential learning**: Exhibit the polymerization reactions by conducting experiment with simple monomers.

### Applications:

Various types of polymerization can be studied for production of polymers.

### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JIV4ZX1Uh\_4

Cours	e outcomes:
CO1	Explain the basic processes for manufacture of industrial gases, acids, Soaps and
	Detergents also sources, impurities and treatment methods of water.
CO2	Get insight of cement manufacture, fermentation products and basic concepts of
002	industrial processes practiced in the manufacture of Oils, Fats, and Waxes.
CO3	Outline the manufacture of Chlor-alkali and Cement industries
CO4	Explain the refining of petroleum, formation, classification of coal, destructive
004	distillation of coal and manufacture of pulp and paper.
CO5	Learn industrial scale operations and processes employed in manufacture of
003	fertilizers & polymers and rubber.

Text E	looks:
1	Dryden – Outlines of Chemical Technology for 21st Century, Gopal Rao &
	Marshall Sittig, 3rd edn. EWP.
2	Shreve's Chemical Process Industries, 4th edn, McGraw Hill.
Refere	ence Books:
1	Unit Processes in Organic Chemical Industries, Desikan and Sivakumar (Eds.),
-	CEDC, IITM, 1982.
2	Encyclopedia of Chemical Technology, Kirk and Othmer, 27th volume, 5th edn,
_	Wiley, 2004.
	Web Link and Video Lectures:
3	https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_ch19/preview
	https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc19_cy20/preview
	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103107082/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103029/

Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e.,  \( \sum \text{ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3} \)  Quizzes - 2Nos.  Assignments - 2Nos.  Mini Projects/ Case studies - 3Nos.  Semester End Examination  SEE (50)	Scheme of Evaluation		
∑ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3  Quizzes - 2Nos.  Assignments – 2Nos.  Mini Projects/ Case studies - 3Nos.  Semester End Examination  CIE (50)  5X2=  5X2=  (50)	Details		Marks
Quizzes - 2Nos.  Assignments - 2Nos.  Mini Projects/ Case studies - 3Nos.  Semester End Examination  2X2  5X2=  5X2=  (50)  SEE  (50)	Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\Sigma$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3	CIE	30
Assignments – 2Nos.  Mini Projects/ Case studies - 3Nos.  Semester End Examination  SEE (50)	Quizzes - 2Nos.		2X2=4
Semester End Examination  SEE (50)	Assignments – 2Nos.		5X2=10
Semester End Examination (50)	Mini Projects/ Case studies - 3Nos.		3X2=6
Total 1	Semester End Examination		50
		Total	100

CO-PO M	apping	J										
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1										1
CO2	2	1										1
CO3	2	1				1	1		1			
CO4	2	1				I	1		1			
CO5	2	1	1									

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PROCESS HEAT TRANSFER	Semester	IV
Course Code	MVJ20CH45	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::20:20:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact	4	Total	100
Hours/week	'		100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Study various modes of Heat transfer and their fundamental relations.

Numerical Problems.

**Convection:** Individual and overall heat transfer coefficient, LMTD, LMTD correction factor, Dimensionless numbers, Dimensional analysis, Empirical correlation for forced and natural convection, Analogy between momentum and heat transfer-Reynold, Colbourn, Prandtl analogies. Numerical Problems.

**Experiential learning**: Study the heat transfer in extended (finned) tube under natural convection using the experimental set up in heat transfer lab

Applications: Fins are widely used in many applications such as heating, ventilation and air conditioning system, finned tube heat exchangers, solar systems and electrical systems

### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SNnd0f3xXlg

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Heat Transfer with Phase Change: Heat transfer to fluids with phase change - heat transfer from condensing vapours, drop wise and film wise condensation, Nusselt equation for vertical and horizontal tubes, condensation of superheated vapours, effect of non-condensable gases on rate of condensation. Heat transfer to boiling liquids - mechanism of boiling, nucleate boiling and film boiling, Numerical Problems.

**Experiential learning**: An experiment to determine the convective heat transfer coefficient in condensation process.

**Applications**: All chemical industries, thermal and nuclear power generation in steam plants, refrigeration, refining, heat transmission, etc

#### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=j-TXp789inU

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Radiation:** Properties and definitions, Emissive power and intensity of radiation, Black body radiation, Grey body radiation, Stefan – Boltzmann law, Wein's displacement law, Kirchhoff's law, radiation shape factor, radiation between large parallel plates, Numerical Problems.

**Experiential learning:** Demonstrate how to determine the emissivity of a given grey body.

**Applications**: Emissivity is important in solar heat collectors, thermal shielding pyrometers and insulated windows.

Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pbCf4507QvM					
Module-5	RBT Level: L1, L2, L3	8 Hours			

Heat Transfer Equipment: Double pipe heat exchanger. Shell and tube heat exchangers, Condensers, Construction and working, Types of shell and tube heat exchangers, type of condensers. Design of Heat Transfer Equipment: Elementary design of double pipe heat exchanger. Shell and tube heat exchanger and condensers, Numerical Problems. Evaporation: Single and multiple effect operation, material and energy balance in evaporators, forward and backward feeds, capacity and economy of evaporators, Multiple effect evaporator – Methods of feeding.

**Experiential learning:** Exhibit the working of heat exchangers, condensers, evaporators and boilers to get the complete understanding of the constructional details.

**Applications**: They are widely used in space heating, refrigeration, air conditioning, power stations, chemical plants, petrochemical plants, petroleum refineries, natural-gas processing, and sewage treatment.

#### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=r67f4V6pOOw

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Develop flux equations for steady state heat conduction and critical thickness of
CO1	insulation in different geometry of solids.
CO2	Explain the types of fins, fin effectiveness and apply various correlations of
CO2	convective heat transfer to different problems
CO3	Derive the Nusselt equation for heat transfer with phase change.
CO4	Interpret the phenomenon of radiation in different types of solids.
CO5	Develop the elementary design equations for various Heat exchangers

Text E	Books:
	McCabe, W. L., Smith, J. C., &Harriott, P. (1993). <i>Unit operations of chemical</i>
1	engineering (Vol. 5, p. 154). New York: McGraw-hill.
2	Rao, Y. V. (2002). <i>Heat Transfer</i> . Universities Press.
Refere	ence Books:
	Park, C. W. (1993). CHEMICAL ENGINEERING: Vol. 1. Fluid Flow, Hea t Transfer
1	and Mass Transfer by JM Coulson and JF Richardson, with JR Backhurst and JH

	Harker. Chemical Engineering Education, 27(3), 182-183.		
	Dutta, B. K. (2000). <i>Heat transfer: principles and applications</i> . PHI Learn	ning Pvt.	
2	Ltd		
	Web Link and Video Lectures:		
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103032/		
Schen	Scheme of Evaluation		
<b>†</b>			

Scheme of Evaluation		
Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Assignments (3 Nos.)	CIE (50)	10
Self Assesment Test		6
Polling/Comprehensive questions		4
Semester End Examination	SEE	50
Seriester End Examination	(50)	30
	Total	100

CO-PO N	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO2	2	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	2	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO4	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO5	2	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS	Semester	IV
Course Code	MVJ20CH46	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::30:10:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	03	Exam. Duration	3 hrs

The course is designed to impart the knowledge in the field of Instrumental Analysis. The various modern analytical techniques like UV-Visible, IR, NMR, Mass, GC, HPLC, different chromatographic methods and other important topics are taught to enable the students to understand and apply the principles involved in the determination of different bulk drugs and their formulation. In addition to the theoretical aspects, the basic practical knowledge relevant to the analysis is also imparted.

Module-1 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Chromatography: Introduction, classification of chromatographic methods based on the mechanism of separation. Column Chromatography: Adsorption and partition, theory, preparation, procedure and methods of detection. Thin Layer Chromatography: Theory, preparation, procedures, detection of compounds. Paper Chromatography: Theory, different techniques employed, filter papers used, qualitative and quantitative detection. Counter – current extraction, solid phase extraction techniques, gel filtration.

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Gas chromatography: Introduction, fundamentals, instrumentation, columns: preparation and operation, detection, dramatization. Liquid chromatography: HPLC-Principles and instrumentation, solvents and columns, detection and applications.

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Spectroscopy: Introduction, electromagnetic spectrum. UV-Visible spectroscopy: absorbance laws and limitations, instrumentation-design and working principle, chromophore and auxochromes concept, Wood-Fisher rules for calculating absorption maximum, applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy. IR spectroscopy: Basic principles-Molecular vibrations, vibrational frequency, factors influencing vibrational frequencies, sampling techniques, instrumentation, interpretation of spectra, FT-IR, theory and applications.

Module-4	RBT Level: L1, L2, L3	8 Hours
7 10 41410		

Mass spectroscopy: Theory, ionization techniques: electron impact ionization, chemical ionization, field ionization, fast atom bombardment, plasma desorption, fragmentation process: types of fission, resolution, GC/MS, interpretation of spectra and applications for identification and structure determination. X-ray diffraction (XRD): Bragg's law, basic powder diffraction, generation of X-rays, Instrumentation, Scherrer equation, BCC and FCC Bravais lattice, phase identification using XRD.

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**NMR**: Theory, instrumentation, chemical shift, shielding and de-shielding effects, splitting of signals, spin-spin coupling, proton exchange reactions, coupling constant (J), Nuclear OverHauser effect (NOE), <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR spectra and its applications.

#### Laboratory Sessions:

Paper chromatography: Separation of colored substances in a mixture by using different solvents as mobile phase. UV-Vis spectroscopy: Quantitative determination of various analytes in a given sample by UV-visible spectroscopy.

Scheme of Evaluation				
Details		Marks		
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each				
i.e.		30		
Σ (Marks obtained in each test)/3	CIE(50)			
Quizzes		4		
Assignments		8		
Experiments related to courses		8		
Semester End Examination	SEE(50)	50		
	Total	100		

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Discuss classification of chromatography and explain Thin Layer, Gas										
COI	Chromatography and High Performance Liquid Chromatographic methods										
CO2 Discuss types of spectroscopy, instrumentation and applications of UV											
COZ	Spectroscopy										
CO3	Explain theory, instrumentation and applications of IR spectroscopy										
CO4	Discuss principle, instrumentation and applications of Mass Spectroscopy and										
CO4	NMR spectroscopy										
CO5	Discuss principle, instrumentation and applications of X-ray diffraction										

Text Books:												
1.	Instrumental Methods of Chemical Analysis by B.K. Sharma											
Reference Books:												
1.	1. Organic Spectroscopy by Y.R Sharma											
2.	Text book of Quantitative Chemical Analysis by Vogel's A.I.											
3.	Organ	iic Spe	ctrosco	opy by	Willia	n Kerr	ιp					
					CO-	PO M	apping	<u> </u>				
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	1								
CO2	3	2	2									
CO3	3	3	2									
CO4	3	1	2	1								
CO5	3	1	1									

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	CHEMICAL ENGINEERING DRAWING LAB	Semester	IV
Course Code	MVJ20CHL47	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	20 L:T:P::0:10:10	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	3	Total	100
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

Draw the proportionate drawings of reaction vessel, jacked vessels, evaporator, STHE and also the assembly drawings of socket and spigot, flanged pipe and union joints etc with the help of solid edge software.

Sl	Experiment Name	RBT	Hours
Мо	Experiment Name	Level	nours
1.	Sectional views: Representation of the sectional planes,	L1, L2, L3	3
	Sectional lines and hatching, selection of section planes and		
	types of sectional views.		
2.	Proportionate drawings: Equipment and piping symbols,	L1, L2, L3	3
	Vessels components: Vessel openings, Manholes, Vessel		
	enclosures, Vessel support, Jackets, Shell and tube heat		
	exchanger, Reaction vessel with the help of solid edge software		
	and different types of Evaporators. P & I Diagrams.		
3.	Assembly drawings: Joints: Cotter joint with sleeve, Socket	L1, L2, L3	3
	and Spigot joint, Flanged pipe joint, Union joint, Stuffing box		
	and Expansion joint (Screw type or flanged type).		

#### Note:

• Assignments to be given to students to practice all the drawings and weightage shall given to these assignments while awarding IA marks.

joir	jointly by Internal and External examiners.								
• Co	Computer Aided drawing Software: Solid Edge or Equivalent Software.								
Cours	Course outcomes:								
CO1	Draw the general projections of given object.								
CO2	Represent two-dimensional proportionate drawings of process symbols of various pipes and fittings.								
CO3	Draw the proportionate drawings of reaction vessel, jacked vessels, evaporator, STHE and DPHE								
CO4	Draw the assembly drawings of socket and spigot, flanged pipe and union joints showing sectional, front, top, and side views.								
CO5	Demonstrate the usage of solid edge software tool for engineering drawing.								

## Scheme of Evaluation:

Details	Marks	
Daily Evaluation		30
Internal Assessment	CIE (50)	10
Project Based Experiment		10
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
	Total	100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1			3							
CO2	3	1			3							
CO3	3	1			3							
CO4	3	1			3							
CO5	3	1			3							

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	MECHANICAL OPERATIONS LAB	Semester	IV
Course Code	MVJ20CHL48	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L: T: P:: 0: 10: 30	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	3	Total	100
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Analyse the efficiency of various size reduction equipment's, Average particle size analysis, and to evaluate filtration and sedimentation processes

Sl No	Experiment Name	RBT Level	Hours
1.	Ball mill- verify the crushing laws using given sample	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
2.	Batch sedimentation- determine area of thickener	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	required for given sample		
3.	Free settling- determine settling velocity of various	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	samples		
4.	Drop weight crusher- verify the crushing laws using given	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	sample		
5.	Sieve analysis-find the particle size distribution of the	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	given sample		
6.	Screen effectiveness-find the separation efficiency of	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	given screen.		
7.	Jaw crusher- verify the crushing laws using given sample	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
8.	Leaf filter-find the specific cake resistance	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
9.	Air elutriation - find the particle size distribution of the	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	given sample		
10.	Air permeability- find the specific surface area of the	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	particles of a given sample		
11.	Grindability index	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
12.	Froth floatation- Efficiency of frothing agent in separating	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	given ore sample	L1, L2, LJ, L4	
13.	Plate and frame filter press - find the specific cake	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	resistance	L1, L2, LJ, L7	
	I.		

14.	Cyclone separator- Efficiency of separation L1, L2, L3, L4 3								
Course	outcomes:								
CO1									
CO2	Analyse principles and different types of size reduction equipment's like								
COZ	crushers, grinders etc.								
CO3	Evaluate the effectiveness of screening, filtration, sedimentation, of solids etc.								
CO4	Evaluate energy requirements in solids handling, agitation and mixing, solid								
CO4	conveying and storage.								
CO5	Conduct experiments on some of the basic unit operations such as separation								
003	size reduction.								
Text Bo	ooks:								
4	McCabe, W. L., Smith, J. C., & Harriott, P. (1993). <i>Unit operations of chemical</i>								
1.	engineering (Vol. 5, p. 154). New York: McGraw-hill.								
2.	Badger, W. L., &Banchero, J. L. (2010). Introduction to chemical engineering.								
۷.	25th reprint.								
Refere	nce Books:								
	McCoy, B. J. (1993). CHEMICAL ENGINEERING: Vol. 2. Particle Technology and								
1.	Separation Processes, by JM Coulson, JF Richardson, JR Backhurst, and JH								
	Harker. Chemical Engineering Education, 27(3), 183-199.								
	Montillon, G. H. (1951). Unit Operations. By GG Brown, AS Foust, DL Katz, R.								
2	Schneidewind, RR White, WP Wood, JT Banchero, GM Brown, LE Brownell, JJ								
2.	Martin, GB Williams, and JL York. <i>The Journal of Physical Chemistry</i> , 55(4), 614-								
	616.								

Viva		10
Write up		10
Conduction	SEE (50)	20
Analysis of results	022 (00)	10
Viva		10
Total		100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO4	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO5	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	CONSTITUTION OF INDIA, PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND CYBER LAW	Semester	IV
Course Code	MVJ20CPH49	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	15 L : T : P :: 15 :0 : 0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/Week	01	Total	100
Credits	01	Exam. Duration	2 hrs

• To know the fundamental political codes, structure, procedures, powers, and duties of Indian constitution, Indian government institutions, fundamental rights, directive principles and the duties of the citizens.

Elections, Electoral Process, and Election Commission of India, Election Laws.

Amendments - Methods in Constitutional Amendments (How and Why) and Important Constitutional Amendments. Amendments - 7,9,10,12,42,44,61,73,74,75,86, and 91,94,95,100,101,118 and some important Case Studies. Recent Amendments with explanation. Important Judgements with Explanation and its impact on society (from the list of Supreme Court Judgements). Emergency Provisions, types of Emergencies and it's consequences.

Constitutional Special Provisions: Special Constitutional Provisions for SC & ST, OBC, Special Provision for Women, Children & Backward Classes.

Module – IV RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 3 Hours

Professional / Engineering Ethics: Scope & Aims of Engineering & Professional Ethics - Business Ethics, Corporate Ethics, Personal Ethics. Engineering and Professionalism, Positive and Negative Faces of Engineering Ethics, Code of Ethics as defined in the website of Institution of Engineers (India): Profession, Professionalism, Professional Responsibility. Clash of Ethics, Conflicts of Interest. Responsibilities in Engineering - Responsibilities in Engineering and Engineering Standards, the impediments to Responsibility. Trust and Reliability in Engineering, IPRs (Intellectual Property Rights), Risks, Safety and liability in Engineering.

Module – V RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 3 Hours

### Internet Laws, Cyber Crimes and Cyber Laws:

Internet and Need for Cyber Laws, Modes of Regulation of Internet, Types of cyber terror capability, Net neutrality, Types of Cyber Crimes, India and cyber law, Cyber Crimes and the information Technology Act 2000, Internet Censorship, Cybercrimes and enforcement agencies.

Course Outcomes: On completion of this course, students will be able to			
CO1	D1 Have constitutional knowledge and legal literacy		
CO2	Understand Engineering and Professional ethics and responsibilities of		
	Engineers.		
CO3	Understand the cyber crimes and cyber laws for cyber safety measure.		

#### Text Books:

1. Constitution of India and Professional Ethics, T.S. Anupama, Sunstar Publisher

#### Reference Books:

	Durga Das Basu (DD Basu): "Introduction to the Constitution on India",
1.	(Students Edition.)
	Prentice –Hall EEE, 19 <sup>th</sup> /20 <sup>th</sup> Edn., (Latest Edition) or 2008.
	Shubham Singles, Charles E. Haries, and Et al: "Constitution of India and
2.	Professional Ethics" by Cengage Learning India Private Limited, Latest Edition
	- 2018.
3	M.Govindarajan, S.Natarajan, V.S.Senthilkumar, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice –
	Hall of India Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 2004.
4.	M.V.Pylee, "An Introduction to Constitution of India", Vikas Publishing, 2002.
5.	Latest Publications of NHRC - Indian Institute of Human Rights, New Delhi.

#### CIE Assessment:

CIE is based on quizzes, tests, assignments/seminars and any other form of evaluation. Generally, there will be: Three Internal Assessment (IA) tests during the semester (40 marks each), the final IA marks to be awarded will be the average of three tests

- Assignment (10 marks)

#### SEE Assessment:

- i. Question paper for the SEE consists one part. It is compulsory and consists of objective type 1 mark each for total of 50 marks covering the whole syllabus.
- ii. Ten questions must be set from each unit. The duration of examination is 3 hours.

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2
CO2	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2
CO3	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
CO4	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
CO5	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS-II (COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)	Semester	IV
Course Code	MVJ20MATDIP41	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	-	Exam. Duration	3hrs

Course objective is to: This course viz., aims to prepare the students:

To familiarize the important tools Linear Algebra, differential Calculus, Beta and Gamma functions, 3-Dimentional Geometry and probability for analysing the engineering problems.

Module-1 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

**Linear Algebra:** Introduction, Rank of a matrix-echelon form. Solution of system of linear equations – consistency. Gauss-elimination method and problems. Eigen values and Eigen vectors of square matrix of order two and Problems.

Video Link:

https://www.math.ust.hk/~machas/matrix-algebra-for-

engineers.pdfhttps://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/122104018/node18.html

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

Differential calculus: Tangent and normal, both Cartesian and polar forms. Increasing and decreasing functions, Maxima and Minima for a function of one variable. Point of inflections and Problems. Beta and Gamma functions: Beta and Gamma functions, Relation between Beta and Gamma function-simple problems.

Video Link:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6RwOoPN2zqE

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=s6F5yjY6jWk&list=PLMLsjhQWWlUqBoTCQDtYlloI-o-9hxp11

http://tutorial.math.lamar.edu/Classes/DE/IntroPDE.aspx

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

**Analytical solid geometry:** Introduction –Directional cosine and Directional ratio of a line, Equation of line in space- different forms, Angle between two line, shortest distance between two line, plane and equation of plane in different forms and problems.

Video Link:

https://www.toppr.com/guides/maths/three-dimensional-geometry/

https://www.toppr.com/guides/maths/three-dimensional-geometry/distance-between-skew-lines/

Modulo 4	RBT Level: L1,	8 Hours
Module-4	L2, L3	

**Probability:** Random variable, Discrete probability distribution, Mean and variance of Random Variable, Theoretical distribution- Binomial distribution, Mean and variance Binomial distribution -Problems. Poisson distribution as a limiting case of Binomial distribution, Mean and variance of Poisson distribution. Normal Distribution-Basic properties of Normal distribution -standard form of normal distribution and Problems.

Video Link:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111/105/111105041/

https://www.mathsisfun.com/data/probability.html

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

Partial differential equation: Formation of PDE's by elimination of arbitrary constants and functions. Solution of non-homogeneous PDE by direct integration. Homogeneous PDEs involving derivative with respect to one independent variable only.

Video Link:

http://tutorial.math.lamar.edu/Classes/DE/IntroPDE.aspx

https://www.studyyaar.com/index.php/module-video/watch/233-cauchys-legendres-de-a-method-of-variation-of-parameters

#### Course outcomes:

Apply the knowledge of Matrices to solve the system of linear						
equations and to understand the concepts of Eigen value and Eigen						
vectors for engineering problems.						
Demonstrate various physical models ,find Maxima and Minima for a function						
of one variable., Point of inflections and Problems .Understand Beta and						
Gamma function						
Understand the 3-Dimensional geometry basic, Equation of line in space-						
different forms, Angle between two line and studying the shortest distance.						
Concepts of Probability related to engineering applications.						
Construct a variety of partial differential equations and solution by exact						
methods.						

Text Boo	oks:
1.	B.S. Grewal, "Higher Engineering Mathematics" Khanna Publishers, 43 <sup>rd</sup> Edition
1.	2013.
2.	Ramana B. V., "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2006.
Reference	ce Books:
1	Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley-India publishers,
	10thedition,2014.
2	G. B. Gururajachar: Calculus and Linear Algebra, Academic Excellent Series
	Publication, 2018-19

## CIE Assessment:

CIE is based on quizzes, tests, assignments/seminars and any other form of evaluation. Generally, there will be: Three Internal Assessment (IA) tests during the semester (30 marks each), the final IA marks to be awarded will be the average of three tests

- Quizzes/mini tests (10 marks)
- Assignment (10 marks)

# SEE Assessment:

i. Question paper for the SEE consists two parts i.e. Part A and Part B. Part A is compulsory and consists of objective type or short answer type questions of 1 or 2 marks each for total of 20 marks covering the whole syllabus.

ii.

Course Title	TECHNICAL	Semester	V
	MANAGEMENT &		
	ENTREPRENEURSHIP		
Course Code	MVJ20TEM51	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L: T : P :: 40 : 00 : 00	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	3	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3Hrs

Course objective: This course will enable students to

• Introduce the field of management, task of the manager, importance of planning and types of planning, staff recruitment and selection process.

Organizing and Staffing: Meaning, Nature and Characteristics of Organization – Process of Organization, Principles of Organization, Departmentalization, Committees – meaning, Types of Committees, Centralization Vs Decentralization of Authority and Responsibility, Span of Control,

Nature and Importance of Staffing, Process of Selection and Recruitment.

**Directing and Controlling:** Meaning and Nature of Directing-Leadership Styles, Motivation Theories,

Communication – Meaning and Importance, Coordination- Meaning and Importance, Techniques of Coordination. Controlling – Meaning, Steps in Controlling.

# Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning

• Case study of steel plant departmentalization. Applications

definitions of SSI Enterprises, Government policy and development of the Small Scale sector in India, Growth and Performance of Small Scale Industries in India, Sickness in SSI sector, Problems for Small Scale Industries, Impact of Globalization on SSI, Impact of WTO/GATT on SSIs, Ancillary Industry and Tiny Industry (Definition only).

Institutional Support for Business Enterprises: Introduction, Policies & Schemes of Central – Level Institutions, State-Level Institutions.

#### Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning

Case study on the growth of small-scale industries. Application

Small Scale Industries

#### Web Link and Video Lectures

https://www.slideshare.net/syedmubarak15/institutional-support-for-business-enterprises https://www.wto.org/english/docs\_e/legal\_e/gatt47\_01\_e.htm

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

Project Management: Meaning of Project, Project Objectives & Characteristics, Project Identification- Meaning & Importance; Project Life Cycle, Project Scheduling, Capital Budgeting, Generating an Investment Project Proposal, Project Report-Need and Significance of Report, Contents, Formulation, Project Analysis-Market, Technical, Financial, Economic, Ecological, Project Evaluation and Selection, Project Financing, Project Implementation Phase, Human & Administrative aspects of Project Management, Prerequisites for Successful Project Implementation. New Control Techniques- PERT and CPM, Steps involved in developing the network, Uses and Limitations of PERT and CPM.

#### Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning

• Investigation on the market in correspondence to project.

Activitie	es / Exper	imentat	ions re	lated t	o coui	rses			)		8	
Mini Pro	ojects / C	ase Stud	dies								8	
Semest	er End Ex	aminati	on						SEE (50)		50	
									Tot	al	100	)
Course o	outcome	s: At the	e end c	of the c	ourse,	the s	tudent	will b	e able t	to		
CO1	Understand the concept of Management											
CO2	Underst	tand the	e staffir	ng prod	cess							
CO3	Explain	the soc	ial resp	onsibi	lities c	of busi	ness to	oward	s Differ	ent Gro	ups	
CO4	Explain	the Rol	e of Sm	nall Sca	ale Ind	ustrie	S					
CO5	Interpre	et the Pr	oject (		ves							
Deferer	ce Book											
			alaisea C		Carolt	14.		الغمم	Duanti	1 (all	(Trankin)	D. T. 1 T.
1.		1 P. ROI	obins 8	Mary	Coult	er, Ma	ınager	nent   ,	Prenti	се наш	(India)	Pvt. Ltd.
	10th	2000										
-	Edition,											
2.	JAF Sto				and l	Janiel	R G	ılbert	, Mana	agemer	nt  , Pea	arson
	Education		•									
3.							Stephen A. Robbins & David A. Decenzo& Mary Coulter, Fundamentals of					
	Manage	Management   Pearson Education, 7th Edition, 2011.										
4.	Robert Kreitner& Mamata Mohapatra, Management  , Biztantra, 2008.						dition,	2011.				
••	110001	•••							, Biztan	tra, 200	)8.	
5.		Kreitner Koontz	& Mam	nata Mo	ohapat	tra, Ma	anager	nent  ,				McGraw
	Harold	Kreitner Koontz 8.	& Mam	nata Mo	ohapat eihrich	tra, Ma	anager sentia	nent  ,	manag	ement",	Tata	
5.	Harold Hill,199	Kreitner Koontz 8. y PC & F	& Mam	nata Mo inz Wo	ohapat eihrich inciple	tra, Ma	anager sentia	nent  ,	manag	ement",	Tata	
5.	Harold Hill,199	Kreitner Koontz 8. y PC & F	& Marr & He	nata Mo inz Wo	ohapat eihrich inciple	tra, Ma	anager sentia	nent  ,	manag	ement",	Tata	
5. 6.	Harold Hill,199 Tripath	Kreitner Koontz 8. y PC & F	*& Mam * & He Reddy I	nata Mo inz Wo PN, "Pr	ohapateihrich	tra, Ma	anager sentia Manage	nent  , ls of 1	manago	ement", McGrav	Tata  / Hill, 1º	999
5. 6.	Harold Hill,199 Tripath	Kreitner Koontz 8. y PC & I CO PO2	& Mam & He Reddy I D-PO M	nata Mo inz Wo PN, "Pr lappin PO4	ohapateihrich inciple	es of M	esentia Manage PO7	nent  , ls of 1 ement	manago , Tata	ement", McGrav	Tata    W Hill, 19    PO11	999 PO12
5. 6. CO/PO CO1 CO2 CO3	Harold Hill,199 Tripath PO1 2 2 2 2	Kreitner Koontz 8. y PC & F CC PO2	& Mam & He Reddy I D-PO M PO3	nata Mo inz Wo PN, "Pr 1appin PO4 2	ohapateihrich inciple g PO5	es of MPO6	anager sentia Manage PO7	nent  , ls of   ement  PO8 1	manago " , Tata PO9	ement", McGrav PO10	Tata    W Hill, 19 	999 PO12
5. 6. CO/PO CO1 CO2	Harold Hill,199 Tripath	Kreitner Koontz 8. y PC & I  CC  PO2  3 2	Reddy I PO3 3 1	nata Mo inz Wo PN, "Pr lappin PO4 2 2	eihrich inciple g PO5 2	es of M	esentia Aanage PO7	nent  , ls of 1 ement  PO8 1 1	manage , Tata PO9 1 1	PO10	Tata    W Hill, 19 	999 PO12 1

Course Title	CHEMICAL REACTION	Semester	V	
Course Time	ENGINEERING - II	Serriester		
Course Code	MVJ20CH52	CIE	50	
Total No. of Contact Hours	50 L:T:P::30:10:10	SEE	50	
No. of Contact Hours/week	5	Total	100	
Credits	4	Exam. Duration	3 Hours	

• Understand and apply the principles of non-ideal flow in the design of reactor.

**Experiential Learning**: Understanding the solid-combustion reactions with real-life examples.

**Applications:** The chemical and energy industries rely heavily on heterogeneous catalysis, because it enables faster, large-scale production and the selective product formation.

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/106/103106117/

https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemical-engineering/10-37-chemical-and-biological-reaction-engineering-spring-2007/

https://pubs.rsc.org/am/content/articlehtml/2012/cy/c2cy90039d

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 10 Hours

**Catalysis:** Introduction to catalysis. Properties of catalysts. Estimation methods for catalytic properties. Promoters, inhibitors etc, Mechanism of catalysis. Rate equations for different rate controlling step. **Deactivation**: Deactivating catalyst. Mechanism, rate & performance equation.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrating catalyzed versus uncatalyzed reaction with an example and showing improvement of rate of reaction in case of catalyzed reaction.

**Applications:** Catalytic processes concerns the large fields of the hydrocarbon's transformation into intermediates and final products.

#### Video Links:

https://application.wiley-vch.de/books/sample/352730715X\_c01. pdf https://www.essentialchemicalindustry.org/processes/catalysis-in-industry.html https://www.eolss.net/sample-chapters/C06/E6-190-03-00.pdf

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 10 Hours

Solid Catalyzed Reactions: Heterogeneous reactions- Introduction, Kinetic regimes. Rate equation for surface kinetics. Pore diffusion resistance combined with surface kinetics. Thiele modulus and enhancement factor, Porous catalyst particles. Heat effects during reaction. Performance equations for reactors containing porous catalyst particles. Experimental methods for finding rates.

**Experiential Learning:** Identifying some solid-catalyzed reactions in daily-life routine.

Applications: Students can understand the mechanism of catalyzed reactions used

to accelerate the rate by which a specific chemistry proceeds and the action of the catalyst is to provide an alternative, lower energy pathway for the reaction.

#### Video Links:

https://www.itcp.kit.edu/deutschmann/download/III\_12\_2009\_UllmannEncycl\_HetCa tal\_Turek\_Deutschmann.pdf

https://www.mt.com/in/en/home/applications/L1\_AutoChem\_Applications/L2\_ReactionAnalysis/Catalytic-Reactions.html

Module-5	RBT Level: L1, L2, L3	10 Hours

**Solid Catalyzed Reactions (Contd.):** Packed bed catalytic reactor & reactors with suspended solid catalyst. Fluidized reactors of various types. Gas-Liquid Reactors: Trickle bed, slurry reactors. Three phase fluidized bed. Industrially important Catalyst, Basic concepts of green catalysis, applications of environmental catalysts.

**Experiential Learning**: Identifying green catalysts substitutes for specific reactions, with examples.

**Applications**: Students can understand the performance equation of solid catalysed reaction in various reactors with industrial application of green catalysis.

#### Video Links:

 $https://www.itcp.kit.edu/deutschmann/download/III\_12\_2009\_UllmannEncycl\_HetCatal\_Turek\_Deutschmann.pdf$ 

http://nptel.ac.in/courses/103101008/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/101/103101141/

https://www.ualberta.ca/science/green-chemistry-catalysis.html

#### Course outcomes: Interpret non ideality in a reactor using RTD data and predict conversion CO1 using various models like Dispersion and tanks in series model. CO2 Develop the rate equations for heterogeneous fluid particle systems and the fluid -fluid non catalytic reactions to solve problems. CO3 Derive the rate expressions for heterogeneous catalytic reactions and Catalytic deactivation. CO4 Analyze different steps in reaction mechanisms on solid catalytic surfaces and identify the factors affecting rate. CO5 Derive the performance equation of solid catalysed reaction in various reactors with industrial application of green catalysis. Text Books:

1	Levenspiel, O. (1998). Chemical reaction engineering. John wiley & sons.
2	Fogler, H. S. (2010). Essentials of Chemical Reaction Engineering: Essenti
	Chemica Reactio Engi. Pearson Education.
Referen	ce Books:
1	Smith, J. M. (1981). Chemical engineering kinetics (No. TP149 S58).
2	Carberry, J. J. (2001). Chemical and catalytic reaction engineering. Courier
	Corporation.

Scheme of Evaluation		
Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3	OTT (50)	30
Quizzes - 2Nos.		2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Tutorials (1 in each module)	CIE (50)	5X2=10
Mini Projects/ Case studies/ Journal Report-2 Nos		6
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
Total		100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	3								
CO2	3	3	2									
CO3	3	2										
CO4	3	3										
CO5	3	3	2									

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	MASS TRANSFER – I	Semester	V
Course Code	MVJ20CH53	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L: T: P:: 20 : 10 : 10	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	4	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Formulate equations for estimation of diffusivities in fluids & solids using first principles of engineering sciences.

Design of cooling towers.

**Experiential Learning**: Experiment to determine the overall heat transfer coefficient in a forced draft counter current cooling tower. To measure Tower Characteristic parameter KV/L for various liquid and air flow rates (L/G) in a counter-current Forced draft Cooling Tower.

**Applications:** It helps in understanding the humidification of gases for the controlled drying of wet solids. Mostly it is used for the drying of the food grade products, then dehumidification and cooling of the gas in the air conditioning machine, gas cooling with the help of water and cooling of liquid before reuse with the help of this cooling tower

## Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_ch15/preview

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103154/

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 | 8 Hours

**Drying**: Introduction, Equilibria, Drying rate curves. Mechanism of drying, types of dryers. Design of batch and continuous dryers.

**Experiential Learning:** Experiment to study the drying characteristics using vacuum dryer. To study the drying characteristics by drying the given sample in a tray Dryer and to determine the mass transfer and heat transfer co-efficient.

**Applications**: Mass transfer process consisting of the removal of water or another solvent by evaporation from a solid, semi-solid or liquid. This process is often used as a final production step before selling or packaging products.

# Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://nzifst.org.nz/resources/unitoperations/documents/UnitopsCh7.pdf https://www.chemengonline.com/solids-drying-basics-and-

applications/?printmode=1

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/103103027/pdf/mod4.pdf

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Adsorption**: Theories of adsorption. Isotherms, Industrial adsorbents. Equipment, Batch & continuous multistage adsorption.

**Experiential Learning**: Experimental Study of Adsorption on Activated Carbon for

 $CO_2$  Capture. Batch Sorption Studies: Freundlich and Langmuir Isotherms.

**Applications:** Some of the applications of various adsorbents like charcoal is used to decolorize as it adsorbs the coloring matter from the colored solution of sugar, Silica gel adsorbing moisture from the desiccators, Silica and alumina gels for removing moisture and for controlling humidity of rooms.

# Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

http://home.eng.iastate.edu/~tge/ce326/518-527.pdf

https://www.aiche.org/sites/default/files/docs/pages/adsorption\_basics\_part\_1.pdf https://nitsri.ac.in/Department/Chemical%20Engineering/Adsorption.pdf

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Crystallization:** Factors governing nucleation and crystal growth rates. Controlled growth of crystals. Incorporation of principles into design of equipment. Different types of crystallizer equipment.

Introduction to Separation Techniques: Ion exchange, Membrane Processes-Reverse Osmosis, Dialysis, Ultra and Micro-filtrations, Super-critical fluid extraction. (Working principle and operations only)

**Experiential Learning:** Experiment to prepare pure crystals from an impure sample. Pure samples can be obtained using Crystallizers.

**Applications:** It helps in understanding the process robustness which governs process productivity and economics. In particular, the pharmaceutical and food sectors are utilizing crystallization for optimized separation, purification, and solid form selection.

#### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://nitsri.ac.in/Department/Chemical%20Engineering/MT-I.pdf http://www.eolss.net/ebooks/Sample%20Chapters/C06/E6-34-03-02.pdf https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103154/

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Explain the principles of diffusion in solids and fluids and interpret the behaviour the mass transfer coefficients using various theories and HTU and
001	bertaviour the mass transfer coefficients using various theories and ATO and
	NTU concepts.
CO2	Explain concepts, application of humidification, dehumidification and design
	of cooling towers.
CO3	Comprehend operation, concepts and types of dryers.
CO4	Explain various isotherms, modes of adsorption operations, types of adsorber

	and design of packed bed adsorber.					
CO5	Apply principles of crystallisation in design of crystalliser and illustrate the					
	working principle of various novel separation techniques.					
Text B	Books:					
1	Treybal, R. E. (1980). Mass transfer operations. New York, 466.					
2	McCabe & Smith. (2001). Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering, 6th edn,					
	McGraw Hill					
Refere	ence Books:					
1	Geankoplis, C. J. (2003). Transport processes and separation principles					
_	(include unit operation).					
2	Coulson and Richardson (1988). Chemical Engineering Vol I, II, III, IV and V,					
	4th edn, Pergamon Press.					
7	Foust, A. S., Wenzel, L. A., Clump, C. W., Maus, L., & Andersen, L. B. (2008).					
3	Principles of unit operations. John Wiley & Sons.					

Scheme of Evaluation														
Details												Ma	arks	
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3													30	
Quizzes - 2Nos.									CIE (5	2X2=4				
Activitie module		erimer	ntation	ns relat	ted to	course	e (1 in :	each					5X2=10	
Assignm	nents /	' Discu	ssion	of Jou	rnal pa	apers -	3Nos.	•					3X2=6	
Semeste	er End	Exami	natior	ì						SEE (50)		50		
Total													100	
СО-РО	Mapp	ing									I.			
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO2	11	PO12	
CO1	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
CO2	02 3 3								-		-			
CO3	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO4	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
CO5	3	3	2	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	_		-	

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	INDUSTRIAL POLLUTION CONTROL	Semester	V
Course Code	MVJ20CH54	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To enhance knowledge and skills in the areas of importance of pollution, analysis & treatment of wastewater, polluted air, solid waste, noise and its control.

Module-1 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Introduction: Importance of environment for mankind. Types of pollution. Damages from environmental pollution. Need of environmental legislations and environmental Acts in India. Environmental Impact Assessment and Challenges. Functions of central and state pollution control boards. Sampling and Analysis of Wastewater: Evaluation, classification and characterization of wastewater. Physical and chemical characteristics. BOD, COD and their importance. Types of water pollutants and their effects.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrating environment impact assessment with a case study on chemical industry.

**Applications:** It will give insight of environmental laws and to create environmental awareness and to promote environmental education. The sampling and analysis of wastewater will help them to understand the detail procedure of sampling which is the primary step in the design of a wastewater treatment plant

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/107/103107084/

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Wastewater Treatment: Preliminary, primary, secondary and tertiary treatments of wastewater. Advanced wastewater treatment. Recovery of materials from process effluents. Applications to Industries: Norms and standards of treated water. Origin, characteristics, and treatment methods in typical industries – petroleum refinery, pulp and paper, distillery, and textile processing.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstration of wastewater treatment in various chemical industries by videos/animations.

**Applications**: The students will understand the experimental process relates to unit processes in a water treatment facility. It helps them to understand the treatment and removal of potentially harmful contaminants from different Chemical industries.

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/107/103107084/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/105/105105048/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zVZ9c6EXfTA

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Air Pollution: Nature of air pollution. Classification of air pollutants. Sources of air pollutants. Air quality criteria and standards. Plume behaviour and dispersion of air pollutants. Sampling of pollutants. Methods of estimation of air pollutants.

Experiential Learning: Demonstration on sampling of air pollutants using samplers.

**Applications:** Sampling and estimation of air pollutants is to check the environmental air is meeting regulatory standards.

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/102/105102089/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/106/103106162/

http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/environmental-air-pollution.html

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Air Pollution Control: Control methods for particulates and gaseous pollutants. Air pollution control methods and equipment. Source collection methods: raw material changes, process changes, and equipment modification. Air pollution Control equipment. Origin, control methods, and equipment used in typical industriesmetallurgical industries, and cement industries. Experiential Learning: Demonstrate the air pollution control using electrostatic precipitators and bag filter.

**Applications**: Control equipment has applications in a wide range of industries, preventing the release of chemicals, vapors, and dust and filtering and purifying the air within the work environment.

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/106/103106162/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/107/103107084/

Module-5	RBT Level: L1, L2, L3	8 Hours
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**Solid Waste Management**: Origin, Classification and microbiology. Engineered systems for solid waste management – generation, onsite handling, storage, collection, transfer and transport, composting, sanitary land filling. **Noise Pollution**: Generation of noise, control strategies in industries. Recent trends in industrial waste management, Cradle to grave concept, Lifecycle analysis, Clean technologies.

**Experiential Learning:** To determine the percentage moisture content and volatile fatty acids present in the solid waste sample.

**Applications:** The solid waste treatment is for reducing and eliminating adverse impacts of waste materials on human health and the environment to support economic development and superior quality of life. Clean technology will help in reducing greenhouse gas productions.

#### Video Links:

nptel.ac.in/courses/120/108/120108005/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/104/112104227/

https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/earth-and-planetary-sciences/clean-technology

Cours	e outcomes:
	Discuss the fundamentals of environmental pollution and the associated legal
CO1	aspects.
	Explain various wastewater treatment methods and the origin, characteristics, and
CO2	treatment methods in typical industries.
005	Interpret the aspects of air pollution and the methods of estimating various air
CO3	pollutants.
004	Outline the control strategies for industrial air pollution control to be within the
CO4	ambit of environmental regulations.
005	Explain different techniques for municipal solid waste management, noise
CO5	pollution and the recent trends in industrial waste management.
Text B	Books:
	Rao, C. S. (2007). Environmental pollution control engineering. New Age
1	International.
	Mahajan, S. P. (1985). <i>Pollution control in process industries</i> . Tata McGraw-Hill
2	Education.
1	

Refere	ence Books:		
1	Mudakavi, J. R. (2010). <i>Principles and practices of air pollution coanalysis</i> . IK International Pvt Ltd.	ontrol ar	าd
2	Dara, S. S., & Mishra, D. D. (2006). <i>A textbook of environmental cher pollution control.</i> S. Chand Publishing.	mistry ar	nd
Detail	s	Marks	

Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each		30
i.e., ∑ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2 Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Assignment -2 Nos.		3X2=6
/Presentation - 1 Nos		3/2-0
Mini Projects/ Case studies - 2 Nos.		2X5=10
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
Total	•	100

# CO/PO PO1 F

CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3				3	3	3				
CO2	3	3				3	3	3				
CO3	3	3				3	3	3				
CO4	3	3				3	3	3				
CO5	3	3				3	3	3				

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PETROLEUM REFINERY ENGINEERING	Semester	V	
Course Code	MVJ20CH551	CIE	50	
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:0:0	SEE	50	
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100	
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours	

- Understand history, classification of petroleum crudes.
- Understand the extraction and production of oil and gas to meet energy needs, as well as refining of crude oil for a wide spectrum of useful products.

Module-1	RBT L3	Level:	L1,	L2,	8 Hours
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**Introduction to petroleum refinery:** Refinery overview, major refineries in India, markets, offshore and onshore, oil well technology.

Physical properties and classification of crude oils: Composition of petroleum, laboratory tests, refinery feed stocks and products, evaluation of crude oil properties, thermal properties of petroleum fractions.

Experiential Learning: To determine the flash point and fire point of a fuel.

**Applications**: Crude oil assay data help refineries determine if a crude oil feedstock is compatible for a particular petroleum refinery or if the crude oil could cause yield, quality, production, environmental and other problems.

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/102/103102022/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PdStB9z37eA

Module-2	RBT Level: L1, L2, L3	8 Hours
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**Crude Pre-treatment:** Pumping of crude oils. Dehydration of crude by chemical, gravity, centrifugal, electrical de-salter. Heating of crude- heater, different types of pipe still heaters including box type, cylindrical etc. Crude distillation, arrangement of towers for various types of reflux. Design concept of crude oil distillation column design. Atmospheric and Vacuum Distillation.

**Experiential Learning:** To demonstrate the crude pre-treatment using videos/animations.

**Applications**: This is the first and most basic step in the refining process and is the precursor to cracking and reforming.

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/102/103102022/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mn-u-7fRQv4

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LcMT6k\_loi8

	RBT	Level:	L1,	L2,	0.17
Module-3	L3				8 Hours

Thermal Cracking: Thermal cracking reactions- theory of thermal cracking. Properties of cracked materials and factors influencing the properties of cracked materials. Vis breaking, Cracking for the production of gasoline. Catalytic Cracking: Theory, feed stock and catalytic cracking conditions, Catalytic cracking processes. Fixed bed crackers. Moving bed crackers. Fluid catalytic cracking, Houdri flow process, flexi cracking-orthoflow reactor.

**Experiential Learning**: Demonstration of thermal and catalytic cracking using videos/animations.

**Applications**: Cracking is the most important process for the commercial production of gasoline and diesel fuel.

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/102/103102022/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=K-shupztU78

https://www.e-education.psu.edu/fsc432/content/fluid-catalytic-cracking-fcc

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, 8 H
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Catalytic Reforming: Theory of reforming. Reaction Conditions, reforming catalysts and factors influencing reforming, reforming catalysts, feedstock requirements. Catalytic reforming, Houndi forming, flexi forming, Rhein forming. Naphtha cracking: Theory, naphtha cracking for ethylene as feed selection and gas yield. Hydro cracking. Theory of hydro cracking. Catalysts for hydro cracking.

**Experiential Learning:** Synthesis of zeolite catalyst from natural sources.

**Applications**: Catalytic reforming is the process of converting low octane naphtha into high-octane reformate products.

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/102/103102022/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7ct8QsBn5G8

Module-5	RBT Level: L1, L2, 8 Hours
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**Coking:** Theory of coking. General methods of petroleum coke production, various types of coking processes. Delayed coking, fluid coking, contact coking, flexi coking. **Hydro cracking:** Theory of hydro cracking. Catalysts for hydro cracking. Environmental issues and new trends in petroleum refinery operations.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstration on hydrocracking with a case study on a petroleum refinery.

**Applications:** Coking is a refinery unit operation that upgrades material called bottoms from the atmospheric or vacuum distillation column into higher-value products and produces petroleum coke—a coal-like material. Hydrocracking is an important source of diesel and jet fuel.

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/102/103102022/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8a93jdNA-xw

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SvhbVt5RKCg

#### Course outcomes:

	Outline the overview of the modern, integrated petroleum refinery, its					
CO1	feedstocks, product state and the processes employed to convert crude oil and					
	intermediate streams into finished products.					
CO2	Classify the various treatment techniques employed in petroleum refining for the					
CO2	production of wide spectrum of useful products.					
CO3	Discuss the thermal and catalytic cracking methods employed in petroleum refinin					
CO4	Identify suitable refining technology for maximizing the product yield.					
COE	Interpret the coking and the hydrocracking process employed and the					
CO5	environmental issues and new trends in petroleum refining.					

Text	Books:					
1	Rao, B. (2002). <i>Modern Petroleum Refining Processes</i> I. Oxford & IBH Publishing.					
2	Nelson, W. L. (1958). Petroleum refinery engineering.					
Refer	rence Books:					
1	Prasad, R. (2000). <i>Petroleum refining technology</i> . Khanna.					
2	Bland, W. F., & Davidson, R. L. Petroleum processing handbook. [Book chapter].					
Sche	me of Evaluation					

Scheme of Evaluation				
Details				
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30		
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4		
Activities/ Experimentations related to course (1 in each module)		5X2=10		
Mini Projects/ Case studies - 3Nos.		3X2=6		
Semester End Examination	SEE	50		
Semester Lita Examination		30		
	Total	100		

CO-PO M	ıappın	g										
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2					1					-
CO2	3	2				1	2					1
CO3	3	2					2					Ī
CO4	3	2										
CO5	3	2				3	3					

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	COLLOID AND	Semester	V	
Course Title	INTERFACIAL SCIENCE	Serriester	<b>'</b>	
Course Code	MVJ20CH552	CIE	50	
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L: T: P:: 40 : 0 : 0	SEE	50	
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100	
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 hrs	

- Learn basic concepts of colloids and interfaces; properties of colloidal dispersions; surfactants and their properties.
- Acquire knowledge of surface and interfacial tension; Young–Laplace equation; Kelvin equation; contact angle; intermolecular and surface forces.

forces (Keesom, Debye, and London Interactions).

Experiential learning: Preparation of emulsion solution

**Application**: Surfactant is required for preparing soap

Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=angDXLbq714&ab\_channel=GargUniversity https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/106/105106204/

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/103105060/Sde\_pdf/Module-06.pdf https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/103104045/pdf\_version/lecture21.pdf

Module 3 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Thermodynamics of Interfaces: Thermodynamic treatment of interfaces, Surface and interfacial Tension. Temperature dependence of the surface tension, Surface free energy, Surface tension for curved interfaces, Surface excess and Gibbs adsorption isotherm. Wetting fundamentals and Contact Angles: method for measurement of Surface Tension, Concept of adhesion, cohesion, contact angle, Wetting Young-Laplace equation, Dynamic properties of interfaces, Surface viscosity, Kelvin equation.

**Experiential learning:** Demonstrate the measurement of Surface Tension of bubble, Isotherm study with varying temperature in adsorption experiment

**Application:** The Young-Laplace equation relates the pressure difference to the shape of the surface or wall, and it is fundamentally important in the study of static capillary surfaces Isotherm study in adsorption

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/106/105106204/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_9nUYB\_O6uI&ab\_channel=ETHZ-

PhysicalChemistryofBuildingMaterials

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pmagWOkQ0M&ab\_channel=khanacademymed icine

Module-4	RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3	8 Hours		
Electrical aspects of surface	es: Electrical phenomena at ir	nterfaces (Electronic kinetic		
phenomena, Electric doub	le layer, short range forces	s). DLVO theory, capillary		
hydrostatics. Zeta potentia	l, Electro osmosis phenom	ena, Streaming potential,		
Electro viscous flows.				

**Experiential learning**: Measurement of Zeta Potential

**Application**: Zeta potential is used in adsorption study

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/106/105106204/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QKdX9HpQclE&ab\_channel=AmericanWaterCollege

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HDQ8ct4md-8&ab\_channel=Charge

Module-5	RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3	8 Hours

**Applications**: Applications in detergents, personal-care products, pharmaceuticals, nanotechnology and food, textile, paint and petroleum industries.

**Experiential learning:** Demonstrate the preparation process of detergent, paint, textile industries.

**Application**: Applications in detergents, personal-care products, pharmaceuticals, nanotechnology and food, textile, paint and petroleum industries.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/106/105106204/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=s3yWnM2Y-rw&t=27s&ab\_channel=Flexiguru

#### Scheme of Evaluation:

Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30		30
Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course (1 in each		5X2=10
module)		3/LB-10
Mini Projects/ Case studies - 3Nos.		3X2=6
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
Total		100

# Course Outcomes:

204	Understand basic concepts of colloids and interfaces; properties of colloidal
CO1	dispersions
CO2	Study of surfactants and their properties and forces involve in colloid surface
CO3	Provide fundamental background of thermodynamics of Interfaces, Surface

	tension for curved interfaces, Surface excess and Gibbs adsorption isotherm											
	and \	and Wetting fundamentals and contact angles										
		Study of DLVO theory; adsorption at interfaces; characterization of solid										
CO4	surfaces											
CO5	' '	cation			ergent	•	ersona			ducts,	•	naceutio
			ology a	and foc	od, tex	tile, pa	unt and	d petro	oleum 1	ndustrie	es. 	
	Books:											
  1	-fieme	1, P.C 8	Rajgo	palam,	, R. (19 <sup>1</sup>	97) Prii	nciple	of Coll	oid an	d Surfac	e Chem	iistry,
	Marcel	Dekke	r.									
2	Shaw, I	D.J. (19	92). Co	olloid a	and sur	face c	hemist	ry, But	terwoi	th Hein	eman,	
	Oxford											
Refer	ence E	Books:										
1	Adams	on, A	.W. &	Gast,	A.P. (	1997)	Physic	cal Ch	emistr	y of su	ırfaces,	Wiley
$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & \end{vmatrix}$	intersc	ience,	NY.									
]	sraela	chvili,	J. (199	2) Inte	rmoled	cular a	nd Sur	face Fo	orces,	Academ	nic Press	s, New
2	York.											
3 1	-funter	, R.J.	(2005)	. Foun	dation	s of C	Colloid	Scienc	ce, Ox	ford Un	iversity	Press,
	Vew Y	ork.										
CO-P	O Map	ping:										
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3										
CO2	3	3										
CO3	3	3	2									
CO4	3	3	2									
CO5	3	3					1					
High-	High-3, Medium-2, Low-1											

Course Title	FERMENTATION TECHNOLOGY	Semester	V
Course Code	MVJ20CH553	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:00:00	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Empower the students with various fermentation technologies and designs of fermenter.

the dilution method using aseptic techniques.

# Applications:

Microorganisms are useful in producing foods, treating wastewater, creating biofuels and a wide range of chemicals and enzymes.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/105/102105058/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fF2OP76pxZE

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Sterilization**: Media sterilization, Batch and Continuous Sterilization, Filter sterilization, Insitu sterilization in fermenter, The aseptic inoculation of plant fermenters.

**Fermenter:** Fermenter, Basic function of a fermenter for microbial or animal cell culture, body construction, and various parts of a fermenter, design and types, alternative vessel design, common measurements and control systems, anaerobic fermentation

**Experiential learning:** To demonstrate the parts of the fermenter and the working of fermenter using videos.

## Applications:

Sterilization destroys all microorganisms on the surface of an article and in pharmaceutical manufacturing, biotechnology, or research laboratories, sterilization is critical to the integrity of your finished product.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/105/102105058/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5eKdZ0dVCCo

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Aeration and agitation:** The oxygen requirements and supply of industrial fermentations, Determination of  $K_La$ , Factors affecting KLa values, balance between oxygen supply and demand, Modes of reactor operations.

Experiential learning: To demonstrate how to determine kLa using videos.

**Applications**: Aeration is to provide microorganism in submerged culture with sufficient oxygen for metabolic requirements. Agitation ensures that a uniform suspension of microbial cells is achieved in a homogenous nutrient medium.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/105/103105054/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/105/102105058/		
Module-5	RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours	

Important products through Fermentation: Organic acids: citric and acetic acid; enzymes: amylase, protease, lipase; antibiotics: penicillin; vitamins: vitB12; amino acids: lysine, Glutamic acid; organic solvents: ethanol, acetone butanol alcoholic beverages: wine, beer; biomass: baker's yeast; bio fertilizers; bio pesticides; bio surfactant; steroid transformation; biopolymers.

Experiential learning: To carry out the synthesis of biopolymers.

**Applications:** Fermentation products include anti-viral drugs, therapeutic recombinant proteins and DNA, and monoclonal antibodies, development of diagnostic kits, drug delivery vehicles and medical devices, targeted drug discovery etc.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/105/103105054/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/105/102105058/

# Course outcomes:

CO1	Comprehend the general requirement of fermentation and the microbial growth
	kinetics.
CO2	Explain the isolation, preservation and improvement of industrially important
CO2	microorganisms.
CO3	Discuss the sterilization types, the design and operation of a fermenter.
CO4	Discuss the aeration and agitation requirements of industrial fermentations.
CO5	Integrate biological and engineering principles involved in the production and
003	recovery of commercial products.

Text E	Books:
1	Stan bury P.F., Whitaker A, Hall S. J. (2016). Principles of Fermentation
_	Technology, 3rd edition, Saint Louis: Elsevier Science.
2	Shuler, M. L. &Kargi, F. (2001). Bioprocess Engineering: Basic Concepts, 2nd
2	Edition, PHI.
Refere	ence Books:
1	Bailey, J. E., &Ollis, D. F. (2018). Biochemical engineering fundamentals. McGraw-
1	Hill.

Scheme of Evaluation												
Details											Marks	
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks											30	
each i.e., ∑	(Mark	s Obta	iined ii	n each	test)/:	3						
Quizzes - 2	2Nos.									CIE (50	)	2X2=4
Assignmer	nts – 2	Nos.									Ī	5X2=10
Mini Projed	cts/ Ca	se stu	dies - :	3Nos.								3X2=6
Semester I	End Ex	amina	tion							SEE (50	50	
Total												100
СО-РО М	apping	3										
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	POS	PO10	PO1	1 PO12
CO1	3	2										
CO2 3 2												
CO3	CO3 3 2 1											
CO4	3	2										
CO5	3	2										

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Name	POLYMER	Semester	VI	
Course Marite	TECHNOLOGY	Serriester		
Course Code	MVJ20CH633	CIE	50	
No. of Contact hours / Week	4	SEE	50	
Total No.of Contact hours	40 L:T:P::40:00:00	Total	100	
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hrs	

**Course Objectives:** Understand the fundamental knowledge of polymeric systems, kinetics and mechanism of different polymerization.

- 1. Understand the structure and characterization of polymers.
- 2. Distinguish different types of polymers for various applications.
- 3. Understand plastics, manufacturing aspects, properties and uses.
- 4. Identify the processing technologies for polymeric synthesis and applications.

Module-1 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours
-----------------------------------------

Polymer basics—Classifications based on occurrence, types, process, and end uses. Polymerization Kinetics and mechanism of free radical, cationic, anionic, living polymers and coordination polymerization—Ziegler Natta catalysts, stereo regular polymerization, chain transfer reaction and constant.

Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Synthesis experiment

**Applications**: polymers may find applications in electromagnetic interference (EMI) shielding and antistatic protection applications. Polymers can further be classified into three basic polymeric categories: thermoplastics, thermosets, and elastomers.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105039/

Module-2 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Structure, properties and reaction of polymers: Functionality, tactility of polymer, molecular weight, weight average, mechanical, thermal, electrical, rheological and optical properties, Reactions of polymer molecules with specific groups OH, CHO, C=O, COOH and -NH<sub>2</sub> and polymer-eross linking, cyclisation—polymer degradation, thermal, Mechanical, photo and radiation. Properties of Polymers.

Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: To determine mechanical properties of polymer

Applications: Polymer applications include biomedical and biomimetic applications such

as drug **delivery** systems, biosensor devices, polymer-based bone grafts, fillings for teeth, dressings for cuts, biopolymers in molecular recognition, cosmetics, angioplasty and vascular stents, for catheters, in dialysis

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/104103071/pdf/mod16.pdf

Module-3 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Bio and inorganic polymers: Naturally occurring polymers, starch, proteins, cellulose, Derivatives of cellulose polymers, Rayon, cellophane, cellulose acetate, butyrate and nitrate, ethyl cellulose, carboxymethyl Cellulose-preparation, properties, application organo metallic polymers, co-ordination polymers, Polyamides, Inorganic polymers-phosphorous and silicones, Hybrid polymers.

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:** designed and synthesized potential polymer inhibitors or inducers of polyglutamine protein aggregation

**Applications:** Inorganic polymers have wide applications such as in glasses, ceramics, rubber and plastic. Inorganic polymers are extensively used in petrochemical industries. Silicone rubber, another inorganic polymer product, is used in the building and construction industry for window and door seals.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.slideshare.net/krishnajadhav2/lipid-polymer-hybrid-nanoparticles.

Module-4 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Plastics**: Feed stocks, Classifications, Resins, Plastics Natural & Synthetic, Code Identification. Olefins synthesis and production of LDPE, HDPE, CPE, homo and copolymers. Polypropylenes.

Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Bio-based plastics

**Applications:** Plastics is versatile, hygienic, lightweight, flexible and highly durable. It accounts for the largest usage of plastics world wide and is used in numerous packaging applications including containers, bottles, drums, trays, boxes, cups and vending packaging, baby products and protection packaging

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/107/112107221

Мо	dule -5			RBT Levels:	: L1, L2	, L3	8 Hours
Engineering plastics:	Acrylics,	Poly-	tetrafluc	roethylene,	feed	stocks,	Synthesis

Processing & Applications, Polymer processing technique (Casting, Moulding).

Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Viscoelastic behavior of polymers

**Applications:** Engineering plastics are used in applications including: Automotive, Electrical and electronics, Building and *construction*, Consumer goods and appliances, Industrial applications such as abrasion-resistant and corrosion-resistant liners.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/107/112107221/

Course	e outcomes: After studying this course, students will be able to:
CO1	Explain the classification, mechanism of polymerization.
CO2	Discuss structure, properties and reactions of polymers
CO3	Explain Bio And Inorganic Polymers
CO4	Understand and explain Feed stocks, Classifications and production of Resins,
	Plastics Natural Synthetic, plastics
CO5	Discuss engineering plastics and their applications

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. F.W. Billemeyer, Text Book of Polymer Science, 3<sup>rd</sup>edn, John Wiley and sons, New York, 2002.
- 2. R.J. Young, Introduction to Polymers, Chapman and Hall Ltd., London, 1999.
- 3. Gorge Odeon, Principles of Polymerization, 4<sup>th</sup>edn, McGraw Hill Book Company, New York.2004.
- 4. Premamoy Ghosh, Polymer Science and Technology, 2<sup>nd</sup>edn, McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2003.
- 5. V. R. Gowarikar, Polymer Science, New Age International Pvt. Ltd Publishers, 2010.
- 6. G Aurora, M Singh, Introduction to Polymer Science, Amol Publications.

CO/PO M	lappin	g:										
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2	1		1							3
CO2	3	3	1		1							2
CO3	3	2	1		1							3
CO4	3	2	1		1							2
CO5	3	2	1		1							3

Course Title	CHEMICAL REACTION	Semester	V
Course Title	ENGINEERING LAB	Serriester	V
Course Code	MVJ20CHL56	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L: T: P:: 0: 10: 30	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	3	Total	100
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Experimentally verify the principles and working of reactors studied in theory.

CO3	Study and use various reactors for determining rate constant and conversion.
CO4	Evaluate the data and compare with reported literature.
CO5	Apply theoretical knowledge of various types of reactors.
C06	Apply the use of skills in handling various reactors.

Text Boo	ks:							
1	Levenspiel, O. (1998). <i>Chemical reaction engineering</i> . John wiley& sons.							
2	Fogler, H. S. (2010). Essentials of Chemical Reaction Engineering: EssentiChemicaReactioEngi. Pearson Education.							
Reference	e Books:							
1	Smith, J. M. (1981). <i>Chemical engineering kinetics</i> (No. TP149 S58).							
2	Carberry, J. J. (2001). <i>Chemical and catalytic reaction engineering</i> . Courier Corporation.							

Scheme of Evaluation				
Details				
Regular Lab Work		20		
Record Writing	CIE	5		
Lab Test (minimum 2 tests shall be conducted for 15 marks and	(50)	15		
average of two will be taken)	(30)	13		
Viva		10		
Write up		10		
Conduction	SEE	20		
Analysis of results	(50)	10		
Viva		10		
Total		100		

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	2					1			
CO2	3	3	2						1			
CO3	3	3	2	2					1			
CO4	3	3	2						1			1
CO5	3	3	2						1			
	3	3	2						1			

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	HEAT TRANSFER LAB	Semester	V
Course Code	MVJ20CHL57	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	20 L:T:P::0:10:10	SEE	50
No. of Contact	7	Total	100
Hours/week	5		100
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Experimentally verify the Heat Exchanger concepts studied in theory.

		nosite wall	and to					
CO2								
	very Fourier's law  Determine the Heat transfer coefficient for Fin, Forced convection, Natural							
CO3								
	Convection, and parallel and counter flow heat exchanger.							
CO4	Test Emissivity, Stefan Boltzmann Constant and Critical Heat flux.							
CO5	Asses the performance of different heat transfer equipment and Develop the							
CO3	ability to write laboratory reports							
Text B	looks:							
	Kern, D. Q., & Kern, D. Q. (1950). Process heat transfer (V	ol. 5). Ne	w York:					
1	McGraw-Hill.							
	McCabe, W. L., Smith, J. C., &Harriott, P. (1993). <i>Unit opera</i>	ations of d	chemical					
2	engineering (Vol. 5, p. 154). New York: McGraw-hill.							
Dofore	ence Books:							
Refere								
1	Coulson, J. M. (2001). <i>Chemical engineering</i> . Butterworth-Hein	emann.						
		emann.						
1 2	Coulson, J. M. (2001). <i>Chemical engineering</i> . Butterworth-Hein		ning Pvt.					
1	Coulson, J. M. (2001). <i>Chemical engineering</i> . Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). <i>Heat Transfer</i> . Universities Press.		ning Pvt.					
1 2 3	Coulson, J. M. (2001). <i>Chemical engineering</i> . Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). <i>Heat Transfer</i> . Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). <i>Heat transfer: principles and applications</i> .		ning Pvt.					
1 2 3 Schen	Coulson, J. M. (2001). <i>Chemical engineering</i> . Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). <i>Heat Transfer</i> . Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). <i>Heat transfer: principles and applications</i> . Ltd.  ne of Evaluation		_					
1 2 3 Schen	Coulson, J. M. (2001). <i>Chemical engineering</i> . Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). <i>Heat Transfer</i> . Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). <i>Heat transfer: principles and applications</i> . Ltd.  ne of Evaluation		Marks					
1 2 3 Schen Detail	Coulson, J. M. (2001). <i>Chemical engineering</i> . Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). <i>Heat Transfer</i> . Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). <i>Heat transfer: principles and applications</i> . Ltd.  ne of Evaluation s ar Lab Work		Marks 20					
1 2 3 Schen Detail Regula Recore	Coulson, J. M. (2001). <i>Chemical engineering</i> . Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). <i>Heat Transfer</i> . Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). <i>Heat transfer: principles and applications</i> . Ltd.  ne of Evaluation s ar Lab Work d Writing	PHI Learn	Marks					
1 2 3 Schen Detail Regula Recore Lab T	Coulson, J. M. (2001). <i>Chemical engineering</i> . Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). <i>Heat Transfer</i> . Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). <i>Heat transfer: principles and applications</i> . Ltd.  ne of Evaluation s ar Lab Work d Writing est (minimum 2 tests shall be conducted for 15 marks and		Marks 20					
1 2 3 Schen Detail Regula Record Lab T average	Coulson, J. M. (2001). <i>Chemical engineering</i> . Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). <i>Heat Transfer</i> . Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). <i>Heat transfer: principles and applications</i> . Ltd.  ne of Evaluation s ar Lab Work d Writing	PHI Learn	Marks 20 5					
1 2 3 Schen Detail Regula Recore Lab T average Viva	Coulson, J. M. (2001). <i>Chemical engineering</i> . Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). <i>Heat Transfer</i> . Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). <i>Heat transfer: principles and applications</i> . Ltd.  ne of Evaluation s ar Lab Work d Writing est (minimum 2 tests shall be conducted for 15 marks and ge of two will be taken)	PHI Learn	Marks 20 5 15					
1 2 3 Schen Detail Regula Record Lab T average Viva Write	Coulson, J. M. (2001). Chemical engineering. Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). Heat Transfer. Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). Heat transfer: principles and applications. Ltd.  ne of Evaluation s ar Lab Work d Writing est (minimum 2 tests shall be conducted for 15 marks and ge of two will be taken)	PHI Learn	Marks 20 5 15 10 10					
2 3 Schen Detail Regula Recore Lab T average Viva Write Condu	Coulson, J. M. (2001). Chemical engineering. Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). Heat Transfer. Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). Heat transfer: principles and applications. Ltd.  ne of Evaluation  s  ar Lab Work d Writing est (minimum 2 tests shall be conducted for 15 marks and ge of two will be taken)  up  uction	PHI Learn CIE (50)	Marks 20 5 15 10 20					
1 2 3 Schen Detail Regula Record Lab T averag Viva Write Condu	Coulson, J. M. (2001). Chemical engineering. Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). Heat Transfer. Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). Heat transfer: principles and applications. Ltd.  ne of Evaluation s ar Lab Work d Writing est (minimum 2 tests shall be conducted for 15 marks and ge of two will be taken)	PHI Learn	Marks 20 5 15 10 20 10					
2 3 Schen Detail Regula Recore Lab T average Viva Write Condu	Coulson, J. M. (2001). Chemical engineering. Butterworth-Hein Rao, Y. V. C. (2001). Heat Transfer. Universities Press.  Dutta, B. K. (2000). Heat transfer: principles and applications. Ltd.  ne of Evaluation  s  ar Lab Work d Writing est (minimum 2 tests shall be conducted for 15 marks and ge of two will be taken)  up  uction	PHI Learn CIE (50)	Marks 20 5 15 10 20					

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	2								
CO2	3	3	2									
CO3	3	3	2									
CO4	3	3	2									
CO5	3	3	2									

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	POLLUTION CONTROL & INSTRUMENTAL ANALYSIS LAB	Semester	V
Course Code	MVJ20CHL58	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::0:10:30	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	3	Total	100
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Experimentally verify the principles and working of reactors studied in theory.

C	
Cou	rse outcomes:
CO1	Analyse various parameters to assess pollution in water and air.
CO2	Interpret qualitative composition of a solution using instruments like Bomb
1002	calorimeter, Viscometer etc
	Interpret quantitative composition of a solution using instruments like
CO3	Interpret quantitative composition of a solution using instruments like
	turbidometer, KF Auto titrator.
CO4	Analysis of Volatile, Fixed, Filterable and Dissolved solids
COS	Measurement of particulate matter and SO2 in air.
Text	Books
1	Davis, W. T., &Buonicore, A. J. (Eds.). (2000). Air pollution engineering manual (pp.
	117-135). New York: Wiley.
2	Baird, R. B. (2017). Standard methods for the examination of water and wastewater,
	23rd.
Refe	rence Books
1	Dickinson, D. (1974). Practical waste treatment and disposal. Edited by Denis
	Dickinson. Compiled in collaboration with the Institute for Industrial Research and
	Standards, Dublin, Ireland
1	

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3					3	3	3				
CO2	3					3	3	3				
CO3	3			2		3	3	3				
CO4	3			2		3	3	3				
CO5	3		I			3	3	3	I	-		

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	ENVIRONMENTAL	Semester	V
	STUDIES		
Course Code	MVJ20ENV59	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	15 L: T: P 15: 00 :00	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	1	Total	100
Credits	1	Exam. Duration	3 Hrs.

Course objective is to: This course will enable the students to

Relatetointerdisciplinaryapproachtocomplexenvironmentalproblemsusingb
asictoolsofthenatural and social sciences including geo-systems, biology,
chemistry, economics, political science and international processes; Study
drinking water quality standards and to illustrate qualitative analysis of
water.

Module-3	RBT Level: L1, L2	3
		Hours

Environmental Pollution (Sources, Impacts, Corrective and Preventive measures, Relevant Environmental Acts, Case-studies): Surface and Ground Water Pollution; Noise pollution; Soil Pollution and Air Pollution. Waste Management & Public Health Aspects: Bio-medical Waste; Solid waste; Hazardous waste; E-waste.

#### Video link:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122/106/122106030/

CO2	Develop critical thinking and/or observation skills, and apply them to the
	analysis of a problem or question related to the environment.
CO3	Demonstrate ecology knowledge of a complex relationship between biotic
	and Abiotic components.

Schem	ne of Evaluation							
	Marks							
Averag	40							
Marks	each i.e. $\Sigma$ (Marks Obtained in each test) / 3	CIE(50)						
Quizze	Quizzes							
Semes	50							
	100							
Textbo	ooks:							
1.	Environmental Studies Benny Joseph Tata Mc Gi	raw – Hill. 2 <sup>nd</sup>	Edition, 2012					
2.	Environmental Studies S M Prakash Pristine Publi	shing House, I	Mangalore 3rd					
	Edition, 2018.							
CO4	Apply their ecological knowledge to illustrate ar	nd graph a pro	blem and					
	describe the realities that managers face when dealing with complex issues.							

Refere	nce Books:
1.	Principals of Environmental Science and Engineering, Raman Siva kumar,
	Cengage learning, Singapur, 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2005
2.	Environmental Science – working with the Earth G.Tyler Miller Jr. Thomson
	Brooks /Cole, 11 <sup>th</sup> Edition, 2006
3.	Textbook of Environmental and Ecology, Pratiba Singh, Anoop Singh &
	Piyush Malaviya , ACME Learning Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi, 1st Edition.

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/P	РО	PO1	PO1	PO1								
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2
CO1	3	3	3	1	_	2	2	1	1	-	2	1
CO2	3	3	2	1	_	1	2	-	1	1	2	1
CO3	3	3	2	1	_	2	2	-	1	1	2	1
CO4	3	3	2	2	_	2	2	-	1	1	2	1

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	UNIVERSAL HUMAN VALUES II	Semester	V
Course Code	MVJ20UHV510	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	30 L: T : P : 16 : 14 :0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	2	Total	100
Credits	2	Exam.	3 Hrs.
O Callo		Duration	0 1113.

Course objective is to: This course will enable the students to

 Appreciate the essential complementarily between 'VALUES' and 'SKILLS' to ensure sustained happiness and prosperity which are the core aspirations of all human beings.

• https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCQxWr5QB\_eZUnwxSwxXEkQw

Module-2 RBT Levels: L1, L2 6 Hours

Review on Understanding Human being as the Co-existence of the Self and the Body, The Body as an Instrument of the Self, Harmony of the Self with the Body.

Harmony in the Human Being: Distinguishing between the Needs of the Self and the Body, Understanding Harmony in the Self, Programme to ensure self-regulation and Health.

**Practical Sessions:** Exploring the difference of Needs of Self and Body (Tutorial 4), Exploring Sources of Imagination in the Self (Tutorial 5), Exploring Harmony of Self with the Body (Tutorial 6).

#### Video link:

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GpuZo495F24
- •

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lfN8q0xUSpw
- https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCQxWr5QB\_eZUnwxSwxXEkQw

Module-5 RBT Levels: L1, L2 6 Hours

Review on Natural Acceptance of Human Values, Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Universal Human Order, Holistic Technologies, Production Systems and Management Models-Typical Case Studies.

Implications of the Holistic Understanding – a Look at Professional Ethics: Definitiveness of (Ethical) Human Conduct, Competence in Professional Ethics, Strategies for Transition towards Value-based Life and Profession

**Practical Sessions:** Exploring Ethical Human Conduct (Tutorial 12), Exploring Humanistic Models in Education (Tutorial 13), Exploring Steps of Transition towards Universal Human Order (Tutorial 14).

#### Video link:

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BikdYub6RY0
- •

#### Scheme of Evaluation Details Marks Assessment by Faculty mentor (Class Room Evaluation) 10 Self-Assessment + Assessment by peers 20 Activities / Experimentations related to CIE(50) 10 courses/Assignment Mini Projects / Case Studies 10 Semester End Examination SEE (50) 50 Total 100 Text Books: AICTE SIP UHV-I Teaching Material, https://fdp-si.aicte india.org/ AicteSipUHV 1. \_download.php A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics, R R Gaur, R 2. Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1 Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional 3. Ethics, R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2 Reference Books: Human Values and Professional Ethics by R R Gaur, R Sangal, G P Bagaria, Excel 1. Books, New Delhi, 2010 2. Jeevan Vidya: EkParichaya, A Nagaraj, Jeevan Vidya Prakashan, Amarkantak, 1999. 3. Human Values, A.N. Tripathi, New Age Intl. Publishers, New Delhi, 2004. The Story of Stuff (Book). 4.

	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		1				2	2	3	2	1	2	1
CO2		1				2	2	3	2	1	2	1
CO3		1				2	2	3	2	1	2	1
CO4		1				2	2	3	2	1	2	1
CO5		1				2	2	3	2	1	2	1

The Story of My Experiments with Truth - by Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

5.

Course Title	MASS TRANSFER - II	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH61	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L: T: P:: 20 : 10 : 10	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	4	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

Be able to understand different separation techniques.

systems. Non-ideal systems. Azeotropes. Immiscible systems. Atmospheric distillation, Flash and simple distillation, Distillation in a packed tower.

**Experiential Learning**: Experiment to verify 'Rayleigh's Equation by differentially distilling the given binary Mixture (SYSTEM: Methanol-Water).

To study the characteristics of steam distillation and to determine vaporization efficiency and thermal efficiency. To design the lab scale distillation column to evaluate the concentrations of the components at different points along the column.

**Applications**: Students can estimate the composition of distillate and residue using VLE data and explain the different distillation processes in Oil refining, water purification and alcoholic beverage production.

### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://www.demisterpads.com/demister-pad/packed-tower.html

https://nitsri.ac.in/Department/Chemical%20Engineering/Distillation\_Notes-PartVI.pdf https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=v1Lx\_ZoV5w4

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Distillation (Contd.)**: Multi-stage rectification column. Design using McCabe Thiele and Lewis-Sorel methods for binary mixtures. **Distillation (Contd.)**: Ponchon- Savarit method. Introduction to Multi component distillation, Vacuum, molecular, extractive and azeotropic distillations.

#### Experiential Learning:

Experimental Study on the Extractive Distillation Based Purification of Second-Generation Bioethanol

**Applications**: Helps to understand how to calculate the number of trays in multistage rectification column using McCabe Thiele, Ponchon - Savarit method and Lewis-Sorel methods for multi component and applications in petroleum refineries, petrochemical and chemical plants and natural gas processing plants.

#### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://pubs.acs.org/doi/pdf/10.1021/i200024a001

https://nitsri.ac.in/Department/Chemical%20Engineering/Distillation\_Notes-PartIV.pdf http://facstaff.cbu.edu/rprice/lectures/distill6.html

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Liquid-Liquid Extraction**: Ternary equilibrium. Solvent selection. Single stage. Multi-stage cross-current, counter-current extraction. Equipment for liquid-liquid extraction, fractional extraction.

**Experiential Learning**: Experiment to carry out liquid-liquid Extraction of methyl red from an aqueous layer by three stage cross current operations and in single Stage operations and find the % increase in solute extracted by three stage cross current.

**Applications:** The technology is used in applications as diverse as ore processing, pharmaceuticals, agriculture, industrial chemicals, petrochemicals, food industry, and purification of base metals and refining of precious metals. Removal of high boiling organics from wastewater Such as phenol, aniline and nitrated aromatics.

### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://unacademy.com/lesson/l65-liquid-liquid-extraction/MC1K89W1

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103154/

https://www.chemengonline.com/liquid-liquid-extraction/

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Leaching Operation**: Equipment for leaching. Preparation of solids for leaching. Equilibrium diagrams. Calculation of single stage and multi-stage leaching operation.

**Experiential Learning:** Laboratory Leaching Tests to investigate mobilization and recovery of metals from geothermal reservoirs.

**Applications:** It helps in understanding the process robustness which governs process productivity and economics. In particular, the pharmaceutical and food sectors are utilizing crystallization for optimized separation, purification, and solid form selection.

#### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vNFSnxOX0WQ

https://nitsri.ac.in/Department/Chemical%20Engineering/Leaching.pdf

https://ceng.tu.edu.iq/ched/images/lectures/chem-lec/st3/c3/Lectures-Mass%20Transfer-2.pdf

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Apply the concepts of HETP, NTU and HTU to design various gas-liquid							
COI	contacting systems.							
CO2	Apply the concept of absorption to calculate the number of plates and height of							
CO2	continuous absorber.							
Estimate the composition of distillate and residue using VLE data and exp								
CO3	different distillation processes.							
	Apply McCabe Thiele, Ponchon - Savarit method and Lewis-Sorel methods for							
CO4	multi component mixtures to calculate no of trays in multi-stage rectification							
	column.							
CO5	Develop equations for the material balance for stage wise operations in liquid-liquid							
CO3	extraction and leaching operations and working of the equipment.							

Text E	Books:
1	Treybal, R. E. (1980). Mass transfer operations. New York, 466.
2	McCabe & Smith. (2001). Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering, 6th edn,
	McGraw Hill
Refere	ence Books:
1	Badger, W. L., &Banchero, J. L. (2010). Introduction to chemical engineering. 25th
	reprint.
2	Foust, A. S., Wenzel, L. A., Clump, C. W., Maus, L., & Andersen, L. B. (2008).
	Principles of unit operations. John Wiley & Sons.
3	Coulson and Richardson (1988). Chemical Engineering Vol I, II, III, IV and V, 4th
	edn, Pergamon Press.

Scheme of Evaluation						
Details						
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each		70				
i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30				
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4				
Activities/ Experimentations related to course (1 in each module)		5X2=10				
Assignments / Discussion of Journal papers - 3Nos.		3X2=6				
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50				
	Total	100				

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	1	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	=	-
CO2	3	3	1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO4	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CO5	3	3	1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PROCESS EQUIPMENT DESIGN & DRAWING	Semester	VI	
Course Code	MVJ20CH62	CIE	50	
Total No. of Contact Hours	50 L : T : P :: 30:10:10	SEE	50	
No. of Contact Hours/week	5	Total	100	
Credits	4	Exam.	3 Hours	
Cicuits	7	Duration	Jilouis	

• Understand the chemical engineering principles applicable for designing chemical engineering equipment.

**Design of heat exchanger:** Types of Heat exchangers, Process design of double Pipe and shell and tube heat exchanger with detailed line diagram.

Experiential Learning: Demonstrating the components of DPHE and STHE.

**Applications:** To develop and design a detailed HE with modifications as per the industrial requirements.

#### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jbuSc1\_M9e4

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UZ5yXq07BX0

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sgxCq8CDeW4&list=RDCMUCgp23vdLNaUitOkCxxVnRrg&st art radio=1&t=0

Module-3	RBT Level L1, L2, L3	10 Hours
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**Process design of condenser:** Types of condensers, process design of horizontal condenser with detailed line diagram.

Process design of evaporator: Introduction to types of evaporators, methods of feeding of evaporators, general design consideration of single effect evaporator with detailed line diagram Experiential Learning: Demonstrating the components of horizontal and vertical condensers, evaporators.

**Applications:** To develop and design horizontal condenser and single effect evaporator with modifications and as per the industrial requirements.

#### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AbA81fLXT4E

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dUOgKRUUc3Q

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/103103027/pdf/mod1.pdf

Module-4	RBT Level L1, L2, L3	10 Hours

**Process design of distillation column:** Design of sieve tray distillation column with the detailed line diagram.

**Process design of absorption column:** Design of packed bed absorption column with the detailed line diagram.

**Experiential Learning**: Demonstrating packed bed reactor and its components.

**Applications**: To develop and design columns for mass transfer operations (distillation and absorption) with modifications and as per the industrial requirements.

#### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://ceng.tu.edu.iq/ched/images/lectures/chem-

lec/st4/c1/EQUIPMENT\_DESIGN\_LECTURE\_25%20mass%20transfer%20equipment%203.pdf

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2	/courses/103103027/pdf/m	od7.pdf
Module-5	RBT Level L1, L2, L3	10 Hours

**Process design of rotary drier:** Classification of dryers, Design of rotary dryer with the detailed line diagram.

**Experiential Learning:** \Demonstrating the components of vacuum and tray drier.

**Applications:** To develop and design rotary dryer with modifications and as per the industrial requirements.

### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/103103027/pdf/mod4.pdf

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=62\_WIhwcfQo

Course ou	itcomes:
CO1	Understand design procedure of chemical process equipment.
CO2	Apply chemical engineering principles to design chemical process equipment applicable for heat and mass transfer operations.
CO3	Applying the design principles for drying equipments
CO4	Estimate physical dimensions of various parts of columns and their accessories.
CO5	Analyze various design options at all design stages.

Text Book	S:
1	S. D. Dawande. (2003). Process Design of Equipment Vol 1 3 <sup>rd</sup> Edition. (Central Techno Publications).
2	Joshi, M. V., & Mahajani, V. V. (2000). Process Equipment Design 3rd Editon.
3	Brownell, L. E., & Young, E. H. (1959). <i>Process equipment design: vessel design.</i> John Wiley & Sons.
Reference	Books:
1	Perry, R. H., & Green, D. W. (2008). Prerry's Chemical Engineers Handbook (8th Eds.).
2	Pressure Vessel Code – IS 2825, 4503. (1969). IS Code. (B.I.S., New Delhi).
3	Web Link and Video Lectures: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103027/ https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc20_ch17/preview

## Scheme of Evaluation:

Details		
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\Sigma$		30
(Marks Obtained in each test)/3	CIE	30
Quizzes - 2Nos.	(50)	2X2=4
Assignments (2 Nos.)	(30)	5X2=10
Mini projects/Case studies		3X2=6
Semester End Examination	SEE	50
Serriester Eria Examination		
	Total	100

СО-РО	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	3	3		1					
CO2	3	3	3									
CO3	3	3	3	3	3		1					
CO4	3	3	3									1
CO5	3	3	3									1

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PETROCHEMICALS	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH631	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Understand the various types of Carbon compounds and their properties.

propylene oxide, Isoprene.

Experiential Learning: Demonstrate the manufacturing process of C<sub>3</sub> Compound using videos.

**Application:** Manufacture of Isopropanol, acetone, acrylonitrile, polypropylene, propylene oxide in industry.

#### Video Links:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t4Hsue6fNrk&ab\_channel=MohannadCobra

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/103103029/pdf/mod3.pdf

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103029/

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Chemical from C<sub>4</sub> Compounds:** Butadiene, dehydrogenation of butane (Houdry). Dehydrogenation of butylenes. Dehydrogenation-dehydration of ethanol. Steam cracking of hydrocarbons. **Chemicals from Aromatics:** Primary raw material. Hydroalkylation.

**Experiential Learning**: Demonstrate the manufacturing process of C<sub>4</sub> Compound using videos.

**Application**: Manufacture of Butadiene and hydroalkylation process in industry.

#### Video Links

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yCqCxSOG\_Y4&t=226s&ab\_channel=BillJanzentQuinto

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/103103029/pdf/mod3.pdf

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103029/

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Manufacture of phenol, Styrene, Phthalic anhydride, maleic anhydride, nitrobenzene, aniline. Manufacture of industrial dyes based on petroleum feed stocks.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate the production of dye using videos.

**Application:** Manufacture of phenol, Phthalic anhydride maleic anhydride, nitrobenzene, aniline in industry

#### Video Links

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A0e0BDEE4Ic&ab\_channel=NileRed

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OeeLWWBTBE&ab\_channel=VipulOrganicsLtd.

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/103103029/pdf/mod3.pdf

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103029/

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Outline petrochemical industry overview in India and manufacturing methods for
CO1	production of C <sub>1</sub>
CO2	Explain different manufacturing methods for production of C <sub>2</sub>
CO3	Explain the different method for the production of C <sub>3</sub> compounds

CO4	Explain the different method for the production of $C_4$ compound and discuss the production of aromatics.
CO5	Illustrate different methods of production of petrochemicals from aromatic
003	compounds and dyes.

Text Books:	
1	Rao, B. K. (1987). A text on petrochemicals.
2	Waddams, A. L. (1969). Chemicals from petroleum.
Reference E	Books:
1	Dryden, C. E., Rao, M. G., &Sittig, M. (1973). Outlines of chemical technology. Affiliated
	East-West P.
2	Austin, G. T. (1984). Shreve's chemical process industries. McGraw-Hill Companies.

Scheme of Evaluation			
Details		Marks	
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30	
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4	
Assignments – 2Nos.		5X2=10	
Mini Projects/ Case studies - 3Nos.		3X2=6	
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50	
Total	1	100	

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3					1	1					
CO2	3					1	1					
CO3	3					1	1					
CO4	3					1	1					
CO5	3	1				1	1					

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	NANOTECHNOLOGY	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH632	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L : T : P :: 40 : 0 : 0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours
Course objective is to:	•	'	

• Understand the behavior of various smart materials and its applications.

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:** Synthesis of cadmium sulphide nanoparticles by Sol-Gel Method

Applications: Top down and bottom up methods are used for synthesis of nano material.

Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HhGCNG2X8gQ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z51R49OOqAA

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ULY7iprHlLw

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Characterization of Nano materials: Microscopy-Scanning tunneling microscope, Atomic force microscope, scanning electron microscopy, Field Emission Scanning Electron Microscopy, transmission electron microscopy, Environmental Scanning Electron Microscopy (ESEM) High Resolution Transmission Electron Microscope (HRTEM), Surface enhanced Raman Spectroscopy, X-ray diffraction technique, X ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy Surface area analysis, particle size analysis, gravimetric analysis

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:** Demonstrate the different instruments used for characterization of mano material. Demonstrate the synthesis of Ceria Nanoparticles and Characterize using XRD and SEM analysis.

**Applications:** Characterization of prepared nanomaterial is required to determine the surface area, particle size and quantities based on its mass.

Video link / Additional online information:

Https://www.youtube.com/watch?V=lfys3xdu4fq

Https://www.youtube.com/watch?V=iit\_KJJ1Uhs

Https://www.ufe.cz/en/team/synthesis-and-characterization-nanomaterials

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Nanoscale Manufacturing: Nano manipulation, Nanolithography- Optical lithography, Photolithography, Dip pen nanolithography, Extreme UV Lithography, Electron beam (ebeam) lithography, Epitaxial Growth: classical growth modes, techniques for epitaxy: Liquid Phase Epitaxy (LPE), Physical Vapor Deposition (PVD), Molecular Beam Epitxay (MBE). Physical Vapor Deposition (PVD), Chemical Vapor Deposition (CVD), Self-Assembly. Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Circuit fabrication by Manual Lithography Techniques

**Applications**: Lithography can be used to print text or artwork onto paper or other suitable material. Lithography originally used an image drawn with oil, fat, or wax onto the surface of a smooth, level lithographic limestone plate.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

Https://www.youtube.com/watch?V=nuxdltqfqsa

Https://www.youtube.com/watch?V=nioyljr3ov8

Https://www.youtube.com/watch?V=udxhwvejdj0

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 | 8 Hours

Application of Nanotechnology: Environment: remediation and mitigation using metal oxide nano particles, magnetic particles, Nanomembranes and nanofilters, Pollution prevention: nanocatalysis, environmental sensors Medicine and healthcare: diagnosis, biosensors, drug delivery, therapy Energy: Solar energy- Photovoltaics, Dye-sensitized solar cell, Quantum-dot- sensitized solar cells. Hydrogen energy- Hydrogen production and Hydrogen storage, hydrogen fuel cell, Energy Savings-Insulators and smart coatings, Energy- harvesting materials, Information and communication technologies: Integrated circuits, Data storage, Photonics, Displays, Information storage devices, Wireless sensing and communication

#### Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:

Demonstrate the various application of nanotechnology in different sectors.

Applications: Nanotechnology applied in various sector like remediation and mitigation of environmental pollution, medical and health care sector, hydrogen production etc.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/118/102/118102003/

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19\_mm21/preview

## Course outcomes:

	0 4100111001										
CO1	Understand the behavior of various smart materials and its applications.										
CO2	Identify various nano materials and recall nano materials synthesis, characterization and application.										
CO3	Explain the methods of nano material synthesis and characterization										
CO4	Apply principles of nano materials in interdisciplinary areas										
CO5	Analyze and select synthesis and characterization techniques										

Lext Ro	OKS:
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- Varghese, P. I., &Pradeep, T. (2003). A textbook of nanoscience and 1 nanotechnology. Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- B, Viswanathan; Nanomaterials; Narosa Publishing House; First edition; 2010; 2 ISBN: 978-81-7319-936-3.

### Reference Books:

Nalwa, H. S. (Ed.). (2001). Nanostructured materials and nanotechnology: concise 1 edition. Elsevier.

2	Ratner, M. A., & Ratner, D. (2003). <i>Nanotechnology: A gentle introduction to the next big idea</i> . Prentice Hall Professional.							
3	Bandyopadhyay, A. K. (2008). <i>Nano materials</i> . New Age International.							
Schem	ne of Evaluation:							
	Details		Marks					
	e of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30					
Quizze	s – 3 Nos.	CIT (EQ)	3*2=6					
	es/ Experimentations related to course/ Seminar tation – 2 Nos.	CIE (50)	2*4=8					
Mini Pr	ojects/ Case studies/Assignments – 3 Nos.		3*2=6					
Semes	er End Examination	SEE (50)	50					
		Total	100					

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2					3					
CO2	3	2				1	3					
CO3	3	2				1	3					
CO4	3	2				1	3					
CO5	3	2				1	3					

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	BIOCHEMICAL ENGINEERING	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH633	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:00:00	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 hrs

- Understand and apply the areas of biochemical processes to provide the fundamental background of biological systems.
- Explain the concept of biomolecules and micro-organisms.
- Develop the equations for kinetics of enzymes in different action.
- Enhance knowledge and skills of fermentation processes, Bioreactors and kinetics.

Module 1 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Introduction:** Industrial biochemical processes with typical examples, comparing chemical and biochemical processes. role of a chemical engineer in bioprocess industry. microbiology: structure of cells: prokaryotes and eukaryotes. classification of microorganisms. taxonomy, control of microorganisms – physical and chemical methods.

Experiential learning: Demonstration of basics of microbiology.

**Applications**: applications in the field of food microbiology, medical microbiology, industrial microbiology, soil microbiology, water and wastewater microbiology, microbial technology (biotechnology), extraction of metals and environmental microbiology including the use of microorganisms as biosensors.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hypSEhoBPKA

Module-2 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Biochemistry:** Chemicals of life: lipids, sugars, polysaccharides, amino acids. vitamins, biopolymers, nucleic acids: RNA, DNA and their derivatives (structure, biological function and importance for life only to be studied).

**Enzymes and Proteins:** Detailed structure of proteins and enzymes. functions. methods of production and purification of enzymes. nomenclature and classification of enzymes. kinetics and mechanism of enzyme action: Michaelis—Menten, Briggs-Haldane approach. derivation.

**Experiential learning:** To determine how well an enzyme is working is to measure the rate of its reaction.

**Applications:** Production of sweetening agents and the modification of antibiotics, they are used in washing powders and various cleaning products, and they play a key role in analytical devices and assays that have clinical, forensic and environmental applications.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JxK5rZxbyQY

Module 3 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Kinetics of Enzyme Action:** kinetics of enzyme catalysed reaction. reversible enzyme. two-substrate. experimental determination of rate parameters: batch and continuous flow experiments. Lineweaver—Burk plot, Eadie-Hofstee and Hanes-Woolf plots, batch kinetics (integral and differential methods).

**Enzyme Inhibition:** effect of inhibitors (competitive, non-competitive, uncompetitive, substrate and product inhibitions), temperature and pH on the rates enzyme catalysed reactions. determination of kinetic parameters for various types of inhibitions. enzyme immobilization. immobilized enzyme kinetics: effect of external mass transfer resistance.

**Experiential learning:** To identify and investigate the action of an enzyme.

**Applications:** Enzyme kinetics range from hit finding efforts for new chemical entities on a pharmacological target to concentration effect relationships to large-scale biosynthesis. the study of the science of drug metabolism has two principal concepts-rate and extent.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=F\_N-Xf5BuUQ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=V8QRP2J4Q-s

Module-4 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Fermentation Technology:** Ideal reactors: a review of batch and continuous flow reactors for bio kinetic measurements. microbiological reactors: operation and maintenance of typical aseptic aerobic fermentation processes. formulation of medium: sources of nutrients. introduction to sterilization of bioprocess equipment.

Growth Kinetics of Microorganisms: Transient growth kinetics (different phases of batch cultivation). quantification of growth kinetics: substrate limited growth, models with growth inhibitors, logistic equation, filamentous cell growth model. continuous culture: optimum dilution rate and washout condition in ideal chemostat. design and analysis of biological reactors.

**Experiential learning:** To study kinetics of growth under batch conditions Apply simple unstructured growth models and obtain the kinetic parameters.

Applications: Production of alcoholic beverages, for instance, wine from fruit juices and

beer from grains. potatoes, rich in starch, can also be fermented and distilled to make gin and vodka. fermentation is also extensively used in bread making.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5eKdZ0dVCCo

Module-5 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Downstream Processing**: Strategies and steps involved in product purification. methods of cell disruption, filtration, centrifugation, sedimentation, chromatography, freeze drying / lyophilization. **Membrane separation Technology**: Reverse osmosis, ultrafiltration, micro filtration, dialysis, final steps in purification, crystallization and drying.

**Experiential learning:** To demonstrate membrane separations by using virtual lab.

**Applications**: Identified with downstream processing include purification and recovery of biosynthetic products, mostly pharmaceutics from sources hat are natural. for example, plant and animal tissues or fermentation froth. recycling of components that can be salvaged form waste.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

**Course Outcomes** 

**Text Books:** 

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Uut1cUs6GpA

CO1	Explain structure of cells, nucleic acids, nomenclature, classification and production
	of enzymes; derive the rate equation by M-M and Brigs-Haldane approach
CO2	Derive rate equation for given enzyme mechanisms and estimate the kinetic rate
	parameters
CO3	Describe the effects of pH, temperature and inhibitors on enzyme catalysed reactions
	and explain the methods of enzyme immobilization
CO4	Describe the growth cycle phases for batch cultivation and fed-batch reactors and,
	derive an expression to determine optimum dilution rate.
CO5	Explain medium formulation, operation & maintenance of fermentation process and
	strategies and steps involved in product purification

1	Bailey, J. E., &Ollis, D. F. (2018). Biochemical engineering fundamentals. McGraw-Hill.							
2	Stanbury, P. F., Whitaker, A., & Hall, S. J. (2013). Principles of fermentation							
	technology. Elsevier.							
Referen	Reference Books:							
1	Shuler, M. L., Kargi, F., &DeLisa, M. Bioprocess Engineering: Basic Concepts, 2001.							
1	New York City, NY: Pearson.							
2	Das, D., & Das, D. (Eds.). (2019). Biochemical Engineering: An Introductory							
۷	Textbook. CRC Press.							

Scheme of Evaluation	
Details	Marks

Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30	
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE	2X2=4	
Assignments – 2Nos.	(50)	5X2=10	
Mini Projects/ Case studies - 3Nos.		3X2=6	
Semester End Examination	SEE	50	
Semester End Examination		50	
Total		100	

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2											
CO2	2	3										
CO3	3	3	2									
CO4	2	3	2									
CO5	2	3	2			1						

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PROCESS INSTRUMENTATION	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH634	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P:: 40:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3
			Hours

• Understand basic principles of various measuring instruments and its static, dynamic response

**TEMPERATURE MEASUREMENT:** Liquid filled, Gas filled and Vapour pressure Thermometers. Bimetallic and Resistance thermometers. Thermocouples and Thermistors. Optical and Radiation pyrometers

**Experiential learning**: Expansion of liquid demonstration at various temperature ranges **Applications**: Students can understand the change in size or volume of a given mass with temperature

### Video Links/Any other special information(Papers):

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/108105063/pdf/L-

04(SS)(IA&C)%20((EE)NPTEL).pdf

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Syllabus Content: PRESSURE MEASUREMENT: Manometers, Bourdon gauge and

Bellow gauge. Measurement of pressure and Vacuum. Use of Transducers.

**Experiential learning**: Demonstration on pressure  $\vartheta$  flow measuring instruments

**Applications:** Students will understand how to measure the pressure drop and flow rate which helps to find the Reynolds number and roughness on friction factor and its effects

Video Links/Any other special information (Papers): https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/106/112106138

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**FLOW, DENSITY AND LEVEL MEASUREMENTS:** Variable head flow meters. Area flow meters. Positive displacement meters. Pressure Probes. Level measurements - Direct and Inertial types. Measurement of density and specific gravity. Instruments for weighing and feeding.

**Experiential learning**: To determine the density of liquids and specific gravity of materials

**Applications:** Students will be able to understand the importance of specific gravity and density measurement used to specify and describe a pure substance

## Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/101103004/pdf/mod1.pdf

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**MISCELLANEOUS MEASUREMENTS:** Analysis of gas mixtures. Thermal conductivity, Viscosity and Electrical conductivity. Supporting instrumentation - Standard cells, balancing circuits and Terminating devices. Principles of Telemetering. P and I diagrams.

Experiential learning: Demonstration on miscellaneous measuring instruments

**Applications**: Students learn the fundamental operating principle of miscellaneous

meası	measuring instruments commonly used by scientific workers						
Video	Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):						
https:/	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/105/103105130						
Cours	e outcomes:						
CO1	Explain the basic principles of various measuring instruments and its static, dynamic response. Errors in the measurements.						
CO2	Demonstrate the various instruments utilized to measure the temperature and calculate the temperature using thermometer, thermistor, radiation, pyrometer.						
CO3	Calculate the pressure using manometer and demonstrate the basic fundamentals of pressure measuring devices						
CO4	Demonstrate the fundamentals of variable head meter, area flow meter, direct, inertial type level meter and density measurement devices.						
CO5	Select suitable measuring device for gas mixture analysis, thermal, electrical conductivity, viscosity and construct piping and instrumentation diagram.						

Text E	Books:
1	Eckman, D. P. (1967). <i>Automatic process control</i> . Wiley.
2	Jain, R. K. (1988). <i>Mechanical and industrial Measurements</i> . Khanna Publishers.
3	Benedict, R. P. (1991). Fundamentals of temperature, pressure, and flow
	measurements. John Wiley & Sons.
Refere	ence Books:
1	Perry, R. H., & DW, G. (2007). Perry's chemical engineers' handbook, 8th illustrated
_	ed. New York: McGraw-Hill.
2.	Considine, D. M. (1985). Process instruments and controls handbook. New York:
	McGraw-Hill.

# Scheme of Evaluation:

Details				
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\Sigma$		30		
(Marks Obtained in each test)/3	CIE			
Quizzes - 2Nos.	(50)	2X2=4		
Assignments (2 Nos.)	(30)	5X2=10		
Seminar (2 Nos.)		2X3=6		
Semester End Examination	SEE	50		
Semester End Examination		30		
	Total	100		

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2									2	3
CO2	3	2									2	3
CO3	3	2									2	3
CO4	3	2									2	3
CO5	3	2									2	3

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PILOT PLANT & SCALE UP STUDIES	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH641	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L : T : P :: 20 : 10 : 10	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Acquire knowledge of prototypes, models, principle of similarity

**Application**: This module is useful for scale up study in static and dynamic process.

Video link / Additional online information:

Https://www.youtube.com/watch?V=k37vpsa3e1g&ab\_channel=ronhugo

Https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/112101004/downloads/(36-8-

1)%20NPTEL%20-%20Vacuum%20Technology.pdf

Https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103136/

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Scale up of unit processes**: Chemical reactor systems-Homogeneous reaction systems. Reactor for fluid phase processes catalyzed by solids. Fluid-fluid reactors.

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:** Study of the scale up process of fluidized and packed bed reactor systems.

**Application:** Scale up of reactor system is used in industries like pharmaceutical for preparing the chemicals.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9WSU5X1Mudw&ab\_channel=MeghaAnand https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h4z979NfmWA

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Scale up of unit operations:** Mixing process, agitated vessel, Stage wise mass transfer processes. Continuous mass transfer processes. Scale up of momentum and heat transfer systems. Environmental challenges of scale up

Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Scale up study of packed bed system.

**Application:** Scale up of Mixing process, agitated vessel, Stage wise mass transfer processes. Continuous mass transfer processes, momentum and heat transfer systems for industrial application.

# Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PBXYl\_EY5vc&ab\_channel=Shomu%27sBiology https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zrn\_oK1kjmI&ab\_channel=TheChemoMonster

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Scale up of bioreactor**: Industrial Bioreactor, Purpose of scale up studies in Bioreactor, Parameters involved in scale up of bioreactor, Biological concept of scale up, Basics of scale up

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:** Scale up study of bioreactor

**Application**: Bioreactor used in Fermentation process

Video link / Additional online information:

Uttne:/	/onlineacurres antal as in/nee21, ht17/nroview						
•	/onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_bt13/preview						
Https:/	/www.youtube.com/watch?V=Csv_UZWF6oE&ab_channel=thermofisherscientific						
Course	e outcomes:						
CO1	Understand scale up in chemical engineering plants and develop relations in						
001	terms of dimensionless parameters.						
CO2	Provide fundamental background of fluid flow past immersed Bodies and						
002	fluidization condition, also illustrate the working of various filtration.						
CO3	Scale up of reactors which involves the chemical reaction.						
CO4	Understand the Scale up of mixers and heat exchangers, distillation columns and						
	packed towers						
CO5	Study the scale up of bioreactor						
Text B	ooks:						
1	Zlkarnik, M. (2012). Dimensional analysis and scale-up in chemical engineering.						
_	Springer Science & Business Media.						
2	Ibrahim and Kuloor, Pilot Plants and Scale up Studies, IISc						
Refere	nce Books:						
1	Johnstone, R., & Thring, M. W. (1957). Pilot plants, models, and scale-up methods						
_	in chemical engineering.						
2	Bisio, A., & Kabel, R. L. (1985). Scaleup of chemical processes: Conversion from						
_	laboratory scale tests to successful commercial size design. New York: Wiley.						
2	Ratner, M. A., & Ratner, D. (2003). Nanotechnology: A gentle introduction to the						
_	next big idea. Prentice Hall Professional.						
•	Dotaile						

Details				
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each		30		
i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30		
Quizzes – 2 Nos.	CIE (50)	2*2=4		
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Seminar	ntations related to course/ Seminar			
presentation – 2 Nos.		2*5=10		
Mini Projects/ Case studies/Assignments – 3 Nos.		3*2=6		
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50		
	Total	100		

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3									
CO2	3	3	3									
CO3	3	3	3									
CO4	3	3	3									
CO5	3	3	3				1					

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PROCESS MODELLING & SIMULATION	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH642	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P :: 20:20:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To give an overview of various methods of process modelling, different computational techniques for simulation.

Module-1 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Modelling:** Models and model building, principles of model formulations, precautions in model building, Degree-of-freedom analysis, Selection of design variables, Review of numerical techniques, Model simulation.

Review of shell balance approach, continuity equation, energy equation, equation of motion and momentum, transport equation of state equilibrium and Kinetics, thermodynamic correlations for the estimation of physical properties like phase equilibria, bubble and dew points.

**Experiential Learning:** Mass and Heat transfer balance of PFR, HE, MFR by considering data from current literature.

**Applications:** Students understands the basic conservation equations and their applications.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/content/syllabus\_pdf/103107096.pdf

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=df5EK1P6Ph0

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Basic formulation of mathematical modelling: Basic tank model – Level V/s time. Models in separation process: Batch Distillation – Vapor composition with time. Multistage distillation and multi component flash drum. Solvent extraction (steady & unsteady state), multistage gas absorption.

**Experiential Learning:** Tank model experiment and model building for liquid extraction process from current literature.

**Applications:** Students could be able to develop mathematical equations for chemical Engineering systems.

# Video Links/Any other special information:

https://nptel.ac.in/content/syllabus\_pdf/103107096.pdf

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1a0Ym6DP8EQ&list=PLvpgTFzUKO4\_dh8w5DTAbRsJed\_y ZSi71

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Models in heat transfer operation: Heat conduction through cylindrical pipe (steady  $\theta$  unsteady state), cooling of tanks, and unsteady state heat transfer by conduction. Models in fluid flow operation: Fluid through packed bed column, flow  $\theta$  film on the outside of a circular tube, Laminar flow of Newtonian liquid in a pipe, Gravity flow tank.

**Experiential Learning**: Model building for Heat Flow through cylindrical pipe and Packed bed column operation by considering current literature.

**Applications:** Generating mathematical modelling equations for heat and mass transfer operations.

# Video Links/Any other special information:

https://nptel.ac.in/content/syllabus\_pdf/103107096.pdf

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1a0Ym6DP8EQ&list=PLvpgTFzUKO4\_dh8w5DTAbRsJed\_y ZSi71

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Models in reaction engineering:** Chemical reaction with diffusion in a tubular reactor, Gas phase pressurized CSTR, Two phase CSTR, reactors in series (Constant and variable hold-ups), Batch reactor with mass transfer.

**Experiential Learning:** Modeling and simulation of reactors in series.

**Applications:** Generating mathematical modelling equations for different Chemical reactors.

# Video Links/Any other special information:

https://nptel.ac.in/content/syllabus\_pdf/103107096.pdf

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J51llasaows

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**SIMULATION**: Simulation of the models, tearing and flow sheeting, Modular and Equation-solving approach (Elementary treatment only). Introduction and use of process simulation software (DWSIM/Aspen Plus/ Aspen Hysys) for flow sheet simulation.

**Experiential Learning:** Developing a flowsheet for a known chemical process using DWSIM software.

Applications: Basic concepts of modelling and flow sheeting.

Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PXazJmC0MM8

https://nptel.ac.in/content/syllabus\_pdf/103107096.pdf

Course outo	comes:
CO1	Apply the various equations to simple chemical engineering problems.
CO2	Develop the modelling equations for chemical engineering problems pertaining to mass transfer.
CO3	Strategies in developing mathematical models for momentum and heat transfer applications.
CO4	Applying the modelling concepts to the transport problems involving chemical reactions.
CO5	Simulate a process using process simulators (DWSIM/ASPEN Plus/ ASPEN Hysys).

Text Books:	
1	William, L., & William, L. (2003). Process Modeling Simulation, and Control for
_	Chemical Engineers. McGraw-Hill Publishing Company.
2	Babu, B. V. (2004). <i>Process plant simulation</i> . Oxford University Press, USA.
3	Himmelblau, D. M., & Bischoff, K. B. (1968). Process analysis and simulation:
3	deterministic systems.
Reference B	ooks:
1	Fogler, H. S. (2001). Essentials of Chemical Reaction Engineering Pearson
	Education.
2	Smith, J. M. and Van Ness, H.C. (1996). Introduction to Chemical Engineering
_	Thermodynamics 5th Edition.
	Holland, C. D. (1974). Fundamentals and Modelling of Separation Processes:
3	Absorption, Distillation, Evaporation and Extraction. (Englewood Cliffs, Prentice-
	Hall).

# Scheme of Evaluation:

Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e.,		30
$\Sigma$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Assignments (2 Nos.)		5X2=10
Mini project/Case studies		3X2=6
Semester End Examination	SEE	50
	(50)	
	Total	100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3	1								2
CO2	3	3	3	2								1
CO3	3	3	3	2								2
CO4	3	3	3	2								1
CO5	3	3	3	1								1

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	CHEMICAL PROCESS INTEGRATION	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH643	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::30:10:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Understand process synthesis and analysis based on Pinch concept

## Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103035/

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Heat Integration: Heat exchanger networks, Graphical and algebraic methods for heat integration, Combined heat and power integration excluding co-generating targeting

Experiential Learning: Heat Integration in distillation column

**Applications:** Students will be able to understand the energy saving in distillation column through adopting heat integration

# Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/107/103107094/

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Optimization:** Graphical method, simplex method, single variable optimization, multivariable optimization.

**Mathematical Techniques**: for synthesis of mass & heat exchange excluding Lingo optimization techniques, for mass integration. Initiatives and applications. Case studies.

**Experiential Learning:** Case studies on Chemical Process Industrial Applications

**Applications:** Students will able to understand key elements of PI and has motivated you to take initiative and start your own applications to generate value, enhance productivity, reduce pollution, conserve resources and contribute to a sustainable development

#### Video Links

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/111/105/111105039/

## Course outcomes:

CO1	Solve process integration and direct recycle problems using analytical and							
	graphical techniques							
CO2	Solve direct recycle problems using algebraic techniques and to synthesize MEN							
with pinch analysis.								
CO3	Synthesize MEN using algebraic techniques and to solve problems using property							
003	integration.							
	Apply the concept of pinch analysis to synthesize HENs to find the minimum							
CO4	heating and cooling utilities by graphical & algebraic tools also to synthesize							
	combined heat & power pinch diagrams to solve problems.							
CO5	Synthesize MEN and HEN problems using mathematical optimization tools.							

Text B	ooks:						
1	El-Halwagi, M. M. (2006). <i>Process integration</i> . Elsevier.						
2	Smith, R. (2005). <i>Chemical process: design and integration</i> . John Wiley & Sons.						
Refere	Reference Books:						
1	Kemp, I. C. (2011). <i>Pinch analysis and process integration: a user guide on</i>						
	process integration for the efficient use of energy. Elsevier.						

Scheme of Evaluation		
Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\Sigma$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3	CIE	30
Quizzes - 2Nos.	(50)	2X2=4
Assignments – 2Nos.	(00)	5X2=10
Mini Projects/ Case studies - 3Nos.		3X2=6
Semester End Examination	SEE	50
John Carlotte Live Examination	(50)	
Total		100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3									3	
CO2	3	3					-				3	
CO3	3	2	3	3							3	
CO4	3	3									3	
CO5	3	3	3	3							3	

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PIPING ENGINEERING & DESIGN	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH644	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P :: 20:20:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Understand piping layout and pipe fitting requirements in a process industry.

**Applications**: Industrial pipeline Engineering concepts.

Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.academia.edu/7466994/PIPING\_COURSE\_MATERIAL

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dieOUwx-33Q

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Pipe supports:** Load on supports, primary and secondary supports, types of pipe support: hangers, anchors, racks, trestles, brackets, trunnion, stiffening ribs, pipe clamping, flexible hanger supports, supporting span of pipelines

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrating of pipe supports, field trip to any nearby industry.

**Applications**: Industrial pipeline Engineering concepts

Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.academia.edu/7466994/PIPING\_COURSE\_MATERIAL

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=U4aUmrOeVbc

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 | 8 Hours

**Piping fabrication:** Codes and standards, types of piping fabrication, welding joints in pipelines, welding processes used in piping fabrication, preparation of pipe edges, heat treatment of weld joints, inspection of weld joints, repair of defective weld joints

**Corrosion erosion in pipelines:** Corrosion control, corrosion reaction, types of corrosion, anticorrosive protective coatings, cathodic protection of pipelines, abrasion.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrating pipe joints, field trip to any nearby industry.

**Applications**: Industrial pipeline Engineering concepts

Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.academia.edu/7466994/PIPING\_COURSE\_MATERIAL

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=804DEhNPd64

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Expansion effects and compensating methods:** Pipe expansions, methods of compensation, thermal force calculation, methods of compensation, permissible equivalent stresses caused by additional external loads expansion devices calculation of anchor force using a bellow material and life, use of hinged compensators.

**Thermal insulation:** Functions of thermal insulators, modes of heat transfer, insulating materials, temperature drop in a pipeline, application of insulation, calculation of condensate, de-superheaters.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrating types of insulations for pipes, field trip to any nearby industry.

**Applications**: Industrial pipeline Engineering concepts Video Links/Any other special information: https://www.academia.edu/7466994/PIPING\_COURSE\_MATERIAL https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8q3B85GQKns Course outcomes: CO1 Recall the fundamentals of fluid flow, heat transfer, insulation and corrosion. Calculate pressure losses in pipes and valves, determine supporting span of CO2 pipelines and welding efficiency. Apply the codes and standards for pipe sizing, valves, pipe fabrication, corrosion CO3 protection and insulation. Compare and distinguish amongst materials of construction, pipe fittings, CO4 supports, corrosion protection methods and materials of insulation. Analyze hydraulic design considerations, losses in valves and fittings, loads on CO5

Text Bo	ooks:
1	Smith, P. (2013). <i>The fundamentals of piping design</i> . Elsevier.
2	Sahu, G. K. (1998). <i>Handbook of Piping Design</i> . New Age International.
Referer	nce Books:
1	Nayyar, M. L. (2000). <i>Piping handbook</i> . McGraw-Hill Education.
2	Perry, R. H., & Green, D. W. (2008). Prerry's Chemical Engineers Handbook (8th
	Eds.).
	Web Link and Video Lectures:
3	https://www.udemy.com/course/fundamentals-of-process-piping-
3	engineering-in-oil-and-gas/
	https://www.coursera.org/lecture/natural-gas/pipelines-part-1-xZUE2

supports, corrosion and insulation considerations.

# Scheme of Evaluation:

Details			
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each			
i.e.,		30	
$\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3	CIE (50)		
Quizzes - 2Nos.		2X2=4	
Assignments (2 Nos.)		5X2=10	
Mini project/Case studies		3X2=6	
Semester End Examination	SEE	50	
Jernester Bria Brairitiation	(50)		
	Total	100	

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	1	2	1	2							
CO2	3	1	1	3	3							
CO3	1				3							
CO4			3	3	2							
CO5	3	2	2	3	3	2						

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	WASTEWATER TREATMENT	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH651	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To understand the basic characteristics of wastewater.

to estimate the minimum coagulant dose required to achieve certain water quality goals.

## Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/105/105105178/

Module-3	RBT Level: L1, L2, L3	8 Hours
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Water Disinfection Process – Disinfection methodologies and their suitability. Theory of Disinfection and characteristics of good disinfectant. Forms of Chlorination, Chemical reactions, Break point Chlorination. Measurement of Chlorine Demand and residual Chlorine. Estimation of quantity of Chlorine and Bleaching powder required for treatment of water. Water Softening - Hardness removal techniques, Studies on effects of hardness. Fluoridation and Defluoridation techniques in affected areas.

Experiential Learning: Studies on break point chlorination of water

**Applications:** Students can able to understand the principal purpose of breakpoint chlorination is to ensure effective disinfection by satisfying the chlorine demand of the water.

Video Links: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/105/105105048/

Module-4	RBT Level: L1, L2, L3	8 Hours
	<u> </u>	

Process and treatment of specific industries 1: Manufacturing Process and origin, characteristics, effects and treatment methods of liquid waste from Steel plants, Fertilizers, Textiles, Paper and Pulp industries, Oil Refineries, Coal and Gas based Power Plants.

**Experiential Learning**: Study of wastewater effluents characteristics generated from pulp and paper industry

**Applications:** Students can be able to understand the physico-chemical characteristics of effluent discharge from paper and pulp industry

## Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/106/105106119/

Module-5	RBT Level: L1, L2, L3	8 Hours
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Process and treatment of specific industries 2: Manufacturing Process and origin, characteristics, effects and treatment methods of liquid waste from Tanneries, Sugar Mills, Distillers, Dairy and Food Processing industries, Pharmaceutical Plants.

# Experiential Learning:

Characterization of effluents from dairy and food processing industries.

**Applications:** Students will be able to understand the physico-chemical characteristics of effluent discharge from dairy and food processing industries

# Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/106/105106119/

Course outcomes:	
CO1	Estimate the basic characteristics of wastewater.
CO2	Formulate various treatment methods for wastewater.
CO3	Design a biological treatment process for wastewater.
CO4	Evaluate common effluent treatment methods in various process industries like steel, paper and petroleum.
CO5	Evaluate effluent treatment methods in sugar, food and pharmaceutical industries.
Text Books:	
1	Arceivala, S. J., &Asolekar, S. R. (2006). <i>Wastewater treatment for pollution control and reuse</i> . Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
2	Metcalf, L., Eddy, H. P., &Tchobanoglous, G. (1991). Wastewater engineering: treatment, disposal, and reuse (Vol. 4). New York: McGraw-Hill.
Reference Books:	
1	Karia, G. L., & Christian, R. A. (2013). Wastewater treatment: Concepts and design approach. PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.
2	Mahajan, S. P. (1985). <i>Pollution control in process industries.</i> Tata McGraw-Hill Education.

Scheme of Evaluation:		
Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2Nos.		2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Tutorials (1 in each module)	CIE (50)	5X2=10
Mini Projects/ Case studies/ Journal Report-2 Nos		6
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
Total	1	100

СО-РО	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3					3				3	3
CO2	3	3	3	2			3				3	3
CO3	3	3	2	2			3		1	1	3	3
CO4	3	3	2	2			3				3	3
CO5	3	3	2	2			3	-	1		3	3

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	COMPOSITE MATERIALS	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH652	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Understand the significance of advanced materials.

**Applications:** Processing techniques or heat treatment methods commonly used to increase the strength and structural integrity of a given material.

#### Video Links:

http://navier.engr.colostate.edu/whatische/ChEL05Body.html https://www.me.iitb.ac.in/~ramesh/courses/ME338/comp.pdf

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

Processing Techniques Based on Reaction Methods: such as Chemical vapour deposition (CVD), vapour phase epitaxy, plasma-enhanced chemical vapour deposition (PECVD), chemical vapour infiltration (CVI). Self-propagating high temperature synthesis (SHS) for the preparation of monolithic ceramics, composites, coating, thin films, whiskers and fibres and semi conducting materials such as Si and Gallium Arsenide

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate the heat treatment methods to study the physical and chemical properties of materials

**Applications:** Techniques based on reaction methods not only to create a solid-state thin film on the surface and produce high-purity bulk materials and powder but also to manufacture composite materials through infiltration techniques.

## Video Links:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Composite\_material

https://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-1-4613-2233-7\_12

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

Synthesis and processing of mixed ceramic oxides with high temperature super conducting properties. Reinforcement, additives, fillers for polymer composite, master batch& compounding.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstration of Compounding for the development of Composite plastic materials with advanced properties.

**Applications:** Used in composites to modify materials' properties and tailor the laminate's performance. When added, it improves properties including water resistance, weathering, surface smoothness, stiffness, dimensional stability and temperature resistance. How to solve odour problems in plastics and give electrical and thermal conductivity and antimicrobial properties to materials.

#### Video Links:

https://freevideolectures.com/course/2266/material-science

http://www.plastemart.com/plastic-technical-articles/polymer-compounding-for-developing-advanced-materials/ 2377

http://	http://compositeslab.com/composite-materials/additives-fillers/							
Modul	le-5	RBT Level: L1, L2	8 Hours					
Polym	er composite. Fibre reinforced composites.	Stress – Strain modu	ilus relationship					
Nano	Nano composites. Characteristics & applications in marine, aerospace, building							
<del>ն</del> comլ	outer industry. Manufacturing methods, hand	l layouts, filament wind	ding, pultrusion,					
SMC, I	DMC.							
Experi	ential Learning: Demonstrate the different C	Composite materials						
Applic	ations: Helps in understanding the streng	gthening mechanics	and fabrication					
techni	ques adopted in different types of composite	e material						
Video	Links: https://freevideolectures.com/course/3	3479/processing-of-no	n-metals/5					
https:/	/www.allbro.com/technical-manufacturing-p	orocess.html						
http://	www.escm.eu.org/eccm16/assets/0045.pdf							
Cours	e outcomes:							
CO1	Understand the significance of advanced m	aterials.						
CO2	Compare the set of technological properties conventional materials.	s of the advanced mat	erials with the					
CO3	Understand the characteristic properties and usability of composite materials.							
CO4	Calculate the strength of the composite ur applications.	nder transverse & long	itudinal loading					
CO5	Identify the strengthening mechanics and different types of composite material	d fabrication techniqu	ues adopted in					

Text E	Books:
1	Kingery, W. D., Bowen, H. K., & Uhlmann, D. R. (1976). <i>Introduction to ceramics</i> (Vol. 17). John wiley& sons.
2	Chawla, Kluner (2003). <i>Advanced Composites</i> . Academic Publisher.
Refere	ence Books:
1	Schockelford, J. T. (2020). <i>Introduction to Material Science for Engineers</i> . McMillan Publications.
2	Vlack, V. (1959). <i>Elements Of Material Science And Engineering, 6/E.</i> Pearson Education India.
3	Nicholas, P. Paul, N., Chermisin off. (1978). Fibre Reinforced Plastic Deskbook, Ann Arbor science publishing Inc.

Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\Sigma$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2 Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Assignment -2 Nos. /Presentation - 1 Nos		3X2=6
Mini Projects/ Case studies/ Journal Report - 2 Nos.		2X5=10
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
Total	•	100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1										
CO2	2	1										
CO3	2	1										
CO4	2	1										
CO5	2	2										

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	INTRODUCTION TO BIOTECHNOLOGY	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH653	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3hrs

- Define biotechnology and list some basic practices.
- Understand the properties of genetic materials and the central dogma of molecular biology.
- Understand genetic engineering and various applications of medical and industrial biotechnology

**Applications**: Disease prevention and treatment, generation of new protein products, and manipulation of plants and animals for desired phenotypic traits are all applications of molecular biology methods.

## Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/103/102103045/

https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/biology/7-012-introduction-to-biology-fall-2004/video-

lectures/lecture-10-molecular-biology-1/

Module-3 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Genetic Engineering**: Introduction to genetic engineering, basic techniques in genetic engineering, polymerase chain reaction, gene libraries, protein engineering, manipulation of gene expression in host cell, human genome project.

Experiential learning: Demonstrate polymerase chain reaction using videos.

**Applications:** In medicine, genetic engineering has been used to mass-produce insulin, human growth hormones, follistim (for treating infertility), human albumin, monoclonal antibodies, antihemophilic factors, vaccines, and many other drugs.

## Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/103/102103045/

https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/biology/7-012-introduction-to-biology-fall-2004/video-

lectures/lecture-6-genetics-1/

Module-4 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Medical and Industrial Biotechnology**: Gene therapy, DNA in disease diagnosis and medical forensics, recombinant vaccines, monoclonal antibodies, Fermentation and enzyme technology, downstream processing, microbial production of antibiotics.

**Experiential learning:** To demonstrate the microbial production of antibiotics using videos.

**Applications:** Recombinant Insulin, Gene Therapy, Molecular Diagnosis, Pharmacogenomics, Edible Vaccines are the medical BT applications. Production of value-added products is the main application of industrial BT.

## Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/103/102103045/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SE7Fi8jM8ho

Module-5 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Animal, Plant and Environmental Biotechnology: Fundamentals of animal cell culture, transgenic animals, Fundamentals of plant cell culture, transgenic plants, sludge treatment, biodegradation and bioremediation.

**Public perception of Biotechnology**: genetic engineering – safety, social, moral and ethical considerations

**Experiential learning:** To determine the percentage moisture content present in the different solid waste samples.

**Applications:** Plant-derived proteins, therapeutic proteins, transgenic products, biotreatments.

# Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/103/102103045/

https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/102106080/L01.html

# Course Outcomes: CO1 Explain biotechnology as a foundation in biology with engineering of living systems and its nature and practices. CO: Illustrate the storage of genetic information and its translation at molecular level. CO3 Explain the molecular techniques involved in isolation and manipulation of genetic material. CO4 Explain the medical and industrial applications of biotechnology. CO5 Discuss the techniques of Plant and animal cell Culture, biodegradation and public perception of biotechnology.

Scheme of Evaluation:		
Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Assignment -2 Nos. /Presentation- 1 Nos	(30)	3X2=6
Mini Projects/ Case studies/ Journal Report - 2 Nos.	1	2X5=10
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
Total		100

Text	Books:						
1	Satyanarayana, U. (2008). Text book of biotechnology. Books & Allied Ltd, Kolkata.						
2	Smith, J. (2004). Biotechnology (4th ed., Studies in Biology). Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. doi:10.1017/CBO9781139167215						
Refer	Reference Books:						
1	Lewin, B. (2004). Genes Viii (No. 04; QH430, L4.).						
2	Primrose, S. B., & Twyman, R. (2013). Principles of gene manipulation and genomics. John Wiley & Sons.						

					C	O-PO M	lapping	J				
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2				3	3	3				
CO2	2	2				3	3	3				
CO3	2	2				3	3	3				
CO4	3	2				3	3	3				
CO5	2	2				3	3	3				

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	INDUSTRIAL SAFETY	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH654	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L : T : P :: 20 : 10 : 10	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Learn about implementation of safety procedures, risk analysis and assessment, hazard identification

**Applications**: Provides assessment approaches that are intended to be relatively easy to implement and use.

# Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103106071/

Module-3 RBT Level: L-1, L-2, L3 8 Hours

Risk Assessment and Management Methods: Risk adjusted discounted rate method, certainty equivalent coefficient method, probability distribution, Shackle approach, Hiller"s model, Hertz Model. Emergency relief Systems, Diers program, bench scale experiments, design of emergency relief systems, risk management plan, risk management alternatives, risk management tools & plans, risk index method, Dowfire and explosion method, Mond index Method.

**Laboratory Sessions/Experimental Learning:** Demonstration of Risk Identification methods, defined levels of hazards based on risk assessment.

**Applications:** Many activities in the process industries involve handling hazardous chemicals, some of which are major hazards. Incidents in which there is loss of containment of such chemicals can have consequences which are potentially harmful to people and the environment. Hence there is the possibility of some risk to people and the environment on or around certain process industry activities.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

http://www.cholarisk.com/downloads/about-pdf/Risk-Management-for-Chemical-Industries.pdf

https://ptgmedia.pearsoncmg.com/images/9780131382268/samplepages/0131382268.pdf

Module-4 RBT Level: L-1, L-2, L3 8 Hours

**Risk Assurance and Assessment:** Property insurance, transport insurance, liability insurance, risk Assessment, low Probability high consequence events. Fault tree analysis, Event tree analysis.

Laboratory Sessions/Experimental Learning: Demonstration of graphical methods like Fault tree analysis, event tree analysis that illustrates combinations of failures that will cause one specific failure of interest.

**Applications:** It helps in understanding the typical stages in Risk Management approach like Identify, Understand and evaluate, assess, select, implement, monitor and review, communicate.

Module-5 RBT Level: L-1, L-2 8 Hours

Risk Analysis in Chemical Industries: Handling and storage of chemicals, process plants, personnel protection equipment's. International environmental management system. Fire Safety & Precautions: Introduction, Fire alarms and detectors, Fire extinguishers, Emergency escape and firefighting. Industrial Safety.

**Laboratory Sessions/Experimental Learning:** Demonstrate hazard identification, hazard evaluation, and hazard mitigation in laboratory operations

**Applications:** Risk assessment is a custom of evaluating the potential scope or considered action which might lead to an undesired outcome. To carry out a Risk Analysis, you must first identify the possible threats that you face, and then estimate the likelihood that these threats will materialize.

## Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.mindtools.com/pages/article/newTMC\_07.htm

https://hal-ineris.archives-ouvertes.fr/ineris-00961858/document

# Course outcomes:

-	
001	Demonstrate the awareness of plant safety in selection and layout of chemical
CO1	plants and the usage of safety codes.
	plants and the usage of safety codes.
CO2	Analyse various risk identification methods
CO3	Interpret the various risk assessment tools in process industries
	Analyza to also and safety properly was few protection into beauty because and to
CO4	Analyze tools and safety procedures for protection into health hazards and to
004	implement the effective process control and instrumentation.
	implement the enective process control and instrumentation.
	Analyze various precautions for handling and storage of chemicals in process
CO5	
	industries.
1	

Text B	ooks:
1	Handley, W. (1977). <i>Industrial safety handbook</i> . McGraw-Hill Companies.
2	Daren Rodney - Safety in the Workplace: Guide to Health and Safety in the workplace, 2020
Refere	nce Books:
1	Crowl, D. A., &Louvar, J. F. (2001). Chemical process safety: fundamentals with
	applications. Pearson Education.
	Jenkins, S. (2013). Functional Safety in the Process Industry: A Handbook of
2	Practical Guidance in the Application of IEC61511 and ANSI/ISA-84. Chemical
	Engineering, 120(1), 10-11.

/

Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks		30
each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes – 2 Nos.	CIE (50)	2*2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Seminar		2*5=10
presentation – 2 Nos.		2 3-10
Mini Projects/ Case studies/Assignments – 3 Nos.		3*2=6
Semester End Examination	SEE	50
Seriester Eria Examination	(50)	30
	Total	100

CO-PO N	<b>lappin</b>	ıg										
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	3		1		1	1				1	
CO2	2	3	1		1	1						
CO3	2	3	1		1	1						
CO4	3		1						1		1	
CO5	3	3	1		1	1						

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	MASS TRANSFER LAB	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CHL66	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L: T : P :: 0: 10 : 30	SEE	50
No. of Contact	3	Total	100
Hours/week			
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To verify experimentally the mass transfer concepts studied in theory.

16	Separation of DNA using Gel-electrophoresis	L1, L2, L3, L4	3						
	experiment								
17	Casting of membrane L1, L2, L3, L4 3								
Cours	e outcomes:								
CO1	Determine the diffusivity of organic vapors in air using Am	nold cell & verif	y Himus						
001	equation using surface evaporation.								
CO2	Determine stage efficiency for adsorption, leaching & extraction.								
	Estimate parameters affecting distillation using simple dis-	tillation, packed	l						
CO3	drying time in								
	atmospheric and vacuum dryer.								
	Determine the specific rate of dissolution & transfer coeffi	cient for given	solid						
CO4	and mass transfer coefficient for air-water vapour system	for various cor	ıditions						
	using wetted wall column.								
CO5	Estimate the height of cooling tower for given situation &	verify vapour li	quid						
005	equilibrium.								
	Details		Marks						

Details		Marks
Regular Lab work		20
Record writing		5
Lab tests (minimum 2 tests shall be conducted for 15 marks and average of two will be taken)	CIE (50)	15
Viva		10
Examinations will be conducted for 100 marks and scaled- down to		
50		10
Write up	SEE	
Conduction	(50)	20
Analysis of results		10
Viva		10
	Total	100

Text E	Text Books:					
1	Treybal, R. E. (1980). Mass transfer operations. New York, 466.					
	McCabe & Smith. (2001). Unit Operations in Chemical Engineering, 6th edn,					
2	2 McGraw Hill					
Refere	Reference Books:					

1	Geankoplis, C. J. (2003). Transport processes and separation principles (include												
	unit operation).												
2	Coulson and Richardson (1988). Chemical Engineering Vol I, II, III, IV and V, 4th												
	ed <sup>-</sup>	edn, Pergamon Press.											
CO-PO Mapping													
CO/PC	)	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
CO2		3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
CO3		3	3	_	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	_	-
CO4		3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-
CO5		3	3	-	2	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN CHEMICAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CHL67	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	20	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	3 L:T:P::0:10:10	Total	100
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

Students will learn to use mathematical tools to solve chemical engineering problems and basic programming in MATLAB.

The following experiments are to be carried out; the data are to be analysed based on the theoretical aspects and recorded with comments.

Sl	Experiment Name	RBT Level	Hours
No	Experiment Name	RDI Level	nours
1.	MATLAB – Matrices/ Polynomials/ Integral/ Differential/Plots	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
2.	Data handling and regression using MS-Excel	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
3.	Non-linear algebraic equation — Newton's method	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
4.	Solving a process flowsheet (material balance) using MS-	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	Excel		
5.	Numerical Integration- Simpson's 1/3 Rule	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
6.	Ordinary Differential Equation- R-K Method	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
7.	Curve Fitting-Least Square	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
8.	Calculation of Bubble Point and Dew Point for Ideal multi-	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	component system		
9.	P-x,y and T-x,y data generation from the given vapor	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	pressure data		
10.	Flash Vaporization for multi-component system	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
11.	Design of Batch Reactor/PFR/CSTR	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
12.	Double pipe heat exchanger (Area, Length and Pressure	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	drop)		

# Note:

• Minimum of 10 experiments are to be conducted and all 10 experiments are to

	included for practical examination.							
Cours	Course outcomes:							
CO1	Solve chemical engineering problems by using numerical methods							
CO2	Write programs in MATLAB for solving problems using computational techniques and execute them in laboratory.							
CO3	Analyse and interpret data using MS-Excel							
CO4	Solving chemical reactors design using numerical methods							
CO5	Design heat and mass transfer equipment using numerical methods.							

## Scheme of Evaluation:

Details	Marks	
Daily Evaluation		30
Internal Assessment	CIE (50)	10
Project Based Experiment		10
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
	Total	100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3		3							2
CO2	3	3	3		3							2
CO3	3	3	3		3							2
CO4	3	3	3		3							
CO5	3	3	3		3							

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	MINI PROJECT	Semester	VI
Course Code	МVJ20СНР68	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	L:T:P::0:0:60	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

## Course Objective:

• To support independent learning.

Internal Marks: The Internal marks (50 marks) evaluation shall be based on Phase wise completion of the project work, Project report, Presentation and Demonstration of the actual/model/prototype of the project.

Semester End Examination: SEE marks for the project (50 marks) shall be based on Project report, Presentation and Demonstration of the actual/model/prototype of the project, as per the norms by the examiners appointed

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	TRANSPORT PHENOMENA	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH71	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	50 L : T : P :: 40 : 10 : 0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	5	Total	100
Credits	4	Exam. Duration	3 Hours
Course objective is to:	•	•	•

• To introduce the students about basic laws of momentum, heat and mass transfer.

balances and boundary conditions through videos.

**Applications:** A common application of laminar flow is in the smooth flow of a viscous liquid through a tube or pipe. The walls of furnaces, boilers and other heat exchange devices consist of several layers.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/105/103105128/

Module-3 RBT Level: L-1, L-2, L3 10 Hours

Temperature Distribution in Solids and in Laminar Flow: Different situations of heat transfer: Heat conduction with internal generation by electrical and nuclear energy sources, Heat conduction in a cooling fin: Forced and free convection heat transfer. Concentration Distributions in Laminar Flow: Steady state Shell mass balances. General Boundary conditions applicable to mass transport problems of chemical engineering. Equimolar counter diffusion. Numerical problems.

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:** Demonstration of shell mass balances and boundary conditions through videos.

**Applications:** Convective heat and mass transfer applications are heat exchangers, migration of moisture through air contained in fibrous insulation, energy efficient drying processes, underground spread of pollutants, packed-bed nuclear reactors, cooling of radioactive waste containers, microelectronic devices during their operation etc.

Videolink/Additionalonlineinformation:https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/105/103105128/

Module-4 RBT Level: L-1, L-2, L3 10 Hours

Concentration Distributions in Laminar Flow: Diffusion through stagnant gas and liquid films, Diffusion with homogeneous reaction, Diffusion with heterogeneous reaction Diffusion into falling film – Forced convection mass transfer. Numerical problems.

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:** Demonstration of the effect of homogenous and heterogenous reaction using video.

**Applications**: Applications of diffusion are sintering to produce solid materials (powder metallurgy, production of ceramics), chemical reactor design, catalyst design in chemical industry.

Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/105/103105128/		
Module-5	RBT Level: L-1, L-2, L3	10 Hours

Analogies between Momentum, Heat and Mass Transport: Analogies between Momentum, Heat and Mass Transport - Reynold's, Prandtl's and Chilton & Colburn analogies. Equations of Change: Equation of continuity, Equation of motion; Navier – Stokes equation. Macroscopic Balance for Isothermal Systems (Mass, Momentum and Mechanical Energy Balance).

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning**: Demonstration of analogy between heat and momentum transfer through videos.

**Applications:** The common applications of equations of change are used in pipes, tubes and ducts with flowing fluids or gases, rivers, overall procedure as diaries, power plants, roads, logistics in general, computer networks and semiconductor technologies and some other fields.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/105/103105128/

Cour	se outcomes:				
CO1	Explain the basic transport equations for momentum, heat & mass transfer.				
CO2	Develop the mathematical model to develop flux equations for steady state				
002	momentum and energy transfer in various situations.				
CO3	Develop mathematical models to determine transfer fluxes and temperature,				
003	concentration distribution for heat sources and systems involving diffusion.				
CO4	Develop the flux equations for steady state mass transfer in various situations.				
Apply equation of change in solving steady state problems & analyse analog					
between momentum, heat and mass transport.					
Text	Books:				
1	Bird, R. B., Stewart, W. E., & Lightfoot, E. N. (2006). <i>Transport phenomena</i> (Vol. 1).				
	John Wiley & Sons.				
Refer	rence Books:				
1	B. M Suryavashi and L. R Dongre, (2015), Transport phenomena, 7th edition,				
	Niraliprakashann, 2015.				
2	Brodkey, R. S., & Hershey, H. C. (2003). Transport phenomena: a unified aprroach.				
	Brodkey publishing.				

Details										M	larks		
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3												30	
Quizzes –	2 Nos	S.								CIE (50	, [		2*2=4
	Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Seminar presentation – 2 Nos.									CIL (30	, <u> </u>	2	2*5=10
Mini Proje	Mini Projects/ Case studies/Assignments – 3 Nos.									3*2=6			
Semester End Examination SEE (50)										50			
	Total										100		
СО-РО М	lappin	g									ı		
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO	11	PO12
CO1	3	2										-	
CO2 3 3											-		
CO3	3	3	3	3						-			
CO4	3	3										-	
CO5	3	3										-	

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PROCESS CONTROL	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH72	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	50	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	5	Total	100
Credits	4	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To determine possible control objectives, input variables (manipulated variables and disturbances).

Second Order Systems: Characteristics of manometer and damped vibrator. Transfer functions. Response for various input forcing functions, response for step input for under damped case – Terms associated with it. Transportation lag. Closed Loop System: Development of block diagram for feed-back control systems, servo and regulatory problems, transfer function for controllers and final control element, principles of pneumatic controllers

**Experiential learning**: To study the characteristics of a damped vibrator.

**Applications**: Second order and closed loop systems are implemented widely in chemical industries such as mining, dredging, oil refining, pulp and paper manufacturing, chemical processing and power generating plants.

#### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103037/

https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/chemical-engineering/10-450-process-dynamics-operations-and-control-spring-2006/lecture-notes

Modulo 7	RBT Level: L1, L2,	10 Hours
Module-3	L3	10 Hours

Syllabus Content: **Stability**: Stability of linear control systems. Routh Test. **Frequency response**: Introduction to frequency response of closed-loop systems, control system design by frequency response techniques, Bode diagram, Principle of Nyquist diagram, stability criterion

**Experiential learning**: Demonstration of simulated closed loop response.

**Applications**: Frequency response techniques have been used to characterize an external recycle reactor and various chemical equipment.

#### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103037/

http://www.infocobuild.com/education/audio-video-

courses/chemistry/ProcessControlInstrumentation-IIT-Kharagpur/lecture-24.html

Module-4	RBT Level: L1, L2,	10 Hours
Module-4	L3	10 Hours

**Control System Design By Frequency Response**: Bode criterion. Gain and Phase margins, Tuning of controller settings, Ziegler – Nichols controller tuning, Cohen-Coon controller tuning. **Root Locus**: Rules for plotting and problems.

**Experiential learning**: To demonstrate the tuning of controllers using videos.

**Applications**: A process control engineer is using the frequency response analysis to select the most appropriate values for the adjustable parameters of a controller

#### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103037/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sUDoTw\_LIbk

AA - 2-2 - C	RBT Level: L1, L2,	40.17
Module-5	L3	10 Hours

**Advanced Control System:** Introduction to advanced control systems, cascade control, feed forward control.

**Introduction to computer control of chemical processes**: Digital Computer control loops

**Experiential learning**: To demonstrate the multi loop control system-cascade control using videos.

**Applications:** In computer process control, a digital computer is used to direct the operations of a manufacturing process and production operations involving materials such as chemicals, petroleum, foods, and certain basic metals.

### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103037/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=B5jxoBiWB9g

Cours	Course outcomes:							
CO1	Interpret the process control and modelling considerations and model the							
	dynamics of a first order process.							
CO2	Develop the transfer functions for a second system and derive the transient							
	response of servo and regulator control with various control modes.							
CO3	Analyze the stability for a given linear control systems using Routh Hurwitz							
	criteria and the frequency response using Bode and Nyquist diagrams.							
CO4	Analyze the control system design by frequency response and plot root locus							
	diagram for different process.							
CO5	Discuss cascade control, feed forward control and the digital digital computer							
	control loops.							

Text B	Books:											
1	Coughanowr,	D.	R.,	ઇ	Koppel,	L.	B.	(1965). <i>Process</i>	systems	analysis	and	
	control (Vol. 2). New York: McGraw-Hill.											

2	Stephanopoulos, G. (1984). Chemical process control (Vol. 2). New Jersey:								
	Prentice hall.								
Refere	Reference Books:								
1	Benenati, R. F. (1973). Process modeling, simulation and control for chemical								
1	engineers, William L. Luyben, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1973. 558 pp.								
	Coulson, J. M., Richardson, J. F., & Peacock, D. G. (1979). Chemical Engineering,								
2	Vol 3 (Chemical Reactor Design, Biochemical Reaction Engineering Including								
	Computational Techniques and Control).								

Scheme of Evaluation		
Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each		70
i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Assignments (2 Nos.)		5X2=10
Practical Examinations		3X2=6
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
	Total	100

СО-РО МАРРІ	CO-PO MAPPING											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3										
CO2	2	3										
CO3	3	3	2	2								
CO4	3	3	2	2								
CO5	3	3										

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	ADVANCED MEMBRANE SEPARATIONS	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH731	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P :: 20:20:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Acquire in-depth knowledge in the areas of membrane separation mechanisms, membrane types and modules, membrane contactors / reactors and applications.

	https://www.you	.tube.com/watch?	v=cAiiMapprxM
ı			

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Membrane processes**: Theory, system design, and applications of gas permeation, liquid membranes, membrane distillation, membrane contactors, membrane reactors and membrane bioreactors, and submerged membranes.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrating the discussed membrane techniques and their mechanism of separation through animated videos.

**Applications**: Industrial application of membrane science and technology for biotechnology and biomedical engineering.

**Video Links/Any other special information:** https://www.thembrsite.com/membrane-filtration-technology-wastewater-treatment/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cAjiMapprxM

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Concentration polarization and fouling: Polarisation phenomena and fouling concentration polarization (liquid separations), Gel layer model, Osmotic pressure model, Boundary layer resistance model, Characteristic flux behaviour in pressure driven membrane operation (gas separation process), membrane fouling, methods to reduce fouling.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrating membrane fouling and their types.

**Applications:** Solving membrane fouling issues industrially.

Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.nature.com/articles/s41598-019-52369-1

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=g9y-WXTKh5Q

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Membranes and modules:** Isotropic membranes, anisotropic membranes, inorganic membranes, liquid membranes, hollow fibre membranes, membrane modules and their applications in the current world. Case study.

**Experiential Learning**: Demonstrating types of membrane modules and their functioning.

**Applications**: Industrially important membranes processes

Video Links/Any other special information:

https://synderfiltration.com/learning-center/articles/module-configurations-

nrocess	s/hollow-fiber-membranes/								
'	·								
https://	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pYzZ9zJpCoY								
Course	Course outcomes:								
CO1	History of membrane technology evaluation and practice.								
CO2	Explain Nanofiltration, Reverse osmosis, Dialysis, piezodialysis, electrodialysis,								
002	Pervaporation and membrane distillation.								
CO3	Design of Gas, Liquid and Ion exchange membranes in economical perspective								
CO4	Design of membranes, Membrane fouling, Methods to reduce fouling.								
CO5	Design of process modules and configurations of Membrane reactors for								
003	biotechnology.								
Text Bo	poks:								
1	Richard W. B. (2012). Membrane Technology and Applications 3rd Edition.								
1	(John Wiley & Sons, Ltd., United Kingdom).								
2	Li, N. N., Fane, A. G., Ho, W. W., & Matsuura, T. (Eds.). (2011). Advanced								
	membrane technology and applications. John Wiley & Sons.								
Referer	nce Books:								
1	Philip, C. Wankat. (2005). Rate-Controlled Separations (Springer).								
2	Ronald W Rousseau. (2008). Handbook of separation process technology.								
	(Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.).								
_	Web Link and Video Lectures:								
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103163/								

## Scheme of Evaluation:

Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each		30
i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Assignments (2 Nos.)		5X2=10
Journals/Progress notes		3X2=6
Semester End Examination	SEE	50
	(50)	
	Total	100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2									
CO2	3	3	3			2	2					1
CO3	3	3	3			2	2					1
CO4	3	3	3									
CO5	3	3	3			2	2					1

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTRY	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH732	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P :: 40:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Learn formulations, tablet and capsule making.

**Experiential Learning:**Glycerol trinitrate synthesis

**Applications**: Students will be able to understand the synthesis of Glycerol trinitrate and its medical uses.

Video Links/Any other special information: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/107/103107082/

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Preparation:** Test for purity and medical uses of Urea, ethylene diamine dihydrate, vanillin, and paraldehyde. **Preparation:** Test for purity and medical uses of lactic acid, citric acid, salicylic acid, saccharin sodium.

**Experiential Learning:** Urea synthesis

**Applications:** Students will be able to understand the synthesis of Urea and its applications

Video Links/Any other special information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/107/103107086/

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Preparation: Test for purity and medical uses of Ethyl borate, dimethyl phthalate, and aspirin.

**Experiential Learning:** Aspirin synthesis

**Applications**: Students will be able to understand the synthesis of aspirin and its medical uses.

## Video Links/Any other special information:

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/104103018/pdf/mod3.pdf

Course outcomes:					
CO1	Explain electrophilic substitution reaction, its kinetics and mechanism.				
CO2	Summarize mechanism & reactions of nucleophilic addition reaction				
CO3	Illustrate the rheology of fluid mixing				
CO4	Explain Preparation and Purity testing for compounds in medical application				
CO5	Outline preparation, purity test and uses of acidic & ethyl borate, dimethyl phthalate & Aspirin				

	Text Books:								
Ī	1	Jain, N. K. (Ed.). (2006). <i>Pharmaceutical product development</i> . CBS publishers &							
	T	distributors.							
Ī	2	Morisson, T.R. and Boyd,R. (1992). Organic Chemistry, 6th edition. Prentice Hall of							
	۷	India Pvt Ltd., New Delhi.							

Reference Books:							
1	Lachman, L., Lieberman, H. A., &Kanig, J. L. (1976). The theory and practice of						
	industrial pharmacy (pp. 210-212). Philadelphia: Lea &Febiger.						
2	Clayden, J., Greeves, N., Warren, S., &Wothers, P. (2001). Organic chemistry.						
	Web Link and Video Lectures:						
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/108/102108077/						
3	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/102/104102113/						
	https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc19/SEM2/noc19-bt23/						

## Scheme of Evaluation:

Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each		30
i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Assignments (2 Nos.)		5X2=10
Journals/Progress notes		3X2=6
Semester End Examination		50
Semester End Examination	(50)	
	Total	100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2										3	
CO2	2	2									3	
CO3	2	2									3	
CO4	2	2									3	

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	NOVEL SEPARATION TECHNIQUES	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH733	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:00:00	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 hrs

• identify the multiple factors influencing the choice of separation techniques.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0-H195JR5i0

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tATDFANzHOA

Module 3

RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3

8 Hours

**Surfactant Based Separations:** Fundamentals. surfactants at inter phases and in bulk. liquid membrane permeation. foam separations. micellar separations. **Vapour Deposition:** Chemical vapor deposition (CVD) basics, atmospheric pressure chemical vapor deposition (APCVD), low pressure chemical vapor deposition (LPCVD), plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition (PECVD), mass transfer control and reaction kinematics control.

**Experiential learning:** Learning about biosurfactants, demonstrate the plasma enhanced chemical vapor deposition by using NPTEL videos.

**Applications:** CVD has applications across a wide range of industries such as: coatings – coatings for a variety of applications such as wear resistance, corrosion resistance, high temperature protection, erosion protection and combinations thereof.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GIcVxvl7n84

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ukvs6Rct4w8

Module-4

RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3

8 Hours

**Super Critical Fluid Extraction**: Component of super critical fluid extraction (SFE), properties and modes of SFE, methods of developments of SFE, thermodynamics and physico chemical principles, process description, application, case study.

**Experiential learning:** A case study on supercritical fluid extraction versus traditional solvent extraction of caffeine from tea leaves.

**Applications:** The use of supercritical CO<sub>2</sub> as an extraction solvent for natural products is the oldest and the most developed process on an industrial scale, with applications especially in the food industry. decaffeination of coffee: this is the first example of the industrialization of supercritical fluids

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0RCsmoqRGBY

Module-5

RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3

8 Hours

**Mechanical**—**Physical Separation Process:** Introduction, classification, filtration in solid liquid separation. settling & sedimentation in particle fluid separation.

Other Separations: Separation by thermal diffusion, electrophoresis, crystallization.

Experiential learning: Identifying some examples related to solid-liquid separation in day-

to-day life.

**Applications:** Processes which depend primarily on physical forces to accomplish the desired separation of components are used quite commonly in most phases of the food industry. These processes are normally referred to as mechanical separations and include filtration, sedimentation, and centrifugation.

### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0WAc06ldbLs

Course Outcomes:										
CO1	Explain fundamentals of various types of advanced separation techniques.									
CO2	Understand the given industrial separation/problem and apply concepts of advanced separation techniques.									
CO3	Explore usage of alternative separation techniques to the existing ones.									
CO4	Analyse and design pervaporation, chromatography, and dialysis-based separation processes.									
CO5	Examine merits and limitations of novel separation techniques.									

Scheme of Evaluation:		
Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE	2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Assignment -2 Nos. /Presentation- 1 Nos	(50)	3X2=6
Mini Projects/ Case studies/ Journal Report - 2 Nos.		2X5=10
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
Total	1	100

Tex	t Books:						
1	Rousseau, R. W. (Ed.). (1987). Handbook of separation process technology. John						
1	Wiley & Sons.						
2	Geankoplis, C. J. (2003). Separation Process Principles.						
Ref	Reference Books:						
1	Staude, E. (1991). Marcel Mulder: basic principles of membrane technology.						
2	Wankat, P. C. (1990). Rate-controlled separations. Kluwer Academic Pub.						
3	Wankat, P. C. (1986). Lg Scale Adsorption & Chromatogrpahy. CRC-Press.						

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO <sub>4</sub>	PO5	РО	PO7	PO	PO9	PO1	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										
CO2	2	2	2									
CO3	2											
CO4	3		3									
CO5			3									

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	NANOFABRICATION	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH734	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L : T : P :: 40 : 00 : 00	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Understand knowledge on the basic concept of nano fabrication

Spray Pyrolysis

**Applications:** Physical technique used for synthesis of nanoparticles

Video link / Additional online information:

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HhGCNG2X8gQ
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z51R49OOqAA

Module-3 RBT Level: L-1, L-2, L3 8 Hours

Chemical methods: Chemical vapour deposition (CVD); plasma-enhanced CVD; low pressure plasma CVD; metalorganic CVD (MOCVD); photo-enhanced CVD; electron enhanced CVD; Laser induced CVD; atmospheric pressure CVD; reactive ion etching (RIE) molecular-beam epitaxy (MBE); chemical beam epitaxy (CBE); chemical bath deposition; electrochemical synthesis of nano structures. Sol- gel processing; fundamentals of sol-gel process; sol-gel synthesis methods for oxides; other inorganics and nano composites; the Pecheni method; silica gel; zirconia and Yttrium gel; aluminosilicate gel; polymer nano composites. Mechanochemistry: grinding and milling devices

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning:** Synthesis of cadmium sulphide nanoparticles by Sol-Gel Method

**Applications:** CVD processes widely use to deposit materials in various forms, including monocrystalline, polycrystalline, amorphous, and epitaxial.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z51R49OOqAA
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ULY7iprHlL

Module-4 RBT Level: L-1, L-2, L3 8 Hours

**Self-assembly:** Bottom-up approach. Self-assembly; self-assembled mono layers; directed assembly; layer-by-layer assembly; spontaneous formation & ordering of nano structures; nano-fluidics to build silicon devices with features comparable in size to DNA, proteins & other biological molecules; Langmuir Blodgett films; electrochemical self-assembly of oxide/dye composites. Self-assembled nano biomaterials; pattern definition; pallsin transfer; atomic & molecular manipulation; biomineralization; colloidal quantum dots; self-assembly techniques

**Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning**: Demonstrate the different self-assembly proceed

**Applications:** Self-assembly of nanostructures is a process where atoms, molecules or nanoscale building blocks spontaneously organize into ordered structures or patterns

with nanometer features without any human intervention. It is the most promising practical low-cost and high-throughput approach for nanofabrication

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mad7Tasw75s.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TgwpVGWL6dQ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KXAEYdzG9U

Module-5 RBT Level: L-1, L-2, L3 8 Hours

LITHOGRAPHIC TECHNIQUES: Top-down approach to nanolithography; immersion lithography, EUV photolithography; phase shifting masks; x-ray lithography, including plasma x-ray sources; e-beam and focused ion-beam lithography; photo resist technologies for the nano scale; metrology and defect inspection. Soft lithography; nano imprint lithography; wet etching, dry etching (isotropic, anisotropic), pattern growth techniques (polymerization, directed assembly). Proximal probe nano lithography; STM; AFM; resists & imaging layers for proximal probes

Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Demonstrate on Circuit fabrication by Manual Lithography Techniques

**Applications:** Lithography can be used to print text or artwork onto paper or other suitable material. Lithography originally used an image drawn with oil, fat, or wax onto the surface of a smooth, level lithographic limestone plate.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nUXDltQfqSA
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nioYljr3oV8
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=udXHWVejDj0

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Understand the concept of the nano Fabrication method
CO2	Apply the knowledge of physical techniques for synthesis of nano structure
CO3	Apply the knowledge of Chemical techniques for synthesis of nano structure
CO4	Develop of the basic self-assembly and the different types of processing
CO5	Understand the lithographic Techniques

#### **Text Books:**

Nalwa, H. S. (2004). *Encyclopedia of nanoscience and nanotechnology. Volume* 1, A-Ch. American scientific publishers.

#### Reference Books:

1 Fahrner, W. R. (2005). *Nanotechnology and nanoelectronics*. Springer-Verlag

	New York Incorporated.
2	Frank, J. Owens and Charles, P. Poole (2003). Introduction to Nanotechnology.
2	Wiley-IEEE.

	Wile	y-IEEE	·.										
					D	etails							Marks
	Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3												
Quizzes – 2 Nos.												<b>,</b>	2*2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Seminar presentation – 2 Nos.											CIE (50	J)	2*5=10
Mini Pro	Mini Projects/ Case studies/Assignments – 3 Nos.												3*2=6
Semeste	er Enc	d Exam	ninatio	n							SEE (5	50	
											Т	otal	100
СО-РО	Mapp	oing										I	
CO/P	0	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO1:	1 PO12
CO1	-	3	2					1					
CO2	)_	3	2	1			1	1					
CO3	3	3	2	1	-		1	1					
CO4	ļ	3	2	1	1	-	1	1					
CO5	5	3	2	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-		

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	COMPUTATIONAL FLUID DYNAMICS	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH741	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L : T : P :: 20: 0: 20	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To introduce Governing Equations of viscous fluid flows

Parabolic equations – Explicit and Implicit schemes – Example problems on elliptic and parabolic equations – Use of Finite Difference and Finite Volume methods

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate the different applications of finite difference and finite volume methods with some example.

**Application**: Finite Difference Method: It is difficult to satisfy conservation and to apply for irregular geometries

Finite Volume Method: It tends to be biased toward edges and one-dimensional physics.

### Video Links/Any other special information:

NPTEL: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vf0S\_1ZITuA

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_me82/preview

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=\_yNhPstPBOY

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WwgrAH-IMOk

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Solution algorithms**: Steady one-dimensional convection and diffusion – Central, upwind differencing schemes properties of discretization schemes – Conservativeness, Boundedness, Transportiveness, Hybrid, Power-law, QUICK Schemes.

**Experiential Learning**: Use Finite Difference and Finite Volume Methods in CFD Modelling **Application**: Central Upwind Scheme used for Solving Special Relativistic Hydrodynamic Equations

#### Video Links/Any other special information:

- 1.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A-GCsFw68jw
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-kfKaxWf0JY

3.https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wVgIJDrMpdQ

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Flow field analysis: Finite volume methods -Representation of the pressure gradient term and continuity equation – Staggered grid – Momentum equations – Pressure and Velocity corrections – Pressure Correction equation, SIMPLE algorithm and its variants – PISO Algorithms.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate the steps in SIMPLE Algorithm.

**Application:** In computational fluid dynamics (CFD), the SIMPLE algorithm is a widely used numerical procedure to solve the Navier–Stokes equations.

### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DYTg71UACfI

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ambbGRqMeJU

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KR74TQesUoQ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/105/112105254/

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Turbulence models, mixing length model, Two equation (k-E) models – High and low Reynolds number models – Structured Grid generation – Unstructured Grid generation – Mesh refinement – Adaptive mesh – Software tools

**Experiential Learning:** Tutorial on Mesh Generation on Different Geometries with increasing complexities.

**Application**: Applications in Fluid Mechanics, Heat Transfer related problems in Chemical Engineering

Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nOLsa9WnhlU

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zs-sDuoeTVA

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yGUg3WV3QLE

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112/105/112105254/

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Understand the concept of computational fluid dynamics and its application
CO2	Analyze the consistency, stability and convergence of various discretization schemes
	for parabolic, elliptic and hyperbolic partial differential equations.
CO3	Apply finite difference and finite volume methods to various chemical engineering problems.
CO4	Analyze variations of SIMPLE schemes for incompressible flows and variations of Flux Splitting algorithms for compressible flows.
CO5	Evaluate the grid sensitivity and analyse the accuracy of a numerical solution.

Text Bo	poks:										
1	Versteeg, H. K., &Malalasekera, W. (2007). An introduction to computational fluid										
	dynamics: the finite volume method. Pearson education.										
2	Muralidhar, K. and Sundararajan (Narosa), T. (2011). Computational Fluid Flow and										
	Heat Transfer 2 <sup>nd</sup> Edition.										
Refere	Reference Books:										
1	Patankar, S.V. (2004). Numerical Heat Transfer and Fluid Flow. (Hemisphere										

	Publishing Corporation).
2	Chung, T. J. (2002). <i>Computational fluid dynamics</i> . Cambridge university press.

## Scheme of Evaluation:

Details					
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$		30			
(Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30			
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4			
Assignments (2 Nos.)	1	5X2=10			
Journals/Progress notes		3X2=6			
Semester End Examination	SEE	50			
Seriester Eria Examination	(50)				
	Total	100			

CO-PO Mappin	g											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3			2							
CO2	3	3			2							
CO3	3	3	2		2							
CO4	3	3	2		2							
CO5	3	3			2							

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PROCESS ENGINEERING ECONOMICS	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH742	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L : T : P ::20:20:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

To study various phases in process design & development.

To determine cost involved in various processes.

Estimation of capital cost, alternative investments and replacement analysis.

To study direct, indirect expenses involved and profitability evaluation methods.

To study various financial statements, significance of financial ratios and cash flow diagram.

Module-1 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Process design development**: Overall planning of a plant, Feasibility studies and Material & energy balance, Equipment sizing and selection, Analysis of Process flow sheet, P & I diagram, Plant layout and location, Factors affecting plant design.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrating P&ID, Plant location and its feasibility.

**Applications:** Factors to be considered for plant selection and location.

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BzPTGWKLP7c

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8PZrEkTUqDI

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Cost analysis: Elements of project cost - cost information, Factors affecting investment & production cost, Estimation of capital investment, operation costs, project financing, Factors in capital investment, Estimation of working capital, cost index, taxes and insurance. Time value of money: Types of interests, Effective and nominal interest rates, present worth and discount.

**Experiential Learning:**Comparing different types of costs and their impact.

**Applications**: Able to understand the sequence of cost flow in any industry.

Finite Volume Method: It tends to be biased toward edges and one-dimensional physics.

### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=65PlvATnK1o

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nutIE5uGi5c&list=PLbMVogVj5nJS8aivkHJC\_5KMvYj7wMcvk&index=32

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Depreciation & taxes:** Types of Depreciation and calculation methods. **Profitability:** Profitability, Cash flow diagrams, break even analysis, measures of process profitability, methods of evaluation of profitability - Rate of return on investment, Discounted cash flow based on full-life performance, Net present worth, Capitalized costs, Payout period, Simplified model for economic analysis of process design.

Experiential Learning: Case study on economic analysis of a process design.

Applications: Detailed techno-economic analysis of any chemical process.

#### Video Links/Any other special information:

1 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1tOrhhjVjH0

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nutIE5uGi5c&list=PLbMVogVj5nJS8aivkHJC\_5KMvYj7wMcvk&index=32

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Replacements: Theory of replacements, causes for replacements types of replacements. Alternative investments: Theory of alternative investments and causes for the same. Optimum design and design strategy: Procedures for determining optimum conditions-Single and multi-variable procedures, Significance of breakeven chart for optimum analysis, Optimum rate of production- concept of minimum cost of the product, maximum cost of the product and case of maximum profit

**Experiential Learning:**: Case study on optimum conditions determination using any tool.

**Applications:** The application of optimum design and its strategy for process industries.

### Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wW9mejsHLvg

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nutIE5uGi5c&list=PLbMVogVj5nJS8aivkHJC\_5KMvYj7wM cvk&index=32

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Financial statements**: Introduction to financial statements, Cash flow diagrams, balance sheet and Break-even analysis.

**Equipment cost and design report:** Heat transfer equipment costs, Mass transfer equipment costs, Plate and packet towers, dryers, cost estimation for reactor equipment components, cost of piping.

**Design report:** Introduction to design of reports. Types of reports, Organization of report and purpose of report.

Experiential Learning: Cost-estimation of any simple chemical equipment.

**Applications**: Estimating the best cost with economic considerations for chemical process industries.

## Video Links/Any other special information:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=80vu5lxOluQ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Om24w\_EcWlE

Course	Course outcomes:									
CO1	Discuss basic aspects of process development and economics, process flow sheet.									
CO2	Explain the concepts of elements of project costing and time value of money.									
CO3	Calculate various cost elements and draw cash flow diagrams and economic analysis									
	of process design.									
CO4	Explain theory of replacements and alternative investments and determine optimum									
	cost and rate of product.									
CO5	Discuss financial statements, breakeven analysis and prepare design reports, and									
	determine equipment and piping costs.									
Text B	ooks:									
1	Banga, T.R. and Sharma, S.C. (1999). Industrial Organization & Engineering Economics									
-	22 <sup>nd</sup> Edition. (Khanna Publishers).									
2	Peters, M. S., Timmerhaus, K. D., & West, R. E. (2003). Plant design and economics for									
	chemical engineers (Vol. 4). New York: McGraw-Hill.									
Refere	nce Books:									
1	Happel, J. and Jordan, D.J. Chemical Process Economics. (Marcal Dekker Inc.) ISBN:									
_	0824761553, 2005.									
2	Web Link and Video Lectures:									
	https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103103039/									

### Scheme of Evaluation:

Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\Sigma$		30
(Marks Obtained in each test)/3	CIE	
Quizzes - 2Nos.	(50)	2X2=4
Assignments (2 Nos.)	(30)	5X2=10
Mini project/Case studies		3X2=6
Semester End Examination	SEE	50
Seriester Lita Examination	(50)	
	Total	100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3									
CO2	3	3	3									
CO3	3	3	3									
CO4	3	3	3			1		1				-
CO5	3	3	3							2	2	2

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PROCESS INTENSIFICATION	Semester	VI
Course Code	MVJ20CH743	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L: T: P:: 20 : 10 : 10	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam.	3 Hours
		Duration	

• To provide an understanding of the concept of Process Intensification.

Combined chemical reactor heat exchangers and reactor separators: Principles of operation; Applications, Reactive absorption, Reactive distillation, Applications of RD Processes, Fundamentals of Process Modelling, Reactive Extraction Case Studies: Absorption of NOx Coke Gas Purification.

Experiential Learning: Demonstration on Chemical reactor heat exchangers

**Applications:** Students will be able to understand the importance of chemical reactor heat exchanger, most chemical reactions are faster at higher temperatures and heat exchangers are frequently used to provide the heat necessary to increase the temperature of the reaction.

#### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/103103029/pdf/mod1.pdf

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Compact heat exchangers: Classification of compact heat exchangers, Plate heat exchangers, Spiral heat exchangers, Flow pattern, Heat transfer and pressure drop, Flat tube-and-fin heat exchangers, Micro channel heat exchangers, Phase-change heat transfer, Selection of heat exchanger technology, Feed/effluent heat exchangers, Integrated heat exchangers in separation processes.

Experiential Learning: Demonstration on Spiral heat exchanger

**Applications**: Students will be able to understand the various industrial process applications of spiral heat exchanger because they can perform tasks such as: pasteurization, digester heating, heat recovery, pre-heating and effluent cooling.

#### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc18/SEM2/noc18-me43/

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**Enhanced fields:** Energy based intensifications, Sono-chemistry, Basics of cavitation, Cavitation reactors, Nusselt flow model and mass transfer, The Rotating electrolytic Cell, Electrostatic fields, Sono crystallization, Supercritical fluids.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstration on Sonocrystallization.

**Applications:** Students can understand the modern technique which involves the application of ultrasound energy to control the nucleation and crystal growth of a crystallization process.

#### Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/103105060/Sde\_pdf/Module-10.pdf

#### Course outcomes:

CO1	Explain the concept of Dracess Internification and the methodologies for DI
COI	Explain the concept of Process Intensification and the methodologies for PI.
CO2	Explain the benefits of PI in the process industries.
CO3	Explain the operating principles of a number of intensified technologies.
CO4	Analyse the range of potential applications of intensified equipment.
CO5	Solve process challenges using intensification technologies
Text 1	Books:
	Reay, D. (2005). Re-Engineering the Chemical Processing Plant: Process
1	Intensification, Andrzej Stankiewicz, Jacob A. Moulijn (Eds.), Marcel Dekker, Inc
	(2003), p. 529, \$165, ISBN: 0 8247 4302 4.
2	Stankiewicz, A., Van Gerven, T., &Stefanidis, G. (2019). The fundamentals of process
۷	intensification. John Wiley & Sons.
Refer	ence Books:
1	Reay, D., Ramshaw, C., & Harvey, A. (2013). Process Intensification: Engineering for
т	efficiency, sustainability and flexibility. Butterworth-Heinemann.
	Boodhoo, K., & Harvey, A. (Eds.). (2013). Process intensification technologies for green
2	chemistry: engineering solutions for sustainable chemical processing. John Wiley &
	Sons.

Scheme of Evaluation		
Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each		70
i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course (1 in each module)		5X2=10
Assignments / Discussion of Journal papers - 3Nos.		3X2=6
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
	Total	100

СО-РО	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2											
CO2	3	2	2			2	2				2	3
CO3	3	2	2			2	2				2	3
CO4	3	2	2			2	2				2	3
CO5	3	2				2	2				2	3

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	MULTI-COMPONENT DISTILLATION	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH744	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L: T: P:: 20 : 10 : 10	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Understand the concept of distillation applicable to multi-component systems.

points (Azeotropic mixture).

**Applications:** To separate a multicomponent mixture with n components into n pure products through distillation, a sequence of distillation columns referred to as a distillation configuration is usually required.

# Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://www.osti.gov/servlets/purl/1433494

https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007%2Fs11814-007-0002-1

https://aiche.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/aic.690340411

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Thermodynamic Property Evaluation: Fundamental principles involved in the separation of multi component mixtures – Determination of bubble-point and Dew Point Temperatures for multi component mixtures – equilibrium flash distillation calculations for multi component mixtures – separation of multi component mixtures at total reflux.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstration of multiphase reactor which aims at improving chemical reaction by simultaneous product removal and evaluation of thermodynamic properties.

**Applications:** There are various reactions that satisfy this criterion, but this technology is applied only for etherification, esterification, and alkylation (synthesis of ethylbenzene or cumene) on an industrial scale.

# Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://www.nist.gov/publications/critical-evaluation-thermodynamic-properties-halobenzoic-acids-through-consistency

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Minimum Reflux Ratio for MCD System: General considerations in the design of columns – Column sequencing – Heuristics for column sequencing – Key components – Distributed components – Non-Distributed components -Adjacent keys. Definition of minimum reflux ratio – calculation of Rm for multi component distillation – Underwood method – Colburn method.

Experiential Learning: Studies on Evaluation of Optimum Reflux ratio using Underwood method.

**Applications:** Number of numerical methods have been developed. One of the most powerful techniques is the Underwood method and Colburn method to evaluate minimum and optimum reflux ratio for Multi component systems.

# Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://chequide.com/shortcut\_distillation.html

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

Various Types of MCD Columns: Design of sieve, bubble cap, valve trays and structured packing

columns for multi component distillation – computation of plate efficiencies.

**Experiential Learning**: Demonstration of various types of trays and packing materials used for designing Multi component distillation columns.

**Applications**: Helps to understand how to calculate the plate efficiencies and also design parameters for multi component and applications in petroleum refineries, petrochemical and chemical plants and natural gas processing plants.

# Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://aiche.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/abs/10.1002/aic.690170520#:~:text=In%20the%20design% 20of

%20the,the%20liquid%20leaving%20the%20plate

https://nitsri.ac.in/Department/Chemical%20Engineering/Distillation\_Notes-PartIV.pdf http://facstaff.cbu.edu/rprice/lectures/distill6.html

## Course outcomes:

CO1	Explain the concept of Phase equilibria in Multi component systems and its principles
CO2	Explain the various distillation processes and Phase behavior at constant pressure
CO3	Explain the evaluation of thermodynamic properties for multi component distillation.
CO4	Apply numerical methods for determining the minimum reflux ratio for MCD Systems.
CO5	Explain the various types of MCD Columns.

Text Books:			
1	Holland, C. D. (1981). Fundamentals of multicomponent distillation (Vol. 543). New		
	York: McGraw-Hill.		
2	Billet, R. (1979). Distillation engineering.		
Reference Books:			
1	King, C. J. (2013). Separation processes. Courier Corporation.		
2	Holland, C. D. (1966). Unsteady State Processes with Applications in		
	Multicomponent Distillation. Prentice-Hall.		

Scheme of Evaluation		
Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course (1 in each module)	-	5X2=10
Assignments / Discussion of Journal papers - 3Nos.		3X2=6
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
	Total	100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										
CO2	3	2										
CO3	3											
CO4	3	2										
CO5	3	2	1			-	1		1			

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	GREEN TECHNOLOGY	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH751	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Learn the tools of green technology

geothermal power plants case studies and environmental impact assessment.

**Experiential Learning**: Demonstration to Learn how to assess the solar energy potential of a site using a pyranometer.

Demonstration on working of Solar Water Heater.

**Applications**: Solar radiation can be captured and turned into useful forms of energy, such as heat and electricity, using a variety of technologies. solar radiation measurements are of primary interest for applications like site-specific solar resource assessments, PV performance evaluation, solar resource forecasting, and so on.

**Video Links:**https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/solar-radiation-basics https://www.hukseflux.com/applications/solar-energy-pv-system-performance-monitoring/how-to-measure-solar-radiation

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

Energy from biomass (bio-energy): Introduction, biomass conversion technologies, wet Processes, dry Processes, biogas generation, factors affecting bio digestion, types of biogas plants (KVIC model & Janata model), selection of site for biogas plant Bio Energy (Thermal Conversion): Methods for obtaining energy from biomass, thermal gasification of biomass, classification of biomass gasifiers, chemistry of the gasification process, applications of the gasifiers.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstration of an experiment to produce biogas from various sources of biomass using Bio methanation.

**Applications**: Biomass is renewable organic material that comes from plants and animals. Biomass contains stored chemical energy from the sun. Biomass can be burned directly for heat or converted to renewable liquid and gaseous fuels through various processes

**Video Links**:https://www.ovoenergy.com/guides/energy-sources/bio-fuels.html https://www.nrel.gov/research/re-biomass.html

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

**Wind Energy**: Introduction, basic components of WECS (Wind Energy Conversion system), classification of WEC systems, types of wind machines (Wind Energy Collectors), horizontal-axial machines and vertical axis machines. Ocean Thermal Energy:

OTEC-Introduction, ocean thermal electric conversion (OTEC), methods of ocean thermal electric power generation, open cycle OTEC system, the closed or Anderson, OTEC cycle, Hybrid cycle Energy from Tides: Basic principles of tidal power, components of tidal power plants, operation methods of utilization of tidal energy, advantages and limitations of tidal power generation

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstration of wind turbines and case studies on Wind energy.

**Applications:**OTEC is potentially capable to produce more energy than conventional tidal, wave, and wind energy combined. The OTEC technologies, in principle, is to turn warm surface water into steam, or used to heat another fluid into vapour and spins a turbine to produce electricity.

#### Video Links:

www.emsd.gov.hk/energyland/en/energy/renewable/otec.html#:~:text=It%20is%20believed %20that%20OTEC,a%20turbine%20to%20produce%20electricity.

http://otecokinawa.com/en/OTEC/index.html

Module-5   RBT Level: L1, L2   8 Hours
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**Hydrogen as a Fuel:** Introduction, methods of hydrogen production (principles only), storage transportation, utilization of hydrogen gas, hydrogen as alternative fuel for motor vehicle, safety and management, hydrogen technology development in India.

Application of Green Technology: Electronic waste management, bioprocesses, green composite materials, green construction technology Sustainability of industrial waste management: Case studies on cement industry, iron and steel industry, petroleum sectors, marble and granite industry, sugar industry

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate an experiment for production of hydrogen by downward displacement setup as a project in laboratory.

**Applications:** The use of hydrogen greatly reduces pollution. When hydrogen is combined with oxygen in a fuel cell, energy in the form of electricity is produced. This electricity can be used to power vehicles, as a heat source and for many other uses.

**Video Links**: https://www.cesa.org/wp-content/uploads/CESA-Lipman-H2-prod-storage-050311.pdf

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Hydrogen\_production

### Course outcomes:

CO1	Recall the fundamentals of various forms of energy
CO2	Explain the principles of various forms of renewable energy
CO3	Apply the concept of zero waste, atom economy for waste management
CO4	Create a waste management plan incorporating tools of green technology in
	various industries
CO5	Explain the various methods for Hydrogen production, storage, transportation and
005	utilization.

Text Bo	ooks:
1	Rai, G. D. (2004). Non-conventional energy resources. <i>Khpu Khanna, India, 369,</i> 331-337.
2	Twidell, J., & Weir, T. (2015). <i>Renewable energy resources</i> . Routledge.
Refere	nce Books:
1	Boyle, G. (1996). <i>Renewable energy: power for a sustainable future</i> (Vol. 2). Oxford University Press.
2	Everett, R., Boyle, G., Peake, S., & Ramage, J. (2012). <i>Energy systems and sustainability: power for a sustainable future.</i> Oxford Univerity Press.

Scheme of Evaluation:		
Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\Sigma$		30
(Marks Obtained in each test)/3		
Quizzes - 2Nos.	CIE	2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course (1 in each module)	(50)	5X2=10
Mini Projects/ Case studies- 2 Nos.		
Thirt rojects, case staates 2 ros.		3X2=6
Semester End Examination	SEE	50
Seriester Etta Examination	(50)	
Total	1	100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	1				1	2	1		1		
CO2	2	1				1	2					
CO3	1	2	1	2	1	3	3	3	2	1	1	
CO4	2	1	2	2			2			1	3	
CO5	2	1				1	2					

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	AIR POLLUTION AND CONTROL	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH752	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• Understand knowledge on the principles and design of control of indoor/particulate / gaseous air pollutant and its emerging trends.

Module-1 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**INTRODUCTION:** Structure and composition of Atmosphere – History of Air pollution and episodes, Causes of air pollution and types, Introduction to meteorology toxicology and transport of air pollution, Sources and classification of air pollutants - Effects of air pollutants on human health, vegetation & animals, Materials & Structures – Effects of air Pollutants on the atmosphere, Soil & Water bodies – Long- term effects on the planet – Global Climate Change, Ozone Holes – Ambient Air Quality and Emission Standards – Air Pollution Indices – Emission Inventories.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate the importance of controlling air pollution and emission standard.

**Applications:** Air quality can be measured based on the emission standard in different locations.

#### Video Links:

NPTEL: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XHy1eqJqzKk

NPTEL WEB CONTENT: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/102/105102089/

MIT LECTURE NOTE: https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/earth-atmospheric-and-planetary-sciences/12-335-experimental-atmospheric-chemistry-fall-2014/lecture-notes/

Module-2 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

AIR POLLUTION MONITORING AND MODELING: Physicochemical processes governing the spread of pollutants from point, non-point, line, and area sources; Generation, transport and decay of air pollutants; Mathematical Modelling of dynamics of pollutants, Ambient and Stack Sampling and Analysis of Particulate and Gaseous Pollutants - Effects of meteorology on Air Pollution - Fundamentals, Atmospheric stability, Inversion, Wind profiles and stack plume patterns- Transport & Dispersion of Air

Pollutants – Modelling Techniques – Air Sampling and monitoring methods.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate the modelling technique and air sampling methods.

**Applications:** Dispersion of air pollutant from chimney, in the air can be measured by wind profile and stack plume patterns.

## Video Links:

NPTEL WEB CONTENT: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/102/105102089/

NPTEL COURSE: https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_ch01/preview

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/104/105104099/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9uqQ6xaETZg

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

CONTROL OF PARTICULATE CONTAMINANTS: Factors affecting Selection of Control Equipment - Gas Particle Interaction, Working principle, Design and performance equations of Gravity Separators, cyclones, Fabric filters, Particulate Scrubbers, Electrostatic Precipitators - Operational Considerations - Process Control and Monitoring - Costing of APC equipment - Case studies for stationary and mobile sources.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate different device available for controlling particulate matter.

**Applications:** Gravity Separators, cyclones, Fabric filters, Particulate Scrubbers, Electrostatic Precipitators are used for controlling particulate matter in industry.

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/104/105104099/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5hKjurPjzwI

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**CONTROL OF GASEOUS CONTAMINANTS:** Control Equipment, Factors affecting Selection of Control Equipment - Working principle, Design operation and performance of absorption, Adsorption, condensation, Incineration, Bio scrubbers, Bio filters - Process control and Monitoring - Operational Considerations - Costing of APC Equipment - Case studies for stationary and mobile sources.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate different device available for controlling gaseous contaminant.

**Applications:** Adsorption, condensation, Incineration, Bio scrubbers, Bio filters are implemented in the industries for controlling gaseous pollutant.

#### Video Links:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/104/105104099/

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sR0U9h\_kMTw https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=sw\_GjLZ89aY

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

AUTOMOBILE AND NOISE POLLUTION: Vehicular Pollution: Automobile emission - Types of emissions - Exhaust emissions, evaporative emissions, crank-case emissions-Prevention and control of vehicular pollution. Noise Pollution: Sources and Effects of Noise Pollution - Measurement - Standards - Control and Preventive measures. Sources types and control of indoor air pollutants, sick building syndrome types - Radon Pollution and its control. Air pollution legislation and regulations. Case studies of a few industrial pollution control systems.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate the important of controlling automobile and noise pollution.

**Applications**: Air pollution legislation and regulation should be strictly followed to control the air pollution.

#### Video Links:

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tsvBXUQWAOU
- 2. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LyaVQBfVq7w
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/107/103107084/

Cours	Course outcomes:					
CO1	Explain the fundamentals of Atmospheric pollution and discuss the effects of Process Air Pollution.					
CO2	Discuss Air pollution monitoring and Mathematical modeling of dynamics of pollutants.					
CO3	Explain the control of particulate contaminants					
CO4	Explain the control of gaseous contaminants					
CO5	Discuss the automobile and noise pollution and the types of automobile emissions					

Text B	ooks:
1	Wang, L. K., Pereira, N. C., & Hung, Y. T. (Eds.). (2004). Air pollution control
	engineering (Vol. 1, pp. 157-165). Totowa, NJ: Humana press.
2	De Nevers, N. (2010). Air pollution control engineering. Waveland press.
Refere	ence Books:

1	David, H.F. Liu, Bela G. Liptak. (2000). <i>Air Pollution</i> , Lewis Publishers.
2	Anjaneyulu, Y. (2002). <i>Air Pollution &amp; Control Technologies,</i> Allied Publishers (P) Ltd. India.
3	Vallero, D. (2014). <i>Fundamentals of air pollution</i> . Academic press.

Details		Marks
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks		30
each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3		30
Quizzes - 2 Nos.	CIE (50)	2X2=4
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Assignment -2		3X2=6
Nos. /Presentation - 1 Nos		3/2-0
Mini Projects/ Case studies/ Journal Report - 2 Nos.		2X5=10
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50
Total		100

CO-PO N	lappin	ıg										
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2					3	3	3				
CO2	2	2				3	3	3				
CO3	2	2				3	3	3				
CO4	3	2				3	3	3				
CO5	2					3	3	3				

Course Title	NANOSCIENCE & NANOTECHNOLOGY	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH753	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::20:10:10	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours
Course objective is to:			

• Understand the behavior of various smart materials and its applications.

limitations

**Experiential Learning:** Synthesis of cadmium sulphide nanoparticles by Sol-Gel Method

**Applications**: Top down and bottom-up methods are used for synthesis of nano material.

## Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HhGCNG2X8gQ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Z51R49OOqAA

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ULY7iprHlLw

Module-3 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

**Nanomaterials:** Synthesis and Characterization: Introduction, basic nanostructures: CNTs, nanowires, nanocones; quantum dots, quantum dot nanocrystals, ultrananocrystalline diamond, diamondoids, nanocomposites, thin films, nanofoams, nanoclusters, smart nanostructures.

Characterization of Nano materials: Microscopy-Scanning tunnelling microscope, atomic force microscope, scanning electron microscopy, Field Emission Scanning Electron Microscopy, transmission electron microscopy, Environmental Scanning Electron Microscopy (ESEM) High Resolution Transmission Electron Microscope (HRTEM), Surface enhanced Raman Spectroscopy, X-ray diffraction technique, X ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy Surface area analysis, particle size analysis, gravimetric analysis.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate the different instruments used for characterization of mano material. Demonstrate the synthesis of Ceria Nanoparticles and Characterize using XRD and SEM analysis.

**Applications:** Understand various nano materials, synthesis methods. Characterization of prepared nanomaterial is required to determine the surface area, particle size and quantities based on its mass.

# Video Links/Any other special information (Papers):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lFYs3XDu4fQ

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=iiT\_KJJ1Uhs

https://www.ufe.cz/en/team/synthesis-and-characterization-nanomaterials

Module-4 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

Nanoscale Manufacturing: Nano manipulation, Nanolithography- Optical lithography, Photolithography, Dip pen nanolithography, Extreme UV Lithography, Electron beam

(e-beam) lithography, Epitaxial Growth: classical growth modes, techniques for epitaxy: Liquid Phase Epitaxy (LPE), Physical Vapor Deposition (PVD), Molecular Beam Epitaxy (MBE). Physical Vapor Deposition (PVD), Chemical Vapor Deposition (CVD), Self-Assembly

Experiential Learning: Circuit fabrication by Manual Lithography Techniques

**Applications**:Lithography can be used to print text or artwork onto paper or other suitable material. Lithography originally used an image drawn with oil, fat, or wax onto the surface of a smooth, level lithographic limestone plate.

## Video Links/Any other special information(Papers):

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nUXDltQfqSA

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nioYljr3oV8

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=udXHWVejDj0

Module-5 RBT Level: L1, L2 8 Hours

Application of Nanotechnology: Environment: remediation and mitigation using metal oxide nano particles, magnetic particles, Nanomembranes and nanofilters, Pollution prevention: nanocatalysis, environmental sensors Medicine and healthcare: diagnosis, biosensors, drug delivery, therapy Energy: Solar energy- Photovoltaics, Dye-sensitised solar cell, Quantum-dot- sensitized solar cells. Hydrogen energy-Hydrogen production and Hydrogen storage, hydrogen fuel cell, Energy Savings-Insulators and smart coatings, Energy- harvesting materials, Information and communication technologies: Integrated circuits, Data storage, Photonics, Displays, Information storage devices, Wireless sensing and communication.

**Experiential Learning:** Demonstrate the various application of nanotechnology in different sectors

**Applications:** Nanotechnology applied in various sector like remediation and mitigation of environmental pollution, medical and health care sector, hydrogen production etc.

# Video Links/Any other special information(Papers):

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/118/102/118102003/

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc19\_mm21/preview

### Course outcomes:

CO1	Understand the concept of nano and its opportunities in various fields								
CO2	Understa	and the ba	asic scie	ence of basi	ic nan	o techn	.ology		
CO3	Identify	various	nano	materials	and	recall	nano	materials	synthesis,

	characterization techniques
CO4	Identify various nano manufacturing techniques.
CO5	Understand the applications of Nano technology in various fields.

Text E	Books:
1	Varghese, P. I., & Pradeep, T. (2003). A textbook of nanoscience and
1	nanotechnology. Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
	Fiiipponi, L., & Sutherland, D. (Eds.). (2012). Nanotechnologies: principles,
2	applications, implications and hands-on activities: A compendium for
	educators. European Union, Directorate General for Research and Innovation.
3	Bandyopadhyay. K. Nano Materials (2007). New Age International Publishers;
3	First edition.
Refere	ence Books:
1	Callister, W. D. (2007). An introduction: material science and engineering. John
	Wiley and Sons Inc.
2	Hari, S.N. Nano-structured Materials and Nanotechnology, (2002), Gulf
	Professional Publishing, Academic Press.

Scheme of Evaluation							
Details							
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\sum$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3	30						
Quizzes – 3 Nos.	CIE (50)	3*2=6					
Activities/ Experimentations related to course/ Seminar presentation – 2 Nos.	CIL (30)	2*4=8					
Mini Projects/ Case studies/Assignments – 3 Nos.		3*2=6					
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50					
Total	1	100					

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	2										
CO2		3	3	2								
CO3		3	1	3								
CO4			3									
CO5		3	1	2								

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CH754	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L:T:P::40:0:0	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 hrs

• Understand solid waste management from an environmental public health perspective.

## Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/103/105103205/

Module-3

RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3

8 Hours

**PROCESSING TECHNIQUES**: Mechanical volume reduction. Thermal volume reduction.

Component separation. Land filling and land forming. Deep well injection.

Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Landfill in a Bottle

**Applications**: Students will understand how household/college waste breaks down in a landfill, recognize the impact of waste on the environment

#### Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/120/108/120108005/

Module-4 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**MATERIAL RECOVERY:** Mechanical size alteration. Electromagnetic separation. Drying and dewatering. Other material recovery systems. Recovery of biological conversion products. Recovery of thermal conversion products.

**ENERGY RECOVERY**: Energy recovery systems and efficiency factors. Determination of output and efficiency. Details of energy recovery systems. Combustion incineration and heat recovery. Gasification and pyrolysis. Refuse derived fuels (RDF).

Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Safe combustion reaction

**Applications:** Students learn about chemistry, chemical reactions  $\theta$  energy by studying combustion reactions

#### Video link / Additional online information:

http://cpheeo.gov.in/upload/uploadfiles/files/chap15(1).pdf

Module-5 RBT Levels: L1, L2, L3 8 Hours

**HAZARDOUS WASTES:**Classification. Origin and reduction at source. Collection and handling. Management issues and planning methods. Environmental Acts.

CASE STUDIES: Major industries and management methods used in typical industries – Coal fired power stations, textile industry, oil refinery, distillery, sugar industry, radioactive and e-waste generation units.

Laboratory Sessions/ Experimental learning: Minimizing the hazardous waste in the laboratories

**Applications**: Students can understand the chemical management to minimize the generation of hazardous waste that might adversely affect the environment

## Video link / Additional online information:

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/106/105106056/

Scheme of Evaluation:					
Details					
Average of three Internal Assessment (IA) Tests of 30 Marks each i.e., $\Sigma$ (Marks Obtained in each test)/3	CIE	30			
Quizzes - 2Nos.	(50)	2X2=4			
Activities/ Experimentations related to course (1 in each module)	(30)	5X2=10			
Mini Projects/ Case studies - 3Nos.		3X2=6			
Semester End Examination	SEE	50			
Serrester Ena Examination	(50)				
	Total	100			

Cour	se Outcomes:
CO1	Explain the physical and chemical characteristics of solid waste and Interpret the
	various techniques involved in reduction of solid waste.
CO2	Explain the various handling, storage, processing, collection, transfer & transport
002	techniques involved in solid waste management
CO3	Explain the various handling and processing techniques involved in solid waste
	management.
CO4	Demonstrate the different techniques involved in material and energy recovery
004	from solid waste
CO5	Explain various techniques to handle hazardous waste and outline the case study
	on solid waste management with respect to various chemical industries.

Text I	Books:					
1	George Tchobanoglous et al., Integrated Solid Waste Management,2ndedn,					
	McGraw Hill & Co, 1993.					
2	Dutta et al. Industrial Solid Waste Management and Land Filling Practice, Narosa					
	Publishing House, 1999					
Refer	ence Books:					
1	Sastry C.A. et al, Waste Treatment Plants, Narosa Publishing House, 1995.					
2	Lagrega, Hazardous Waste Management, McGraw Hill, 1994					
3	Lagrega, Hazardous Waste Management, McGraw Hill, 1994					

Web Link and Video Lectures:
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/120108005/
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/103/105103205/
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/106/105106056/
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/105/105/105105160/

CO-PO MAPPING												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	1										2	
CO2	2					3	3	2			2	
CO3	2					3	3	2			2	
CO4	3	2				3	3	2			2	
CO5	2					3	3	2			2	

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PROCESS CONTROL LAB	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CHL76	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	40 L: T: P:: 0: 10: 30	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	3	Total	100
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To verify experimentally the process control concepts studied in theory.

15	Characteristics of flapper nozzle system	L1, L2, L3, L4	3						
Course outcomes:									
CO1	Explain properties of particulate solids, handling and mixing of solid particles.								
CO2	Analyse principles and different types of size reduction equipment's like crushers, grinders etc.								
CO3	Evaluate the effectiveness of screening, filtration, sedimentation, of solids etc.								
CO4	Evaluate energy requirements in solids handling, agitation and mixing, solid conveying and storage.								
CO5	Conduct experiments on some of the basic unit operations such as separation size reduction.								

Scheme of Evaluation		
Details		Marks
Regular Lab Work		20
Record Writing	CIE	5
Lab Test (minimum 2 tests shall be conducted for 15 marks and average of two will be taken)	(50)	15
Viva		10
Write up		10
Conduction	SEE	20
Analysis of results	(50)	10
Viva		10
Total	1	100

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO3	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO4	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO5	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	CHEMICAL PROCESS SIMULATION LAB	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CHL77	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	20	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	3 L:T:P::0:10:10	Total	100
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

Students will learn to use commercial process simulator for solving chemical process in chemical engineering operations.

The following experiments are to be carried out; the data are to be analysed based on the theoretical aspects and recorded with comments.

Sl No	Experiment Name	RBT Level	Hours
1.	Introduction to suggested software available (flow sheeting)	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
2.	2. Simulation of Shell and Tube Heat Exchanger	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
3.	3. Simulation of Centrifugal Pump/Compressor	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
4.	4. Simulation of Flash drum/Separator	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
5.	5. Simulation of single stream gas heater/cooler	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
6.	6. Simulation of CSTR for liquid phase reaction	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
7.	7. Simulation of Distillation Column	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
8.	8. Mixing of ideal liquid streams	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
9.	9. Generation of VLE data of binary component system	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
10.	10. Determination of equilibrium conversion of reversible reactions	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
11.	11. Material balance on reactor based on yield/conversion data	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	12. Process simulation study involving mixing, reactor,	L1, L2, L3, L4	3
	distillation, heat exchanger for any of the following:		
12.	a) Ethylene Glycol from Ethylene oxide		
	b) Atmospheric distillation of crude oil		
	c) Propylene Glycol from Propylene oxide		

	d) Aromatic stripper with recycle stream (Benzene,								
	Toluene, Xylene)								
	e) Styrene from Ethyl Benzene								
Note	2:								
•	Minimum of 10 experiments are to be conducted and all	10 experimen	ts are to						
	included for practical examination.								
Cou	rse outcomes:								
CO1	Distinguish simulation from design of equipment.								
CO2	Explain simulation of unit operations used in various chen	nical engineer	ing						
	operations.								

Use simulation tools to verify and analyze chemical processes, and to

Understand the application of simulation and data processing in chemical

Understand process simulation study of industrially important chemical

# Scheme of Evaluation:

processes

engineering

determine optimal solutions.

CO3

CO4

CO5

Details	Marks		
Daily Evaluation		30	
Internal Assessment	CIE (50)	10	
Project Based Experiment		10	
Semester End Examination	SEE (50)	50	
	Total	100	

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	3	3	3		3							
CO2	3	3	3		3							1
CO3	3	3	3		3							2
CO4	3	3	3		3							2
CO5	3	3	3		3							2

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PROJECT PHASE – I	Semester	VII
Course Code	MVJ20CHP78	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	60 L : T : P :: 0 : 0 : 60	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	4	Total	100
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To support independent learning.

completion of the project work, Project report, Presentation and Demonstration of the actual/model/prototype of the project.

Semester End Examination: SEE marks for the project (50 marks) shall be based on Project report, Presentation and Demonstration of the actual/model/prototype of the project, as per the norms by the examiners appointed

#### CO-PO Mapping CO/PO PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12 CO1 CO2 CO3 CO4 CO5

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	PROJECT PHASE – II	Semester	VIII
Course Code	MVJ20CHP83	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	240 L : T : P :: 0 : 0 : 240	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	16	Total	100
Credits	8	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To support independent learning.

completion of the project work, Project report, Presentation and Demonstration of the actual/model/prototype of the project.

Semester End Examination: SEE marks for the project (50 marks) shall be based on Project report, Presentation and Demonstration of the actual/model/prototype of the project, as per the norms by the examiners appointed

CO-PO Mapping												
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	INTERNSHIP	Semester	VIII
Course Code	MVJ20CHI84	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	Industrial Oriented	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	-	Total	100
Credits	3	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To get the field exposure and experience

СО-РО	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	SEMINAR	Semester	VIII
Course Code	MVJ20CHS85	CIE	50
Total No. of Contact Hours	30 L:T:P::0:0:30	SEE	50
No. of Contact Hours/week	2	Total	100
Credits	1	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To inculcate self-learning, face audience confidently, enhance communication skill, involve in group discussion and present and exchange ideas.

**Seminar:** Each student, under the guidance of a Faculty, is required to choose, preferably, a recent topic of his/her interest relevant to the course of specialization. Carryout literature survey; organize the Course topics in a systematic order.

be conducted by a panel of examiners consisting of seminar supervisor, a senior faculty from the department and head of the department.

СО-РО	CO-PO Mapping											
CO/PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2
CO5	2	2	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	2	2

High-3, Medium-2, Low-1

Course Title	CERTIFICATION	Semester	VIII
Course Code	MVJ20CHC86	CIE	-
Total No. of Contact Hours	-	SEE	-
No. of Contact Hours/week	-	Total	-
Credits	2	Exam. Duration	3 Hours

• To inculcate self-learning enhance the skill in different field of Engineering

**Certification:** Each student, under the guidance of a Faculty, is required to undergo online certification course minimum of 30 hours (number of courses is not limited) preferably, a recent topic of his/her interest. Each student should submit the Course details and Qualification Certificates at the end of semester.

Course outcomes: At the end of the course the student will be able to:		
	CO1	Develop knowledge in different fields of Engineering
	CO2	Develop the skills to enable life-long learning.